

AYEOLA OLAJIDE ABDUL-HAFEEZ

15/ENG07/008

CHEMICAL ENGINEERING

ENG 381: ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS

ASSIGNMENT TWO

AMEER OLADIDE ABDUL-HAFIZ

15/06/2022

CHEMICAL ENGINEERING

ENG 331:- ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS III

Q11

1) The model of a system is given as in Equation as in Equation (01)

$$\frac{d^2y}{dt^2} + 4 \frac{dy}{dt} + 5y = 6\sin\theta$$

i) Obtain an Equation for y as a function of θ

Sol

$$\text{Let } 6\sin\theta = 0$$

$$\frac{d^2y}{dt^2} + 4 \frac{dy}{dt} + 5y = 0$$

$$m^2 + 4m + 5 = 0$$

$$m = -2 \pm i$$

hence

Complementary function; $y = e^{-2\theta} (A\cos\theta + B\sin\theta)$

To obtain our particular integral

$$\text{P.I. } y = C\cos\theta + D\sin\theta$$

$$\frac{dy}{d\theta} = -C\sin\theta + D\cos\theta$$

$$\frac{d^2y}{d\theta^2} = -C\cos\theta - D\sin\theta$$

Substit all of the above in the original Equation.

$$-C\cos\theta - D\sin\theta + 4(-C\sin\theta + D\cos\theta) + 5(C\cos\theta + D\sin\theta) = 6\sin\theta$$

$$-C\cos\theta - D\sin\theta - 4C\sin\theta + 4D\cos\theta + 5C\cos\theta + 5D\sin\theta = 6\sin\theta$$

$$-C\cos\theta + 4D\cos\theta + 5C\cos\theta - D\sin\theta - 4C\sin\theta + 5D\sin\theta = 6\sin\theta$$

$$\cos\theta(4C + 4D) + \sin\theta(4D - 4C) = 6\sin\theta$$

Comparing Coefficients

$$\begin{aligned} 4D - 4C &= 6 & \dots (i) \\ 4D + 4C &= 0 & \dots (ii) \end{aligned}$$

$$8D = 6$$

$$D = \frac{6}{8} = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$\text{Steady } D = \frac{3}{4} \text{ m/s } \text{ eq. (2)}$$

$$4\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) - 4C = 6$$

$$-4C = 6 - 3$$

$$-4C = 3$$

$$C = -\frac{3}{4}$$

∴ our P.I; $y = C \cos \theta + D \sin \theta$

$$y = \frac{3}{4} \cos \theta - \frac{3}{4} \sin \theta$$

∴ G.S = P.I + C.F

$$y = \frac{3}{4} \cos \theta - \frac{3}{4} \sin \theta + e^{-2\theta} (A \cos \theta + B \sin \theta)$$

