

# 15/ENG06/017

## CHIEJINA ARNOLD

Question 1

$$\frac{d^2y}{d\theta} + 4\frac{dy}{d\theta} + 5y = 6\sin\theta \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

$$M^2 + 4M + 5 = 0$$

$$\frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

$$\frac{-4 \pm \sqrt{(4)^2 - 4 \times 1 \times 5}}{2 \times 1}$$

$$\frac{-4 \pm \sqrt{16 - 20}}{2} = \frac{-4 \pm \sqrt{-4}}{2}$$

$$\frac{-4 \pm \sqrt{1} \sqrt{4}}{2} = \frac{-4 \pm 2j}{2}$$

$$-2 \pm j$$

$$M_1 = -2 + j \quad M_2 = -2 - j$$

$$CF: y = e^{-2\theta} (C \cos\theta + D \sin\theta)$$

$$PI: y = C \cos\theta + D \sin\theta$$

$$\frac{dy}{d\theta} = -C \sin\theta + D \cos\theta \quad \text{--- (ii)}$$

$$\frac{d^2y}{d\theta} = \cancel{4C \cos\theta} \cancel{4D \sin\theta} = -C \cos\theta - D \sin\theta \quad \text{--- (iii)}$$

~~substitute  $\frac{d^2y}{d\theta}$  into~~

Substitute (ii) and (iii) into (1)

$$-C \cos\theta - D \sin\theta + 4(-C \sin\theta + D \cos\theta) + 5(C \cos\theta + D \sin\theta) = 6 \sin\theta$$

$$-C \cos\theta - D \sin\theta - 4C \sin\theta + 4D \cos\theta + 5C \cos\theta + 5D \sin\theta = 6 \sin\theta$$

$$(-C \cos\theta + 4D \cos\theta + 5C \cos\theta - D \sin\theta - 4C \sin\theta + 5D \sin\theta) = 6 \sin\theta$$

$$\cos\theta (-C + 4D + 5C) + \sin\theta (-D - 4C + 5D) = 6 \sin\theta$$

$$\cos\theta (4D + 4C) + \sin\theta (-4C + 4D) = 6 \sin\theta$$

Comparing Coefficient

$$4D + 4C = 0 \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

$$-4C + 4D = 6 \quad \text{--- (2)}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(1)} \quad 4C + 4D &= 0 \\ -4C + 4D &= 6 \end{aligned} \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{sub } \frac{-3}{4} \text{ for } C \text{ in} \\ \text{equation (1)} \\ 4D + 4\left(\frac{-3}{4}\right) = 0 \end{array} \right.$$

$$4C - 4C = -6$$

$$8C = -6$$

$$C = \frac{-6}{8}$$

$$C = \frac{-3}{4}$$

$$4D + -3 = 0$$

$$4D - 3 = 0$$

$$4D = 3$$

$$D = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$y = C \cos \theta + D \sin \theta$$

$$\therefore y = \frac{-3}{4} \cos \theta + \frac{3}{4} \sin \theta$$

$$GS = e^{-2\theta} \left( \frac{-3}{4} \cos \theta + \frac{3}{4} \sin \theta \right) + \frac{3}{4} \cos \theta + \frac{3}{4} \sin \theta$$

$$\text{at } \theta = \infty$$

$$\text{and } \frac{dy}{d\theta} = 0$$

$$\frac{dy}{d\theta} = e^{-2\theta} (-C \sin \theta + D \cos \theta) + (C \cos \theta + D \sin \theta) - 2e^{-2\theta} + \frac{3}{4} \sin \theta + \frac{3}{4} \cos \theta$$

$$\text{at } \theta = \infty \text{ and } \frac{dy}{d\theta} = 0$$

$$0 = \frac{3}{4} \sin \theta + \frac{3}{4} \cos \theta$$

$$-\frac{3}{4} \cos \theta = \frac{3}{4} \sin \theta$$

$$-\cos \theta = \sin \theta$$

divide both sides by  $-\cos \theta$

$$\frac{-\cos \theta}{-\cos \theta} = \frac{\sin \theta}{-\cos \theta}$$

$$1 = \frac{-\sin \theta}{\cos \theta}$$

$$1 = -\tan \theta$$

$$\tan \theta = -1$$

$$\theta = \tan^{-1}(-1)$$

$$\theta = -45^\circ$$

Question 2

$$EI \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} = \frac{w}{2} (L-x)^2$$

$$EI M^2 = 0$$

$$M^2 = 0$$

$$M = \pm 0$$

$$y = e^{ax} (A+Bx)$$

$$y = A+Bx \quad \text{--- CF}$$

To obtain Particular integral

$$y = Px^2 + Qx^3 + Rx^4 \quad \text{--- (i)}$$

$$\frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x} = 2Px + 3Qx^2 + 4Rx^3$$

$$\frac{\Delta^2 y}{\Delta x^2} = 2P + 6Qx + 12Rx^2$$

$$EI [2P + 6Qx + 12Rx^2] = \frac{w}{2} (L-x)^2$$

$$2PEI + 6QEIx + 12REIx^2 = \frac{w}{2} (L^2 - 2Lx + x^2)$$

$$4PEI + 12QEIx + 24REIx^2 = w(L^2 - 2Lx + x^2)$$

$$24REI = w$$

$$R = \frac{w}{24EI} \quad \text{--- (ii)}$$

$$0 QEI = -2wL$$

$$Q = \frac{-2wL}{12EI}$$

$$Q = \frac{-wL}{6EI} \quad \text{--- (iii)}$$

$$4PEI = wL^2$$

$$P = \frac{wL^2}{4EI} \quad \text{--- (iv)}$$

Substitute (i), (iii) and (iv) into (i)

$$y = Px^2 + Qx^3 + Rx^4$$

$$y = \left(\frac{wL^2}{4EI}\right)x^2 + \left(\frac{-wL}{6EI}\right)x^3 + \left(\frac{w}{24EI}\right)x^4$$

$$y = \frac{wL^2 x^2}{4EI} - \frac{wL x^3}{6EI} + \frac{w x^4}{24EI}$$

$$y = \frac{6wL^2 x^2 - 4wL x^3 + w x^4}{24EI}$$

$$y = \frac{w}{24EI} (L^2 x^2 - L x^3 + x^4) \quad \text{--- PI}$$

G.S

$$y = A + Bx + \frac{w}{24EI} (6l^2x^2 - 4lx^3 + x^4)$$

$$\text{at } y=0, x=0 \quad \frac{dy}{dx}=0$$

$$0 = A + B(0) + \frac{w}{24EI} (6l^2(0) - 4l(0) + 0)$$

$$0 = A + 0 + 0$$

$$A = 0$$

$$\frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x} = B + \frac{w}{24EI} (12l^2x - 12lx^2 + 4x^3)$$

$$0 = B + \frac{w}{24EI} (12l^2(0) - 12(0)x^2 + 4(0)^3)$$

$$0 = B + 0$$

$$B = 0$$

Particular ~~is~~ Solution

$$y = \frac{w}{24EI} (6l^2x^2 - 4lx^3 + x^4)$$

$$y = \frac{wx^2}{24EI} (6l^2 - 4lx + x^2)$$

$$y = \frac{wx^2}{24EI} (x^2 - 4lx + 6l^2)$$

When  $x=l$

$$y = \frac{wl^2}{24EI} (l^2 - 4l^2 + 6l^2)$$

$$y = \frac{wl^2}{24EI} (3l^2)$$

$$y = \frac{wl^4}{8EI}$$