

TOGETHER FOREVER

SANJAY DAVID A

15/ENG04/056

ELECT/ELECT

$$\textcircled{1} \quad \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - \frac{dy}{dx} - 2y = 8$$

$$m^2 - m - 2 = 0$$

$$(m-2)(m+2) = 0$$

$$m_1 = 2 \quad m_2 = -1$$

$$\text{CF } y = Ae^{2x} + Be^{-x}$$

$$\text{PI } y = c$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 0$$

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = 0$$

$$\therefore 0 - 0 - 2c = 8$$

$$c = \frac{8}{-2}$$

$$c = -4$$

$$y = -4$$

$$\text{G.E } y = \text{PI} + \text{CF}$$

$$y = Ae^{2x} + Be^{-x} - 4$$

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$$(2) \quad \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - 4y = 10e^{3x}$$

$$m^2 - 4 = 0$$

$$m^2 = 4$$

$$m = \pm 2$$

$$CF: y = A \cosh 2x + B \sinh 2x$$

$$PI \rightarrow y = ce^{3x}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 3ce^{3x}$$

$$d^2y = 9ce^{3x}$$

$$9ce^{3x} - 4ce^{3x} = 10e^{3x}$$

$$5c = 10$$

$$c = 2$$

$$c = 2$$

$$y = 2e^{3x}$$

$$GE: y = A \cosh 2x + B \sinh 2x + 2e^{3x}$$

$$(3) \quad \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 2\frac{dy}{dx} + y = e^{-3x}$$

$$m^2 + 2m + 1 = 0$$

$$(m+1)(m+1) = 0$$

$$m_1 = -1 \quad m_2 = -1$$

$$CF: y = e^{-x}(A + Bx)$$

$$PI: y = ce^{-2x}$$

$$= -2c^{-2x}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = -4ce^{-2x}$$

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = 8ce^{-2x}$$

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$$4C e^{-2x} - 4C e^{-2x} + C e^{-2x} = e^{-2x}$$

$$C = 1$$

$$\therefore y = e^{-2x}$$

$$y = CF + PI$$

$$y = e^{-2} (A + B_2) + e^{-2x}$$

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 25y = 5x^2 + 2$$

$$m^2 + 25 = 0$$

$$m = \pm 5i$$

$$m = \pm 5j$$

$$y = A \cos 5x + B \cos 5x$$

$$F = y = Cx^2 + Dx + E$$

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = 2Cx + D$$

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = 2C$$

$$2C + 25(Cx^2 + Dx + E) = 5x^2 + 2$$

$$2C + 25Cx^2 + 25Dx + 25E = 5x^2 + 2$$

$$25Cx^2 + 25Dx + 2C + 25E = 5x^2 + 2$$

$$25C = 5 \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

$$25D = 1 \quad \text{--- 2}$$

$$2C + 25E = 0 \quad \text{--- ③}$$

$$C = \frac{5}{25} = \frac{1}{5} \quad D = \frac{1}{25}$$

$$E = -\frac{2C}{25} = -\frac{2}{125}$$

$$\text{If } y = \frac{x^2}{5} + \frac{x}{25} - \frac{2}{125}$$

$$\therefore \text{G.S. } y = A \cos 5x + B \sin 5x + \frac{x^2}{5} + \frac{x}{25} - \frac{2}{125}$$

$$\textcircled{5} \quad \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - 2\frac{dy}{dx} + y = 7\sin x$$

$$m^2 - 2m + 1 = 0$$

$$(m-1)(m-1) = 0$$

$$m_1 = 1 \quad m_2 = 1$$

$$\text{C.S. } y = e^x (A + Bx)$$

$$\Rightarrow -C \cos x - D \sin x - 2(-C \sin x + D \cos x) + C \cos x + D \sin x = 7 \sin x$$

$$= 4 \sin x$$

$$\Rightarrow -C \cos x - D \sin x + 2C \sin x - 2D \cos x + C \cos x + D \sin x = 4 \sin x$$

$$\Rightarrow -C \cos x + C \cos x + 2C \sin x - D \sin x + D \sin x - 2D \cos x = 4 \sin x$$

$$\Rightarrow 2C \sin x - 2D \cos x = 4 \sin x$$

$$\therefore C \sin x - D \cos x = 2 \sin x$$

$$C = 2$$

$$-D = 0$$

$$\therefore D = 0$$

$$y = 2 \cos 2x$$

$$\text{G.S. } y = e^{2x} (A + Bx) + 2 \cos 2x$$

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$$(6) \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 4\frac{dy}{dx} + 5y = 2e^{-2x}$$

$$m^2 + 4m + 5 = 0$$

$$m = \frac{-4 \pm \sqrt{16 - 4 \times 5}}{2 \times 1}$$

$$= \frac{-4 \pm \sqrt{-4}}{2}$$

$$m = -2 \pm j$$

$$y = e^{-2x} (A \cos x + B \sin x)$$

$$\text{PI } y = ce^{-2x}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = -2ce^{-2x}$$

