

ΣΚΡΟΥΣΕ ΣΕ ΕΜΜΑΝΟΥΗΛ  
15/ΕΠΓ03/009  
300L

### Assignment

$$1) \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} - \frac{dy}{dx} - 2y = 8$$

$$m^2 - m - 2 = 0, \quad m = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

$$m = \frac{+1 \pm \sqrt{(-1)^2 - 4(1)(-2)}}{2(1)}$$

$$m = \frac{1 \pm \sqrt{9}}{2} = m_1 = 2, \quad m_2 = -1$$

$$y = Ae^{m_1 x} + Be^{m_2 x}$$

$$C.F. = Ae^{2x} + Be^{-x}$$

$$P.I. = y = c, \quad \frac{dy}{dx} = 0, \quad \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} = 0$$

$$0 - 0 - 2(c) = 8$$

$$-2c = 8$$

$$c = -4$$

$$P.I. : y = 4$$

$$C.S. = C.F. + P.I.$$

$$C.S. = y = Ae^{2x} + Be^{-x} - 4$$

$$2) \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} - 4y = 10e^{3x}$$

$$m^2 - 4 = 0$$

$$m^2 = 4$$

$$m_1 = 2, \quad m_2 = -2$$

$$C.F. : y = A \cosh 2x + B \sinh 2x$$

$$P.I. = y = ce^{3x}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 3ce^{3x}, \quad \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} = 9ce^{3x}$$

$$9ce^{3x} - 4(ce^{3x}) = 10e^{3x}$$

$$9c - 4c = 10$$

$$5c = 10, \quad c = 2e^{3x}; \quad P.I. = y = 2e^{3x}$$

$$C.S. : y = A \cosh 2x + B \sinh 2x + 2e^{3x}$$

$$3) \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} + 2 \frac{dy}{dx} + y = e^{-2x}$$

$$m^2 + 2m + 1 = 0$$

$$(m+1)(m+1)$$

$$m = -1 \text{ Twice}$$

$$\text{C.F.} = y = e^{-x}(A+Bx)$$

$$\text{P.I.} : y = ce^{-2x}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = -2ce^{-2x}, \quad \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} = 4ce^{-2x}$$

$$4ce^{-2x} + 2(-2ce^{-2x}) + ce^{-2x} = e^{-2x}$$

$$4c - 4c + c = 1$$

$$c = 1$$

$$\text{P.I.} : y = 1e^{-2x}$$

$$\text{C.S.} = y = e^{-x}(A+Bx) + e^{-2x}$$

$$4) \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} + 25y = 5x^2 + x$$

$$m^2 + 25 = 0$$

$$m^2 = -25$$

$$m = 5j$$

$$\text{C.F.} : y = e^{5x}(A \cos 5x + B \sin 5x)$$

$$\text{P.I.} : y = (x^2 + Dx + E)$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 2Cx + D, \quad \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} = 2C$$

$$2C + 25(x^2 + Dx + E) = 5x^2 + x$$

$$2C + 25E = 0$$

$$C = \frac{5}{25} = \frac{1}{5}$$

$$D = \frac{1}{25}, \quad E = \frac{1}{5} \times \frac{1}{25} = \frac{1}{125}$$

$$\text{C.S.} : y = e^{5x}(A \cos 5x + B \sin 5x) + \frac{1}{5}x^2 + \frac{1}{25}x - \frac{1}{125}$$

$$y = A \cos 5x + B \sin 5x + \left(x^2 + \frac{1}{5}x - \frac{1}{125}\right) \frac{1}{5}$$

$$c) \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - 2\frac{dy}{dx} + y = 4\sin x$$

$$m^2 - 2m + 1 = 0$$

$$(x-1)(x-1)$$

$$x = 1 \text{ Twice}$$

$$C.F = y = e^x(A+Bx)$$

$$P.I = y = C(\cos x) + D(\sin x)$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = -C\sin x + D\cos x; \quad \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = -(C\cos x - D\sin x)$$

