

$$1). \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - \frac{dy}{dx} - 2y = 8$$

$$m^2 - m - 2 = 0$$

$$m_1 = 2 \quad \& \quad m_2 = -1$$

C.F

$$y = Ae^{2x} + Be^{-x}$$

$$P-I \Rightarrow y = C$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 0$$

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = 0$$

$$0 - 0 - 2C = 8$$

$$C = -4$$

G.S

$$y = Ae^{2x} + Be^{-x} - 4$$

$$2). \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - 4y = 10e^{3x}$$

$$m^2 - 4 = 0 \Rightarrow m = \pm\sqrt{4}$$

$$m = \pm 2$$

C.F

$$y = Ae^{2x} + Be^{-2x}$$

P.I

$$y = Ce^{3x}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 3Ce^{3x}$$

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = 9Ce^{3x}$$

$$9Ce^{3x} + 0(3Ce^{3x}) - 4(Ce^{3x}) = 10e^{3x}$$

$$9Ce^{3x} - 4Ce^{3x} = 10e^{3x}$$

$e^{3x}$  cancels out.

$$9C - 4C = 10$$

$$C = \frac{10}{5}$$

$$C = 2$$

$$y = 2e^{3x}$$

G.S

$$y = Ae^{2x} + Be^{-2x} + 2e^{3x}$$

$$3). \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + \frac{2dy}{dx} + y = e^{-2x}$$

$$m^2 + 2m + 1 = 0$$

$$x_1 = -1 \quad \& \quad x_2 = -1$$

C.F

$$y = Ae^{-x} + Be^x$$

P.I

$$y = Ce^{-2x}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = -2Ce^{-2x}$$

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = 4Ce^{-2x}$$

$$4Ce^{-2x} + 2(-2Ce^{-2x}) + Ce^{-2x} = e^{-2x}$$

$$4Ce^{-2x} - 4Ce^{-2x} + Ce^{-2x} = e^{-2x}$$

$$C = 1$$

$$y = e^{-2x}$$

G.S

$$y = Ae^{-x} + Be^x + e^{-2x}$$

$$5). \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - 2\frac{dy}{dx} + y = 4\sin x$$

$$m^2 - 2m + 1 = 0$$

$$m = 1 \text{ twice}$$

C.F

$$y = e^x(A\cos x + B\sin x)$$

P.I

$$y = C\cos x + B\sin x$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = -C\sin x + B\cos x$$

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = -C\cos x - B\sin x$$

$$-C\cos x - B\sin x - 2(-C\sin x + B\cos x) + C\cos x + B\sin x = 4\sin x$$

$$-C\cos x - B\sin x + 2C\sin x - 2B\cos x + C\cos x + B\sin x = 4\sin x$$

$$2C\sin x - 2B\cos x = 4\sin x$$

Comparing coefficients.

$$2C = 4$$

$$C = 2$$

$$-2B = 0$$

$$B = 0$$

$$y = 2\cos x + 0\sin x$$

$$y = 2\cos x$$

G.S

$$y = e^x(A\cos x + B\sin x) + 2\cos x.$$

$$4) \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 25y = 5x^2 + 2e$$

$$m^2 + 25 = 0 \Rightarrow m = \pm\sqrt{25}$$

$$m = \pm 5$$

C.F

$$y = Ae^{5x} + Be^{-5x}$$

P.I

$$y = Cx^2 + Dx + E + Fx + G$$

$$y = Cx^2 + x(D+F) + (E+G)$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 2Cx + (D+F)$$

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = 2C$$

Take  $D+F = N$  &  $E+G = P$

$$2C + 25Cx^2 + 25Nx + 25P = 5x^2 + 2e$$

Comparing coefficients.

$$25C = 5$$

$$C = \frac{1}{5}$$

$$25N = 1$$

$$N = \frac{1}{25}$$

$$2C + 25P = 0$$

$$2(\frac{1}{5}) + 25P = 0$$

$$25P = -\frac{2}{5}$$

$$P = -\frac{2}{125}$$

④ Contd.