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = 4ce^{-2x}$$

$$\rightarrow 4ce^{-2x} - 8ce^{-2x} + 5ce^{-2x} = 2e^{-2x}$$

$$ce^{-2x} = 2e^{-2x}$$

$$\therefore c = 2$$

$$\text{PI } y = 2e^{-2x}$$

$$\text{GE } y = e^{-2x} (A \cos x + B \sin x) + 2e^{-2x}$$

$$\text{sum at } x=0 \quad y=1 \quad \frac{dy}{dx} = -2$$

$$1 = e^{-2(0)} (A \cos 0 + B \sin 0) + 2e^{-2(0)}$$

$$A + 2 = 1 \quad \therefore A = -1$$

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$$\frac{dy}{dx} = e^{-2x} (A \sin x + B \cos x) + (A \cos x + B \sin x) - 2e^{-2x} - 4e^{-2x}$$

$$-1 = e^{-2x} (B) + (A) - 2 - 4$$

$$-2 = B - 2A - 4$$

$$-2 = B + 1 - 4$$

$$B = 1$$

$$\therefore y = e^{-2x} (-\cos x + \sin x) + 2e^{-4x}$$

$$(7) \quad 3 \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = 2 \frac{dy}{dx} - y = 2x - 3$$

$$3m^2 - 2m - 1 = 0$$

$$m = \frac{-2 \pm \sqrt{4 - 4 \times 3 \times -1}}{6}$$

$$= \frac{-2 \pm \sqrt{16}}{6}$$

$$m = \frac{-2 \pm 4}{6}$$

$$m = \frac{-2}{6} \pm \frac{4}{6} = -\frac{1}{3} \pm \frac{2}{3}$$

$$m_1 = \frac{-1 + 2}{3} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$m_2 = \frac{-1 - 2}{3} = -1$$

$$m_1 = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$m_2 = -1$$

$$\text{CF } y = A e^{x/3} + B e^{-x}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = e^{-2x} (-A \sin 2x + B \cos 2x) + (A \cos 2x + B \sin 2x) - 2e^{-2x} - 4e^{-2x}$$

$$-1 = e^{-2 \cdot 0} (B) + (A) - 2 - 4$$

$$-1 = B - 2A - 4$$

$$-1 = B + 1 - 4$$

$$B = 1$$

$$\therefore y = e^{-2x} (-\cos 2x + \sin 2x) + 2e^{-2x}$$

$$\textcircled{7} \quad 3 \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = 2 \frac{dy}{dx} - y \Rightarrow 2x - 3$$

$$3m^2 - 2m - 1 = 0$$

$$m = \frac{-2 \pm \sqrt{4 - 4 \times 3 \times -1}}{6}$$

$$= \frac{-2 \pm \sqrt{16}}{6}$$

$$m = \frac{-2 \pm 4}{6}$$

$$m = \frac{-2}{6} \pm \frac{4}{6} = -\frac{1}{3} \pm \frac{2}{3}$$

$$m_1 = \frac{-1}{3} + \frac{2}{3}$$

$$m_2 = \frac{-1}{3} - \frac{2}{3}$$

$$m_1 = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$m_2 = -1$$

$$\text{CF } y = A e^{x/3} + B e^{-x}$$

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$$PE \quad y = C e^{2x+1}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = C$$

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = 0$$

$$5 \text{ a) } -2C (C e^{2x+1}) = -3$$

$$-2C - Cx + D = 2x - 3$$

$$-e^{2x} - 2C + D = 2x - 3$$

$$-C = 2$$

$$C = -2$$

$$-2C + D = -3$$

$$D = -3 + 2C$$

$$D = -3 + 2(-2)$$

$$D = -3 - 4$$

$$D = -7$$

$$\therefore PE = y = 2e^{2x-7}$$

$$y = A e^{\frac{x}{3}} + B e^{-2x} - 2x - 7$$

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$$B \quad \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - 6 \frac{dy}{dx} + 8y = 8e^{4x}$$

$$m^2 - 6m + 8 = 0$$

$$(m-4)(m-2) = 0$$

$$m_1 = 4 \quad m_2 = 2$$

$$CF \quad y = Ae^{4x} + Be^{2x}$$

$$y = ce^{4x}$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{dy}{dx} = c(4x \cdot 4e^{4x} + e^{4x} \cdot 1)$$

$$= c(4x \cdot 4e^{4x} + e^{4x})$$

$$= 4cx e^{4x} + c e^{4x}$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = 4c(x \cdot 4e^{4x} + e^{4x} \cdot 1) + 4c e^{4x}$$

$$= 4c(4x e^{4x} + e^{4x}) + 4c e^{4x}$$

$$= 16cx e^{4x} + 4c e^{4x} + 4c e^{4x}$$

$$= 16cx e^{4x} + 8c e^{4x}$$

$$\rightarrow 16cx e^{4x} + 8c e^{4x} - (16cx e^{4x} + c e^{4x}) + 8(c x e^{4x}) = 8e^{4x}$$

$$= 16cx e^{4x} + 8c e^{4x} - 16cx e^{4x} - c e^{4x} + 8cx e^{4x} = 8e^{4x}$$

$$\rightarrow 16cx + 8c - 16cx - c + 8cx = 8$$

$$2c = 8$$

$$c = \frac{8}{2}$$

$$c = 4$$

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$$PQ - y = \varphi x e^{kx}$$

$$Q5 \therefore y = A e^{p'x} + B e^{2'x} + \varphi x e^{q'x}$$

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