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CIVIL ENGINEERING

16/ENG03/004

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Civil Engineering

16/EN603/004

ENG 281

Assignment

$$x = \cos t + t \sin t$$

$$y = \sin t - t \cos t$$

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = -\sin t + \sin t + t \cos t$$

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = t \cos t \quad \frac{dt}{dx} = \frac{1}{t \cos t}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = \cos t - \cos t + t \sin t$$

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = t \sin t$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{dy}{dt} \times \frac{dt}{dx}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{t \sin t}{t \cos t}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \tan t$$

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = \sec^2 t \times \frac{dt}{dx}$$

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = \sec^2 t \times \frac{1}{t \cos t} = \frac{\sec^2 t}{t \cos t}$$

$$\text{Radius of curvature} = \frac{(1 + (\frac{dy}{dx})^2)^{3/2}}{\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}}$$

$$R = \frac{(1 + \tan^2 t)^{3/2}}{\frac{\sec^2 t}{t \cos t}}$$

$$R = \frac{(\sec^2 t)^{3/2}}{t \cos t}$$

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$$A = \sec^2 t \div \sec^2 t$$

$t \cos t$

$$B = \sec^2 t \times t \cos t$$

$\sec^2 t$

$$A = \sec t \times t \cos t$$

Recall that $\sec t = \frac{1}{\cos t}$

$$A = 1 \times t \cos t$$

$\cos t$

$$A = t$$

$$h = x_1 - A \sin t$$

$$k = y_1 + A \cos t$$

$$h = \cos t + t \sin t - t \sin t$$

$$h = \cos t$$

$$k = \sin t - t \cos t + t \cos t$$

$\sin t$

coordinate $(\cos t, \sin t)$

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