

NAME : SOKUNBI FARID
DEPT : CIVIL ENGINEERING
MATRIC NO : 16/ENG03/051

$$x = \cos t + t \sin t$$

$$y = \sin t - t \cos t$$

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = -\sin t + \sin t + t \cos t$$

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = t \cos t \quad \frac{dt}{dx} = \frac{1}{t \cos t}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = \cos t - \cos t + t \sin t$$

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = t \sin t$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{dy}{dt} \times \frac{dt}{dx}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = t \sin t \times \frac{1}{t \cos t}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{t \sin t}{t \cos t}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \tan t$$

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = \sec^2 t \frac{dt}{dx}$$

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = \sec^2 t \times \frac{1}{t \cos t} = \frac{\sec^2 t}{t \cos t}$$

$$\text{Radius of Curvature} = \frac{\left(1 + \left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)^2\right)^{3/2}}{\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}}$$

$$R = \frac{\left(1 + \tan^2 t\right)^{3/2}}{\sec^2 t}$$

$$\frac{\sec^2 t}{t \cos t}$$

$$R = \frac{\left(\sec^2 t\right)^{3/2}}{\sec^2 t}$$

$$\frac{\sec^2 t}{t \cos t}$$

$$R = \sec^3 t \div \frac{\sec^2 t}{t \cos t}$$

$$t \cos t$$

$$R = \frac{\sec^3 t \times t \cos t}{\sec^2 t}$$

$$R = \sec t \times t \cos t$$

$$\text{Recall } \sec t = \frac{1}{\cos t}$$

$$R = \frac{1}{\cos t} \times t \cos t$$

$$R = t$$

$$h = x_1 + R \sin t$$

$$k = y_1 + R \cos t$$

$$h = \cos t + t \sin t$$

$$h = \cos t$$

$$k = \sin t - t \cos t + t \cos t$$

$$k = \sin t$$

Coordinate (Cost, Sinit)