

① . Solution

$$P = \frac{E^2}{R}$$

$$\delta P = \frac{\partial P}{\partial E} \cdot \delta E + \frac{\partial P}{\partial R} \cdot \delta R$$

$$\text{but } P = E^2 R^{-1} \quad ; \quad \frac{\partial P}{\partial E} = 2ER^{-1} = \frac{2E}{R} \quad ; \quad \frac{\partial P}{\partial R} = -E^2 R^{-2} = -\frac{E^2}{R^2}$$

$$E = 200 \text{ volts}$$

$$R = 8 \Omega$$

$$\delta E = -5 \text{ volts}$$

$$\delta R = 0.2$$

$$\delta P = \frac{2E}{R} \cdot \delta E + \left(-\frac{E^2}{R^2}\right) (\delta R)$$

$$\delta P = \frac{2(200)}{8} (-5) + \left(-\frac{200^2}{8^2}\right) (0.2)$$

$$\delta P = -250 - 125$$

$$\delta P = -375 \text{ watts}$$

②
$$y = \frac{k \omega d^4}{t^3}$$

$$y = f(k \omega d t)$$

$$\delta y = \frac{\partial y}{\partial \omega} \cdot \delta \omega + \frac{\partial y}{\partial d} \cdot \delta d + \frac{\partial y}{\partial t} \cdot \delta t$$

$$\text{but } y = k \omega d^4 t^{-3}$$

$$\frac{\partial y}{\partial \omega} = k d^4 t^{-3} \quad ; \quad \frac{\partial y}{\partial d} = 4k \omega d^3 t^{-3} \quad ; \quad \frac{\partial y}{\partial t} = -3k \omega d^4 t^{-4}$$

$$\delta \omega = \frac{3}{100} \omega \quad ; \quad \delta d = \frac{2.5}{100} d \quad ; \quad \delta t = \frac{4}{100} t$$

$$\delta y = \frac{k d^4}{t^3} \left(\frac{3}{100}\right) (\omega) + \frac{k \omega d^3}{t^3} \left(\frac{2.5}{100}\right) (d) + \left(\frac{-3k \omega d^4}{t^4}\right) \left(\frac{4}{100}\right) t$$

$$\delta y = \frac{3k \omega d^4}{100 t^3} + \frac{10k \omega d^4}{100 t^3} - \frac{12k \omega d^4}{100 t^2}$$

$$\delta y = \frac{k \omega d^4}{t^3} \left(\frac{3}{100} + \frac{10}{100} - \frac{12}{100}\right)$$

$$= y \left(\frac{1}{100}\right) \text{ percent}$$

∴ y increases by 1%