

15/ENG06/035

$$D \frac{dy}{dt} + 4y + 5y = 6 \sin \theta$$

$$y'' + 4y' + 5y = 6 \sin \theta$$

$$k^2 + 4k + 5 = 0$$

$$k^2 + 4k = -5$$

$$k^2 + 4k + 2^2 = -5 + 2^2$$

$$(k+2)^2 = -1$$

$$(k+2) = \pm \sqrt{-1}$$

$$k+2 = \pm i$$

$$k = \pm i - 2$$

$$k_1 = +i - 2$$

$$k_2 = -i - 2$$

$$y_1 = C_1 e^{(-2+i)\theta} + C_2 e^{(-2-i)\theta}$$

$$y_{ii} = C_3 e^{-2\theta + i\theta} + C_4 e^{-2\theta - i\theta}$$

$$y_{ii} = e^{-2\theta} [C_3 e^{i\theta} + C_4 e^{-i\theta}]$$

$$y_{ii} = e^{-2\theta} [C_5 e^{i\theta} + C_6 e^{-i\theta}]$$

$$y_{ii} = e^{-2\theta} [A e^{i\theta} + B e^{-i\theta}]$$

$$y_{ii} = e^{-2\theta} [A \cos \theta + B \sin \theta]$$

$$y_i = A \cos \theta + B \sin \theta$$

$$y_i' = -A \sin \theta + B \cos \theta$$

$$y_i'' = -A \cos \theta - B \sin \theta$$

$$y_i'' + 4y_i' + 5y_i = 6 \sin \theta$$

$$-A \cos \theta - B \sin \theta + 4(-A \sin \theta + B \cos \theta) + 5(A \cos \theta + B \sin \theta) = 6 \sin \theta$$

$$(-A \cos \theta - B \sin \theta - 4A \sin \theta + 4B \cos \theta + 5A \cos \theta + 5B \sin \theta) = 6 \sin \theta$$

$$(-A \cos \theta + 4B \cos \theta + 5A \cos \theta) + (-B \sin \theta - 4A \sin \theta + 5B \sin \theta) = 6 \sin \theta$$

$$(-A + 4B + 5A) \cos \theta + (-B - 4A + 5B) \sin \theta = 6 \sin \theta$$

$$(4A + 4B) \cos \theta + (-4A + 4B) \sin \theta = 6 \sin \theta$$

$$4A + 4B = 0$$

$$-4A + 4B = 6$$

$$8B = 6$$

$$B = \frac{6}{8} = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$-4A + 4B = 6$$

$$8B = 6$$

$$B = \frac{6}{8} = \frac{3}{4}$$

Recall that  $4A + 4B = 0$

$$4A + 4B = 0$$

$$4A + 4B = 0$$

$$A = -\frac{3}{4}$$

$$y_p = -\frac{3}{4} \cos \theta + \frac{3}{4} \sin \theta$$

$$y = y_h + y_p$$

$$y = e^{-2\theta} [A \cos \theta + B \sin \theta] + \frac{3}{4} \sin \theta - \frac{3}{4} \cos \theta$$

cos  $\theta$

ii) steady state equation

$$y_p' = 0$$

$$y_p' = \frac{3}{4} \cos \theta + \frac{3}{4} \sin \theta = 0$$

$$\frac{3}{4} \cos \theta + \frac{3}{4} \sin \theta = 0$$

$$\frac{3}{4} \cos \theta = -\frac{3}{4} \sin \theta$$

$$\frac{\cos \theta}{\cos \theta} = \frac{-\sin \theta}{\cos \theta}$$

$$\cos \theta = -\sin \theta$$

$$1 = -\tan \theta$$

$$\tan \theta = -1$$