

EZEIRUAKU CHUKWUKA

14/ENG01/019

CHEMICAL ENGINEERING

CHE 531

### Assignment I

Given that  $y(0) = 5$  and  $\dot{y}(0) = 7$

$$\text{Solve } \frac{d^2 y}{dt^2} - 3 \frac{dy}{dt} + 2y = 2e^{3t}$$

Soln

$$\mathcal{L} \left[ \frac{d^2 y}{dt^2} \right] = s^2 y(s) - s y(0) - \dot{y}(0)$$

$$\mathcal{L} \left[ \frac{dy}{dt} \right] = s y(s) - y(0)$$

$$\mathcal{L} [y] = y(s)$$

$$\mathcal{L} [e^{3t}] = \frac{1}{s-3}$$

$$\mathcal{L} \left[ \frac{d^2 y}{dt^2} \right] - 3 \mathcal{L} \left[ \frac{dy}{dt} \right] + 2 \mathcal{L} [y] = 2 \mathcal{L} [e^{3t}]$$

$$s^2 y(s) - 3s y(s) - \dot{y}(0) - 3[s y(s) - y(0)] + 2y(s) = \frac{2}{s-3} \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

$s^2 y(s)$  Given that  $y(0) = 5$  and  $\dot{y}(0) = 7$ , substitute into eqn (1)

$$s^2 y(s) - 5s - 7 - 3s y(s) + 15 + 2y(s) = \frac{2}{s-3}$$

Collecting like terms

$$s^2 y(s) - 3s y(s) + 2y(s) - 5s + 8 = \frac{2}{s-3}$$

$$y(s) \left[ s^2 - 3s + 2 \right] = \frac{2}{s-3} + 5s - 8$$

$$y(s) = \frac{2}{s-3} + \frac{5s-8}{s^2-3s+2}$$

$$y(s) = \frac{2 + 5s(s-3) - 8(s-3)}{(s-3)(s^2-3s+2)}$$

$$y(s) = \frac{2 + 5s^2 - 15s - 8s + 24}{(s-3)(s^2-3s+2)}$$

$$Y(s) = \frac{5s^2 - 23s + 26}{s-3} \times \frac{1}{s^2 - 3s + 2}$$

Finding the roots of  $5s^2 - 23s + 26$  and  $s^2 - 3s + 2$ , we have

$$Y(s) = \frac{(5s-13)(s-2)}{(s-3)} \times \frac{1}{(s-2)(s-1)}$$

$$Y(s) = \frac{(5s-13)}{(s-3)(s-1)}$$

Using partial fraction

$$Y(s) = \frac{5s-13}{(s-3)(s-1)} = \frac{A}{s-3} + \frac{B}{s-1}$$

$$= \frac{A(s-1) + B(s-3)}{(s-3)(s-1)}$$

$$Y(s) = \frac{5s-13}{(s-3)(s-1)} = \frac{As - A + Bs - 3B}{(s-3)(s-1)}$$

$$5s - 13 = As + Bs - A - 3B$$

Equating coefficients and constants

$$5 = A + B \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

$$13 = A + 3B \quad \text{--- (2)}$$

$$A + B = 5 \quad \text{--- (3)}$$

$$A + 3B = 13 \quad \text{--- (4)}$$

Subtract eqn (3) from (4)

$$2B = 8$$

$$B = 4$$

Substitute  $B=4$  into eqn (3)

$$A + 4 = 5$$

$$A = 1$$

$$Y(s) = \frac{1}{s-3} + \frac{4}{s-1}$$

We then find Laplace inverse

$$Y(t) = \mathcal{L}^{-1}[Y(s)] = \mathcal{L}^{-1}\left[\frac{1}{s-3}\right] + 4 \mathcal{L}^{-1}\left[\frac{1}{s-1}\right]$$

$$y(t) = e^{3t} + 4e^t$$