

Assignment 11

1.  $\frac{d^2y}{dt^2} + 4\frac{dy}{dt} + 5y = 6\sin\theta$

$m^2 + 4m + 5 = 0$

$= \frac{-4 \pm \sqrt{16 - 20}}{2}$

$2a$

$= \frac{-4 \pm \sqrt{4^2 - 4(1)(5)}}{2(1)}$

$2(1)$

$= \frac{-4 \pm \sqrt{16 - 20}}{2}$

$= \frac{-4 \pm \sqrt{-4}}{2}$

$= \frac{-4 \pm j\sqrt{4}}{2}$

$= \frac{-4 \pm j\sqrt{4}}{2} = \frac{-4 \pm 2j}{2} = -2 \pm j$

C.F;

$y = e^{-2\theta} (C\cos\theta + D\sin\theta)$

P.I

$y = C\cos\theta + D\sin\theta$

$y = C\cos\theta + D\sin\theta$

$\frac{dy}{d\theta} = -C\sin\theta + D\cos\theta$

$5(C\cos\theta + D\sin\theta) + 4(-C\sin\theta + D\cos\theta) + (-C\cos\theta - D\sin\theta) = 6\sin\theta$

$-C\cos\theta - D\sin\theta - 4C\sin\theta + 4D\cos\theta + 5C\cos\theta + 5D\sin\theta = 6\sin\theta$

$(-C + 4D + 5C)\cos\theta + (-D - 4C + 5D)\sin\theta = 6\sin\theta$

$4C + 4D = 0, 4C = -4D, C = -D$

$4D - 4(-D) = 6$

$4D + 4D = 6$

$4D + 4D = 6$

$$8A = 6$$

$$D = \frac{6}{4}$$

$$D = \frac{3}{2}$$

$$4C + 4D = 0$$

$$4C + 4\left(\frac{3}{2}\right) = 0$$

$$4C + 3 = 0$$

$$4C = -3$$

$$C = -\frac{3}{4}$$

$$P.I = y = -\frac{3}{4} \cos \theta + \frac{3}{2} \sin \theta$$

General Solution

$$y = e^{-2\theta} (C \cos \theta + D \sin \theta) - \frac{3}{4} \cos \theta + \frac{3}{2} \sin \theta$$

$$\text{at } \theta = 0 \text{ and } \frac{dy}{d\theta} = 0 \text{ or } \frac{dy}{d\theta} = 0$$

$$y = (e^{-2\theta}) (-C \sin \theta + D \cos \theta) + (C \cos \theta + D \sin \theta) - \frac{3}{4} \cos \theta + \frac{3}{2} \sin \theta$$

$$\frac{dy}{d\theta} = (e^{-2\theta}) (-D \sin \theta - C \cos \theta) + (-C \sin \theta + D \cos \theta) - \frac{3}{4} \sin \theta + \frac{3}{2} \cos \theta$$

$$\frac{dy}{d\theta} = (e^{-2\theta}) (D \cos \theta - C \sin \theta) - 2e^{-2\theta} (C \cos \theta + D \sin \theta) + \frac{3}{4} \sin \theta + \frac{3}{2} \cos \theta$$

$$\text{at } \theta = 0$$

$$0 = \frac{3}{2} \sin \theta + \frac{3}{4} \cos \theta$$

$$-\frac{3}{4} \cos \theta = \frac{3}{2} \sin \theta$$

$$-\sin \theta = \cos \theta$$

$$-\sin \theta = \cos \theta$$

$$\tan \theta = -1$$

$$\theta = \theta + \pi$$

$$\theta = -45^\circ$$

$$\theta = -45^\circ$$

$$\theta = -45^\circ$$

$$\theta = -45^\circ$$

$$\theta = -45^\circ$$

$$\theta = -45^\circ$$

$$\theta = -45^\circ$$

$$\theta = -45^\circ$$

$$\theta = -45^\circ$$

$$\theta = -45^\circ$$

$$\textcircled{2} \int \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} = \frac{10}{2} (1-x)^2$$

$$E.F.M^2 = 0$$

$$m^2 = 0$$

$$m = \pm 0$$

$$y = e^{0x} (A + Bx)$$

$$y = A + Bx$$

P.I

$$y = fx^2 + Gx^3 + Hx^4$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 2fx + 3Gx^2 + 4Hx^3$$

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = 2f + 6Gx + 12Hx^2$$

$$E I [2f + 6Gx + 12Hx^2] = \frac{w}{2} (L-x)^2$$

$$2fEI + 6GEIx + 12HEIx^2 = \frac{w}{2} (L-x)^2$$

$$4fEI + 12GEIx + 24HEIx^2 = w(L^2 - 2Lx + x^2)$$

$$4fEI + 12GEIx + 24HEIx^2 = wL^2 - 2wLx + wx^2$$

$$24HEI = w$$

$$H = \frac{w}{24EI}$$

$$12GEI = -2wL$$

$$G = \frac{-2wL}{12EI} = \frac{-wL}{6EI}$$

$$4fEI = wL^2$$

$$f = \frac{wL^2}{4EI}$$

$$y = \left(\frac{wL^2}{4EI}\right)x^2 - \left(\frac{wL}{6EI}\right)x^3 + \left(\frac{w}{24EI}\right)x^4$$

$$y = \frac{6wL^2x^2 - 4wLx^3 + wx^4}{24EI}$$

$$P.I \Rightarrow y = \frac{w}{24EI} [6L^2x^2 - 4Lx^3 + x^4]$$

General Solution

$$y = A + Bx + \frac{w}{24EI} (6L^2x^2 - 4Lx^3 + x^4)$$

$$\text{at } y=0, \text{ and } \frac{dy}{dx} = 0 \text{ at } x=0$$

$$0 = A$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = B + \frac{\omega}{24EI} (12L^2x + 12Lx^2 + 4x^3)$$

$$0 = B$$

Particular Solution

$$y = \frac{\omega}{24EI} (6L^2x^2 - 4Lx^3 + x^4)$$

$$y = \frac{\omega x^2}{24EI} (6L^2 - 4Lx + x^2)$$

When  $x = L$

$$y = \frac{\omega L^2}{24EI} (6L^2 - 4L^2 + L^2)$$

$$y = \frac{\omega L^3}{24EI} (3)$$

$$y = \frac{\omega L^3}{8EI}$$