$$y = \frac{1}{5}x^2 + \frac{1}{25}x - \frac{2}{125}$$

$$y = 0.25x^2 + 0.04x - 0.016$$

Q.5

$$y = Ae^{5x} + Be^{-5x} + 0.25x^2 + 0.04x - 0.016$$

$$6) \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 4\frac{dy}{dx} + 5y = 2e^{-2x}$$

$$m^2 + 4m + 5 = 0$$

$$m_1 = -2 + i \quad m_2 = -2 - i$$

C.F

$$y = e^{-2x}(A\cos x + B\sin x)$$

P.I

$$y = Cxe^{-2x}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = -2Cxe^{-2x} + Ce^{-2x}$$

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = 4Cxe^{-2x} - 2Ce^{-2x} - 2Ce^{-2x}$$
$$= 4Cxe^{-2x} - 4Ce^{-2x}$$

$$4Cxe^{-2x} - 4Ce^{-2x} + 4(-2Cxe^{-2x} + Ce^{-2x}) + 5(Cxe^{-2x}) = 2e^{-2x}$$

$$4Cxe^{-2x} - 4Ce^{-2x} - 8Cxe^{-2x} + 4Ce^{-2x} + 5Cxe^{-2x} = 2e^{-2x}$$

$$9Cxe^{-2x} - 8Cxe^{-2x} = 2e^{-2x}$$

$$Cxe^{-2x} = 2e^{-2x}$$

$$C = 2$$

$$y = 2e^{-2x}$$

Q.5

$$y = e^{-2x}(A\cos x + B\sin x) + 2e^{-2x}$$

At  $x=0$  &  $y=1$

$$1 = e^{-2(0)} [A\cos(0) + B\sin(0)] + 2e^{-2(0)}$$

$$1 = A + 2 \Rightarrow A = -1$$

At  $x=0$  &  $\frac{dy}{dx} = 2$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = -2e^{-2x}(A\cos x + B\sin x) + e^{-2x}(A\sin x + B\cos x) - 4e^{-2x}$$

6). Contd.

$$2 = -2e^{-2x} [A \cos(x) + B \sin(x)] + e^{-2x} [A \sin(x) + B \cos(x)] - 4e^{-2x}$$

$$2 = -2A + B - 4 \quad \text{Recall } A = -1$$

$$2 = 2 + B - 4$$

$$B = 4$$

Therefore G.S will be

$$y = e^{-2x} (-\cos x + 4 \sin x) + 2e^{-2x}$$

$$7). \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - 2\frac{dy}{dx} - y = 2x - 3$$

$$m^2 - 2m - 1 = 0$$

$$m_1 = 1 + \sqrt{2}, \quad m_2 = 1 - \sqrt{2}$$

C.F

$$y = Ae^{(1+\sqrt{2})x} + Be^{(1-\sqrt{2})x}$$

P.I

$$y = Cx + D + E$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = C$$

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = 0$$

$$-2C - Cx - (D + E) = 2x - 3$$

$$\text{Let } D + E = K$$

$$-2C - Cx - K = 2x - 3$$

Comparing coefficients

$$C = -2$$

$$-2C - K = -3$$

$$-2(-2) - K = -3$$

$$-K = -7$$

$$K = 7$$

$$y = -2x + 7 \Rightarrow y = 7 - 2x$$

G.S

$$y = Ae^{(1+\sqrt{2})x} + Be^{(1-\sqrt{2})x} + 7 - 2x$$

8).

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - 6\frac{dy}{dx} + 8y = 8e^{4x}$$

$$m^2 - 6m + 8 = 0$$

$$m_1 = 4 \quad \& \quad m_2 = 2$$

C.F

$$y = Ae^{4x} + Be^{2x}$$

P.I

$$y = Cxe^{4x}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 4Cxe^{4x} + Ce^{4x}$$

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = 16Cxe^{4x} + 4Ce^{4x} + 4Ce^{4x}$$

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - 6\frac{dy}{dx} + 8y = 8e^{4x}$$

$$16Cxe^{4x} + 8C - 6(4Cxe^{4x} + Ce^{4x}) + 8Cxe^{4x} = 8e^{4x}$$

$$16Cx + 8C - 24Cx - 6C + 8Cx = 8$$

$$24Cx - 24Cx + 8C - 6C = 8$$

$$2C = 8$$

$$C = 4$$

$$y = 4xe^{4x}$$

G.S

$$y = Ae^{4x} + Be^{2x} + 4xe^{4x}$$