

ASSIGNMENT 3

1. If $y = e^{x^2+x}$

$$y' = (2x+1)e^{x^2+x}$$

$$y'' = 2e^{x^2+x} + (2x+1)^2 e^{x^2+x}$$

$$y'' = y'(2x+1) + 2y$$

$$y' = (2x+1)e^{x^2+x}$$

$$y' = (2x+1) = (2x+1)e^{x^2+x}$$

$$= (2x+1)^2 e^{x^2+x}$$

$$2y = 2 \cdot e^{x^2+x}$$

$$= y'(2x+1) + 2y = (2x+1)^2 e^{x^2+x} + 2e^{x^2+x}$$

$$\therefore y'' = y'(2x+1) + 2y$$

$$\therefore 2e^{x^2+x} + (2x+1)^2 e^{x^2+x} = (2x+1)^2 e^{x^2+x} + 2e^{x^2+x}$$

$$w = y''$$

$$w^n = y^{n+2}$$

$$p = y'(2x+1)$$

$$j = 2x+1$$

$$v' = 2 \quad u = y'$$

$$v'' = 0 \quad u^n = y^{n+1}$$

$$p^n = y^{n+1} \cdot 2x+1 + n \cdot y^n \cdot 2$$

$$s = 2y$$

$$s^n = 2y^n$$

$$w^n = p^n + s^n$$

$$y^{n+2} = (2x+1)y^{n+1} + 2ny^n + 2y^n$$

$$y^{n+2} = (2x+1)y^{n+1} + 2(n+1)y^n$$

2. Using the Leibnitz theorem, given that

$$y = x^3 e^{4x}$$

determine y^5

$$v = x^3$$

$$u = e^{4x}$$

$$v' = 3x^2$$

$$u' = 4e^{4x}$$

$$v'' = 6x$$

$$u'' = 4 \cdot 4e^{4x}$$

$$v''' = 6$$

$$u''' = 4 \cdot 4 \cdot 4e^{4x}$$

$$v^{(4)} = 0$$

$$u^{(4)} = 4^n e^{4x}$$

$$y^n = 4^n e^{4x} \cdot x^3 + n \cdot 4^{n-1} e^{4x} \cdot 3x^2 + \frac{n(n-1)}{2} 4^{n-2} e^{4x} \cdot 6x +$$

$$\frac{n(n-1)(n-2)}{6} 4^{n-3} e^{4x} \cdot 6$$

$$y^n = 4^n e^{4x} x^3 + n 4^{n-1} e^{4x} 3x^2 + n(n-1) 4^{n-2} e^{4x} 3x +$$

$$n(n-1)(n-2) 4^{n-3} e^{4x}$$

$$y^5 = 4^5 e^{4x} x^3 + 4e^{4x} 3x^2 + 5 \cdot 4 \cdot 4^3 e^{4x} 3x + 5 \cdot 4 \cdot 3 \cdot 4^2 \cdot 6$$

2b.

$$x^2 y'' + xy' + y = 0 \quad \text{Show that} \quad x^2 y^{(n+2)} + (2n+1)xy^{(n+2)} + (n^2+1)y^n = 0$$

$$\text{let } w = x^2 y''$$

$$v = x^2$$

$$v' = 2x$$

$$v'' = 2$$

$$v''' = 0$$

$$u = y''$$

$$u' = y''''$$

$$u'' = y^{(iv)}$$

$$u^n = y^{n+2}$$

$$w^n = y^{n+2} x^2 + n \cdot y^{n+1} 2x + \frac{n(n-1)}{2} \cdot y^n \cdot 2$$

$$w^n = x^2 y^{n+2} + n 2xy^{n+1} + n(n-1)y^n$$

$$\text{let } p = xy'$$

$$v = x$$

$$v' = 1$$

$$v'' = 0$$

$$u = y'$$

$$u' = y''$$

$$u^n = y^{n+1}$$

$$p^n = y^{n+1} x + n \cdot y^n \cdot 1$$

$$p^n = xy^{n+1} + ny^n$$

$$f = y$$

$$f^n = y^n$$

$$y^{n+2} \cdot x^2 + n \cdot 2xy^{n+1} + n(n-1)y^n + y^{n+1}x + ny^n + y^n = 0$$

$$y^{n+2} x^2 + (n \cdot 2a y^{n+1} + 2y^{n+1}) + (n(n-1)y^n + ny^n + y^n) = 0$$

$$x^2 y^{n+2} + (2n+1)xy^{n+1} + (n(n-1) + 1 + n)y^n = 0$$

$$x^2 y^{n+2} + (2n+1)xy^{n+1} + (n^2 + 1)y^n = 0$$