(ii) Steady State $\frac{dy}{dt} = 0$

$$\text{when } \frac{dy}{dt} = -C \sin \theta + D \cos \theta$$

$$0 = -C \sin \theta + D \cos \theta$$

$$-\frac{3}{4} \sin \theta = \frac{3}{4} \cos \theta$$

$$\frac{3}{4}$$

$$-1 = \frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta}$$

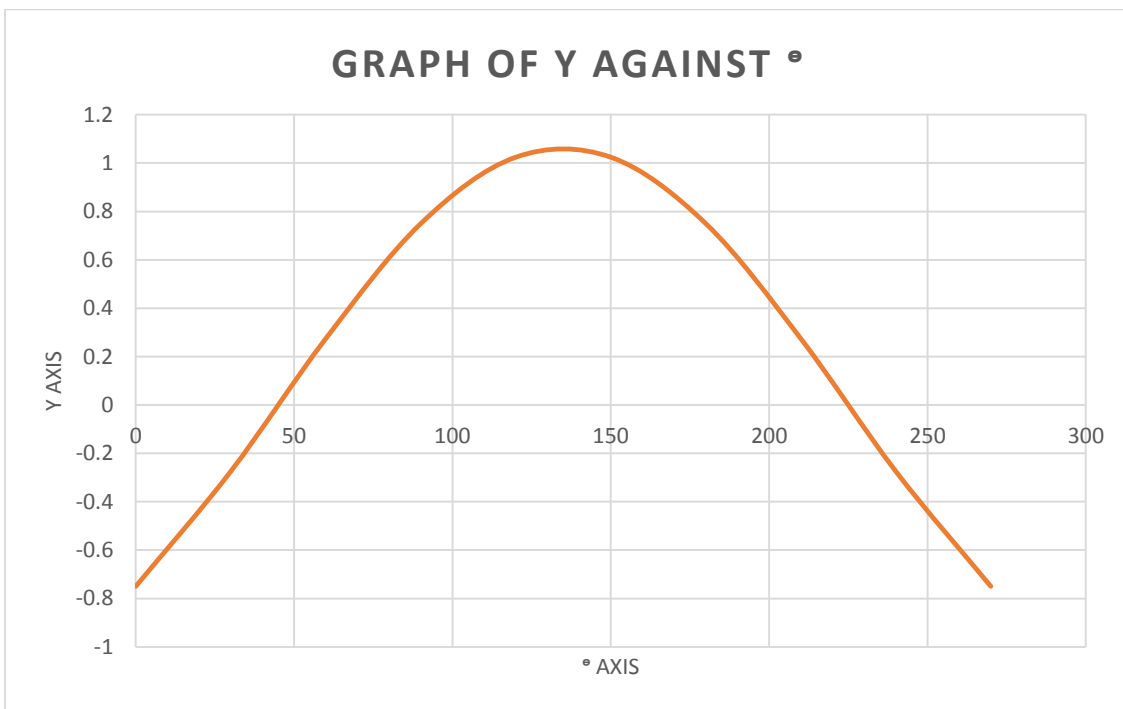
$$\tan \theta = -1$$

$$\theta = \tan^{-1}(-1)$$

$$\theta = -45^\circ$$

Hence the value of $\theta = -45^\circ$

θ	y
0	-0.75
30	-0.27452
60	0.274519
90	0.75
120	1.024519
150	1.024519
180	0.75
210	0.274519
240	-0.27452
270	-0.75



$$2) \quad EI \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} = \frac{W}{2} (L-x)^2$$

$$EI \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} = \frac{W}{2} (L^2 - 2Lx + x^2)$$

$$\text{Let R.H.S} = 0$$

$$EI \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} = 0$$

$$m^2 = 0$$

$$m = \pm 0$$

hence our complementary function is given as

$$y = e^{0x} (A + Bx)$$

$$y = A + Bx$$

To obtain our particular integral.

$$y = Kx^2 + Lx^3 + mx^4$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 2Kx + 3Lx^2 + 4mx^3$$

$$\frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} = 2K + 6Lx + 12mx^2$$

$L =$ length of beam.

$L =$ constant.

Substituting all of the above into the original equation.

$$EI (2K + 6Lx + 12Mx^2) = \frac{W}{2} (L^2 - 2Lx + x^2)$$

$$2(2KEI + 6LEIx + 12EIMx^2) = W(L^2 - 2Lx + x^2)$$

$$4KEI + 12LEIx + 24EIMx^2 = W(L^2 - 2Lx + x^2)$$

Comparing Co-efficients

$$W = 24EIM$$

$$M = \frac{W}{24EI} \quad \dots \quad (A)$$

$$12LEIx = -2WL$$

$$L = \frac{-2WL}{12EI} = \frac{-WL}{6EI} \quad \dots \quad (A8)$$

$$4KEI = 0$$

$$4KEI = WL^2$$

$$K = \frac{WL^2}{4EI} \quad \dots \quad (A9)$$

Substituting all of the above in the original equation

$$y = \left(\frac{WL^2}{4EI} \right) x^2 - \left(\frac{WL}{6EI} \right) x^3 + \left(\frac{W}{24EI} \right) x^4$$

$$y = \frac{WL^2 x^2}{4EI} - \frac{WL x^3}{6EI} + \frac{W x^4}{24EI}$$

$$y = \frac{6WL^2 x^2 - 4WL x^3 + W x^4}{24EI}$$

$$y = \frac{W}{24EI} (6L^2 x^2 - 4L x^3 + x^4)$$

Now on G.S;

$$y = P.I + C.F$$

$$y = A + Bx + \frac{W}{24EI} (6L^2 x^2 - 4L x^3 + x^4)$$

$$\text{When } y=0, x=0, \frac{dy}{dx} = 0$$

$$0 = A + B(0) + \frac{W}{24EI} (6L^2(0) - 4L(0)^3 + 0^4)$$

$$A = 0$$

For B,

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = B + \frac{W}{24EI} (12L^2 x - 12L x^2 + 4x^3)$$

$$0 = B + \frac{W}{24EI} (12L^2(0) - 12L(0)^2 + 4(0)^3)$$

$$0 = B$$

$$\therefore B = 0$$

Now to obtain the value expression for y when $x=L$.

$$y = A + Bx + \frac{W}{24EI} (6L^2 x^2 - 4L x^3 + x^4)$$

$$y = \frac{w}{24Et} (6L^2 - L^2 - 4L^2 + L^2)$$

$$y = \frac{w}{24Et} (6L^2 - 4L^2 + L^2)$$

$$y = \frac{w}{24Et} \cdot 3L^2$$

$$y = \frac{wL^2}{8Et} \quad \text{Q.E.D}$$