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$$1) \frac{dy}{dx} - 2y = 8$$

$$m^2 - m - 2 = 0$$

$$m = 2 \text{ or } m = -1$$

$$y = Ae^{2x} + Be^{-x}$$

$$y = c$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 0 \quad \frac{dy}{dx} = 0$$

$$-2c = 8$$

$$c = -4$$

General solution = $Ae^{2x} + Be^{-x} + (-4)$

$$\Rightarrow y = Ae^{2x} + Be^{-x} - 4$$

$$2) \frac{dy}{dx} - 4y = 10e^{3x}$$

$$m^2 - 4 = 0$$

$$m^2 = 4$$

$$m = \pm 2$$

$y = Ae^{2x} + Be^{-2x}$

$$y = Ce^{3x}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 3Ce^{3x}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 3Ce^{3x}$$

$$3Ce^{3x} - 4Ce^{3x} = 10e^{3x}$$

$$3c - 4c = 10$$

$$-c = 10$$

$$c = -10$$

$$y = 2e^{3x}$$

General solution = $y = Ae^{2x} + Be^{-2x} + 2e^{3x}$

$$2) \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 2\frac{dy}{dx} + y = e^{-2x}$$

$$m^2 + 2m + 1 = 0$$

$$m_1 = -1 \quad m_2 = -1$$

$$y = e^{-2x} \{A + Bx\}$$

$$y = ce^{-2x} \quad \frac{dy}{dx} = -2ce^{-2x} \quad \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = 4ce^{-2x}$$

$$4ce^{-2x} - 4ce^{-2x} + ce^{-2x} = e^{-2x}$$

$$4c - 4c + c = 1$$

$$c = 1$$

$$y = e^{-2x}$$

$$\text{General solution } \Rightarrow y = e^{-2x} \{A + Bx\} + e^{-2x}$$

$$3) \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 2\frac{dy}{dx} = 5x^2 + 1$$

$$y \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} = 2 \frac{dy}{dx} + y = \tan x$$

$$m^2 - 2m + 1 = 0$$

$$m_1 = 1$$

$$y = e^x \{ A + Bx \}$$

$$y = C \cos x + D \sin x \quad \frac{dy}{dx} = -C \sin x + D \cos x$$

$$\frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} = -C \cos x - D \sin x$$

$$-C \cos x - D \sin x + 2C \sin x - 2D \cos x + C \cos x + D \sin x = \tan x$$

$$-C \cos x - 2D \cos x + C \cos x = 0$$

$$-C - 2D + C = 0$$

$$-2D = 0$$

$$D = 0$$

$$-D \sin x + 2C \sin x + D \sin x = \tan x$$

$$-D + 2C + D = 4$$

$$2C = 4$$

$$C = 2$$

$$y = 2 \cos x$$

$$\text{General solution} \Rightarrow y = e^x \{ A + Bx \} + 2 \cos x$$

$$m^2 + 4m + 5 = 0$$

$$m = -2 \pm i$$

$$y = e^{-2x} \{ A \cos x + B \sin x \}$$

$$y = \cos x$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = (-2e^{-2x}) \{ A \cos x + B \sin x \} + e^{-2x} \{ -A \sin x + B \cos x \}$$

$$= -2Ae^{-2x} \cos x - 2Be^{-2x} \sin x + e^{-2x} (-A \sin x + B \cos x)$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = -2A \cos x - 2B \sin x - A \sin x + B \cos x$$

$$= 4C \cos x - 2A \sin x - 2B \sin x$$

$$= 4C \cos x - 4C$$

$$4C \cos x - 4C - 4C + 4C - 4C \cos x - 4C \cos x + 4C \cos x + 4C \cos x = 2$$

$$4C - 4C + 4C - 8C \cos x - 8C \cos x = 2$$

$$-9C = 0$$

$$C = 0$$

$$y = 0$$

General solution is $y = e^{-2x} \{ A \cos x + B \sin x \}$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = e^{-2x} \{ -A \sin x + B \cos x \} + (-2e^{-2x}) \{ A \cos x + B \sin x \}$$

$$-2 = 1 \{ 0 + B \} - 2 \{ A + 0 \} \Rightarrow -2 = B - 2A$$

$$B - 2A = -2$$

$$B = -2 + 2A$$

$$1 = A, B = 2$$

Particular solution is $e^{-2x} \{ \cos x \}$

$$3 \frac{dy}{dx} - 2 \frac{dy}{dx} - 1y = 2x - 3$$

$$3m^2 - 2m - 1 = 0$$

$$m_1 = 1 \quad m_2 = -\frac{1}{3}$$

$$y = 4e^x + Be^{\frac{1}{3}x}$$

$$y = Cx + D \quad \frac{dy}{dx} = C \quad \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = 0$$

$$-2C - Cx - D = 2x - 3$$

$$-Cx = +2x$$

$$C = -2$$

$$-2C - D = -3$$

$$-2(-2) - D = -3$$

$$4 - D = -3$$

$$-D = -7$$

$$D = 7$$

$$y = -2x + 7$$

General solution:

$$y = 4e^x + Be^{\frac{1}{3}x} - 2x + 7.$$

$$D) \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - 6\frac{dy}{dx} + 8y = 8e^{4x}$$

$$m^2 - 6m + 8 = 0$$

$$m_1 = 4 \quad m_2 = 2$$

$$y = Ae^{4x} + Be^{2x}$$

$$y = Ce^{4x} \quad \therefore y = Cxe^{4x}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = Cx \cdot 4e^{4x} + e^{4x} \cdot C = 4Cxe^{4x} + Ce^{4x}$$

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = Cx \cdot 16e^{4x} + 4e^{4x} \cdot C + e^{4x} \cdot 0 + C \cdot 4e^{4x}$$

$$= 16Cxe^{4x} + 4Ce^{4x} + 4Ce^{4x}$$

$$= 16Cxe^{4x} + 8Ce^{4x}$$

$$16C\pi^4 - P(4C\pi e^{4x} + Ce^{4x}) + K\pi e^{4x} = 8e^{4x}$$

$$16C\pi e^{4x} - 24C\pi e^{4x} - 6C\pi e^{4x} + K\pi e^{4x} = 8e^{4x}$$

$$16C\pi - 24C\pi - 6C\pi + K\pi = 8$$

$$16C\pi - 24C\pi + K\pi = 8$$

$$-6C\pi = 8$$

$$C = -\frac{8}{6\pi}$$

f

$$y = -\frac{8}{6\pi} e^{4x}$$

General solution:

$$y = A e^{4x} + B e^{4x} - \frac{8}{6\pi} e^{4x}$$

$$4) \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} + 25y = 5x^2 + x$$

$$n = \pm j5$$

$$y = A \cos 5x + B \sin 5x$$

$$y = Cx^2 + Dx + E \quad \frac{dy}{dx} = 2Cx + D \quad \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} = 2C$$

$$2C + 25Cx^2 + 25Dx + 25E = 5x^2 + x$$

$$25Cx^2 = 5x^2$$

$$25Dx = 1x$$

$$25E + 2C = 0$$

$$C = \frac{1}{5}$$

$$D = \frac{1}{25}$$

$$25E = -2 \left(\frac{1}{5} \right)$$

$$E = \frac{-2 \times 1}{5 \times 25}$$

$$E = \frac{-2}{105}$$

$$y = \frac{1}{5}x^2 + \frac{1}{25}x + \left(\frac{-2}{105} \right)$$

General solution:

$$y = A \cos 5x + B \sin 5x + \frac{1}{5}x^2 + \frac{1}{25}x - \frac{2}{105}$$