$$-(C\cos x - D\sin x) + 2C\sin x - 2D\cos x + C\cos x + D\sin x = 4\sin x$$

$$\cos x(-C-2D+C) + \sin x(D-2C+D) = 4\sin x$$

$$-2D = 0$$

$$x = 4 \quad C = 2$$

$$P.I = y = 2\cos x + 0; \quad G.S: y = e^x(A+Bx) + 2\cos x$$

$$e) \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 4\frac{dy}{dx} + 5y = 2e^{-2x}$$

$$\text{When } x=0, y=1 \text{ and } \frac{dy}{dx} = -2$$

$$m^2 + 4m + 5 = 0$$

$$m = \frac{-4 \pm \sqrt{16-20}}{2}$$

$$m = \frac{-4 \pm \sqrt{-4}}{2}, \quad m = \frac{-4 \pm 2i}{2} = -2 \pm i$$

$$\alpha = -2, \quad \beta = 1$$

$$C.F = y = e^{-2x}(A\cos(x) + B\sin(x))$$

$$P.I = y = Ce^{-2x}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = -2Ce^{-2x}, \quad \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = 4Ce^{-2x}$$

$$4Ce^{-2x} - 8Ce^{-2x} + 5Ce^{-2x} = 2$$

$$C = 2$$

$$P.I = 2e^{-2x}$$

$$G.S: y = e^{-2x}(A\cos(x) + B\sin(x)) + 2e^{-2x}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = e^{-2x}(-A\sin x + B\cos x) + (-2e^{-2x}(A\cos x + B\sin x)) + (-4e^{-2x})$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = e^{-2x}(-A\sin x + B\cos x) - 2e^{-2x}(A\cos x + B\sin x) - 4e^{-2x}$$

where  $x=0, y=1$  &  $\frac{dy}{dx} = -2$

$$1 = e^{-2(0)}(A\cos(0) + B\sin(0)) + 2e^{-2(0)}$$

$$1 = 1(A) + 2$$

$$A = -1$$

$$-2 = e^{-2(0)}(-A\sin(0) + B\cos(0)) + 2e^{-2(0)}$$

$$1 = 1(A) + 2$$

$$A = -1$$

$$-2 = e^{-2(0)}(-A\sin(0) + B\cos(0)) - 2e^{-2(0)}(A\cos(0) + B\sin(0)) - 4e^{-2(0)}$$

$$-2 = 1(B) - 1(A) - 4 = -2 = B - 1 - 4$$

$$B = 5$$

$$\text{G.S. : } y = e^{-2x}(-\cos 2x - 5\sin 2x) + 2e^{-2x}$$

$$7) \frac{3d^2y}{dx^2} - 2\frac{dy}{dx} - y = 2x - 3$$

$$3m^2 - 2m - 1 = 0$$

$$(m-1)(3m+1)$$

$$m_1 = 1, m_2 = -\frac{1}{3}$$

$$\text{C.F. } y = Ae^x + Be^{-x/3}$$

$$\text{P.I. } y = c_1 + c_2 x$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = c, \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = 0$$

$$3(c_1) - 2(c_2) - c_1 - 0 = 2x - 3$$

$$-2c_1 - c_2 - 0 = 2x - 3$$

$$-c_1 = 2x, c_1 = -2x$$

$$-2(-2) - 0 = 3$$

$$4 - 0 = 3$$

$$4 - 0 = 3$$

$$0 = 7$$

$$\text{P.I. } y = -2x + 7$$

$$\text{G.S. } y = Ae^x + Be^{-x/3} - 2x + 7$$

$$8) \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - 6\frac{dy}{dx} + 8y = 4e^{4x}$$

$$m^2 - 6m + 8 = 0$$

$$(m-4)(m-2)$$

$$m_1 = 4, m_2 = 2$$

$$\text{C.F. } y = Ae^{4x} + Be^{2x}$$

$$\text{P.I. } y = Ce^{4x}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 4Ce^{4x}, \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = 16Ce^{4x}$$

$$16Ce^{4x} - 6(4Ce^{4x}) + 8(Ce^{4x}) = 4e^{4x}$$

$$16C - 24C + 8C = 4$$

$$0C = 4$$

$$C = 0$$

$$\text{G.S. } y = Ae^{4x} + Be^{2x}$$