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Dept: Petroleum Engineering

Course: ENG 281

Assignment

i) The power  $P$  dissipated in a resistor is given as an equation

$$\textcircled{1} \quad P = \frac{E^2}{R} \quad \dots \textcircled{1}$$

if  $E = 200$  volts and  $R = 8$  ohms, find the change in  $P$  resulting from a drop of 5 volts in  $E$  and an increase of 0.2 ohms in  $R$

solution

$$P = \frac{E^2}{R} ; P = f(E, R)$$

$$\delta P = \frac{\partial P}{\partial E} \delta E + \frac{\partial P}{\partial R} \delta R$$

$$\frac{\partial P}{\partial E} = \frac{2E}{R} \quad \text{and} \quad \frac{\partial P}{\partial R} = \frac{-E^2}{R^2}$$

$$\frac{\partial P}{\partial E} = \frac{2 \times 200}{8}, \quad \frac{\partial P}{\partial R} = \frac{-(200)^2}{(8)^2}$$

$$\frac{\partial P}{\partial E} = 50, \quad \frac{\partial P}{\partial R} = -625, \quad \delta E = -5, \quad \delta R = 0.2$$

$$\delta P = 50(-5) + (-625)(0.2)$$

$$\delta P = -250 - 125$$

$$\delta P = -375$$

$\Rightarrow P$  decreases by 375 Watts



2) The deflection  $y$  at the center of a circular plate suspended at the end and uniformly loaded is given in equation (2)

$$y = \frac{kw d^4}{t^3}$$

Where  $w$  = total load

$d$  = diameter of plate

$t$  = thickness

$k$  is a constant

Calculate the approximate percentage change in  $y$  if  $w$  is increased by 3 percent,  $d$  is increased by  $2\frac{1}{2}$  percent and  $t$  is increased by 4 percent.

Solution

$$\delta y = \frac{\partial y}{\partial w} \cdot \delta w + \frac{\partial y}{\partial d} \cdot \delta d + \frac{\partial y}{\partial t} \cdot \delta t$$

From equation (2)

$$y = \frac{kw d^4}{t^3} \text{ and } k \text{ is constant}$$

$$\frac{\partial y}{\partial w} = k w d^4 t^{-3} = \frac{\partial y}{\partial w} = \frac{k d^4}{t^3}$$

$$\frac{\partial y}{\partial d} = k w d^3 t^{-3} = \frac{\partial y}{\partial d} = \frac{4 k w d^3}{t^3}$$

$$\frac{\partial y}{\partial t} = k w d^4 t^{-4} = \frac{\partial y}{\partial t} = \frac{-4 k w d^4}{t^4}$$

$$\delta w = \frac{3}{100}, \quad \delta d = \frac{2\frac{1}{2}}{100} = \frac{5}{200}, \quad \delta t = \frac{4}{100}$$

$$\delta y_w = \frac{3}{100} \text{ of } w, \quad \delta y_d = \frac{5}{200} \text{ of } d, \quad \delta y_t = \frac{4}{100} \text{ of } t$$

$$\delta w = \frac{3w}{100}, \quad \delta d = \frac{5d}{200}, \quad \delta t = \frac{4t}{100}$$



$$\delta y = \frac{kd^4}{t^3} \left( \frac{3w}{100} \right) + \frac{4kwd^3}{t^3} \left( \frac{5d}{200} \right) - \frac{3kwd^4}{t^4} \left( \frac{4t}{100} \right)$$

$$\delta y = \frac{3kwd^4}{100t^3} + \frac{20kwd^4}{200t^3} - \frac{12kwd^4}{100t^3}$$

$$\delta y = \frac{3kwd^4}{100t^3} + \frac{10kwd^4}{100t^3} - \frac{12kwd^4}{100t^3}$$

$$\delta y = \frac{kwd^4}{t^3} \left( \frac{3}{100} + \frac{10}{100} - \frac{12}{100} \right)$$

$$\frac{kwd^4}{t^3} = y$$

So

$$\delta y = y \left( \frac{1}{100} \right)$$

$$\delta y = y \left( \frac{1}{100} \right)$$

Therefore  $y$  increases by 1 percent.