

# EXERCISE 1

15/10/2020

## COMPUTER ENGINEERING

If  $y = e^{x^2} + x$

Show that

$$y'' = y(2x+1) + 2y$$

and hence give that

$$y^{(n+2)} = (2x+1)y^{(n+1)} + 2(n+1)y^{(n)}$$

Soln

$$y' = (2x+1)e^{x^2+x}$$

$$y'' = (2x+1)(2x+1)e^{x^2+x} + 2e^{x^2+x}$$

$$y'' = \underbrace{y'}_{w_1} \underbrace{(2x+1)}_{w_2} + \underbrace{2y}_{w_3}$$

for  $w_1$

$$y = u v$$

for  $w_2$

$$u = y'$$

$$v = 2x+1$$

$$u^{(n)} = y^{(n+1)}$$

$$v' = 2$$

$$u^{(n+1)} = y^{(n+2)}$$

$$v'' = 0$$

$$y^{(n+2)} = 2x+1 + n y^{(n+1)}$$

for  $w_3$

$$2y^{(n)}$$

$$2y^{(n)}$$

$$w_1 = w_2 + w_3$$

$$y^{(n+2)} = y^{(n+1)}(2x+1) + ny^{(n)} + 2y^{(n)}$$

$$y^{(n+2)} = (2x+1)y^{(n+1)} + 2ny^{(n)} + 2y^{(n)}$$

$$y^{(n+2)} = (2x+1)y^{(n+1)} + 2(n+1)y^{(n)}$$

2)  $y = 2x^3 e^{4x}$ , determine  $y^{(5)}$

$$u = e^{4x}$$

$$u^{(n)} = 4^n e^{4x}$$

$$v = 2x^3$$

$$u^{(n-1)} = 4^{n-1} e^{4x}$$

$$v' = 6x^2$$

$$u^{(n-2)} = 4^{n-2} e^{4x}$$

$$v'' = 12x$$

$$u^{(n-3)} = 4^{n-3} e^{4x}$$

$$v''' = 6$$

$$u^{(4)} = 0$$

$$y^{(n)} = 4^n v + n 4^{n-1} v' + \frac{n(n-1)}{2!} 4^{n-2} v'' + n(n-1)(n-2) \frac{4^{n-3}}{3!} v'''$$

$$+ n(n-1)(n-2)(n-3) \frac{4^{n-4}}{4!} v^{(4)}$$

$$y^{(5)} = 4^5 e^{4x} x^3 + n 4^{n-1} e^{4x} 6x^2 + n(n-1) 4^{n-2} e^{4x} 12x + \frac{n(n-1)(n-2)}{3!} 4^{n-3} e^{4x} 6$$

$$y^{(5)} = 4^5 e^{4x} x^3 + n 4^{n-1} e^{4x} 6x^2 + n(n-1) 4^{n-2} e^{4x} 12x + \frac{n(n-1)(n-2)}{3!} 4^{n-3} e^{4x} 6$$

$$y^{(5)} = 4^5 e^{4x} x^3 + 5 \times 4^4 e^{4x} 6x^2 + 5(5-1) 4^3 e^{4x} 12x + \frac{5(5-1)(5-2)}{3!} 4^2 e^{4x} 6$$

$$y^{(5)} = 1024 x^3 e^{4x} + 3840 x^2 e^{4x} + 3840 x e^{4x} + 384 e^{4x}$$

2  $x^2 \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} + x \frac{dy}{dx} + y = 0$  show that  $x^2 y^{(n+2)} + (2n+1)y^{(n)} = 0$

$x^2 y^{(2)} + x y^{(1)} + y = 0$

$\underbrace{\hspace{10em}}_{w_1}$ 
 $\underbrace{\hspace{10em}}_{w_2}$

for  $w_1$

$u = y^{(2)}$        $v = x^2$   
 $u^{(n)} = y^{(n+2)}$        $v^{(1)} = 2x$   
 $u^{(n-1)} = y^{(n+1)}$        $v^{(2)} = 2$   
 $u^{(n-2)} = y^{(n)}$        $v^{(3)} = 0$

$\therefore y^{(n+2)} x^2 + n y^{(n+1)} 2x + \frac{n(n-1)}{2!} y^{(n)} 2 \neq 0$

for  $w_2$

$u = y^{(1)}$        $v = x$   
 $u^{(n)} = y^{(n+1)}$        $v^{(1)} = 1$   
 $u^{(n-1)} = y^{(n)}$        $v^{(2)} = 0$   
 $= y^{(n+1)} x + n y^{(n)} \cdot 1 \neq 0$

for  $w_3$

$y^{(n)}$

$x^2 y^{(n+2)} + 2x n y^{(n+1)} + n(n-1) y^{(n)} + x y^{(n+1)} + n y^{(n)} + y^{(n)} = 0$

$x^2 y^{(n+2)} + 2n x y^{(n+1)} + n(n+1) y^{(n)} + x y^{(n+1)} + n y^{(n)} + y^{(n)} = 0$

$x^2 y^{(n+2)} + (2n+1) x y^{(n+1)} + [n(n-1) + n + 1] y^{(n)} = 0$

$x^2 y^{(n+2)} + (2n+1) x y^{(n+1)} + [n^2 - n + n + 1] y^{(n)} = 0$

$x^2 y^{(n+2)} + (2n+1) x y^{(n+1)} + (n^2 + 1) y^{(n)} = 0$