

# ENG 381 ASSIGNMENT II

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DEPARTMENT :- CHEMICAL ENGINEERING

ENG 381

1.  $\frac{d^2y}{d\theta^2} + 4\frac{dy}{d\theta} + 5y = 6\sin\theta$

We observe homogeneity

$$y'' + 4y' + 5y = 6\sin\theta$$

where  $y = e^{k\theta}$

$$y' = ke^{k\theta}$$

$$y'' = k^2e^{k\theta}$$

$$k^2e^{k\theta} + 4(ke^{k\theta}) + 5(e^{k\theta}) = 6\sin\theta$$

$$k^2e^{k\theta} + 4ke^{k\theta} + 5(e^{k\theta}) = 0$$

$$e^{k\theta}(k^2 + 4k + 5) = 0$$

$$k^2 + 4k + 5 = 0$$

$$k^2 + 4k = -5$$

$$k^2 + 4k + \left(\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{4}{1}\right)^2 = -5 + \left(\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{4}{1}\right)^2$$

$$k^2 + 4k + 4 = -5 + 4$$

$$k^2 + 2k + 2k + 4 = -1$$

$$(k + 2)(k + 2) = -1$$

$$(k + 2)^2 = -1$$

$$k + 2 = \sqrt{-1} \Rightarrow k = -2 \pm i$$

$$k_1 = -2 + i \text{ and } k_2 = -2 - i$$

$$y_n = C_1 y_1 + C_2 y_2$$

$$y_1 = e^{k_1\theta} = e^{(-2+i)\theta} = e^{-2\theta} \cdot e^{i\theta}$$

$$y_2 = e^{k_2\theta} = e^{(-2-i)\theta} = e^{-2\theta} \cdot e^{-i\theta}$$

$$y_n = C_1 e^{-2\theta} \cdot e^{i\theta} + C_2 e^{-2\theta} \cdot e^{-i\theta}$$

$$y_n = e^{-2\theta} (C_1 e^{i\theta} + C_2 e^{-i\theta})$$

$$y_n = e^{-2\theta} (C_1 \cos\theta + C_2 \sin\theta)$$

Assume  $y_p = A\cos\theta + B\sin\theta$

$$y_p' = A\sin\theta + B\cos\theta$$