

ASSIGNMENT 2

$$y = \sin t - t \cos t$$

$$x = \cos t + t \sin t$$

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = \cos t - (-t \sin t + \cos t)$$

$$= \cos t + t \sin t - \cos t$$

$$= \cos t - \cos t + t \sin t$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \underline{\underline{t \sin t}}$$

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = -\sin t + (t \cos t + \sin t)$$

$$= -\sin t + t \cos t + \sin t$$

$$= t \cos t - \sin t + \sin t$$

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = \underline{\underline{t \cos t}}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{dy}{dt} \times \frac{dt}{dx} = \frac{t \sin t}{t \cos t} = \tan t$$

$$\frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} = \frac{d(\tan t)}{dt} \times \frac{dt}{dx}$$

$$= \sec^2 t \times \frac{1}{t \cos t}$$

$$= \frac{1}{t} \times \frac{1}{\cos^2 t} = t^{-1} \sec^3 t$$

$$\therefore \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} = t^{-1} \sec^3 t$$

$$R = \left(1 + \frac{\left(\frac{dy}{dx} \right)^2}{\frac{d^2 y}{dx^2}} \right)^{3/2}$$

$$= \frac{\left(1 + (\tan t)^2 \right)^{3/2}}{t^{-1} \sec^3 t}$$

$$R = \frac{\left(1 + \tan^2 t \right)^{3/2}}{t^{-1} \sec^3 t}$$

$$R = \frac{(\sec t)^{2 \times 3/2}}{t^{-1} \sec^3 t}$$

Centre of Curvature

$$x_1 = h + R \sin \theta$$

$$h = x_1 - R \sin \theta$$

$$k = y_1 + R \cos \theta$$

$$\theta = \tan^{-1} \left\{ \frac{dy}{dx} \right\}$$

$$\theta = \tan^{-1} [t \sec t]$$

$$\theta = t$$

$$x_1 = \cos t + t \sin t$$

$$h = \cos t + t \sin t - (t) \sin t$$

$$h = \cos t + t \sin t - t \sin t$$

$$h = \underline{\underline{\cos t}}$$

$$k = y_1 + R \cos \theta$$

$$y_1 = \sin t - t \cos t$$

$$k = \sin t - t \cos t + (t) \cos t$$

$$k = \sin t - t \cos t + t \cos t$$

$$k = \sin t$$

Centre of curvature $c = (\cos t, \sin t)$