

4 y = e^{2x}   
 Show that

y'' = y'(2x+1) + 2y E

Soln

y = e^{2x+1x}

y' = e^{2x} - e^{2x}

y''

Let u = e^{2x^2}

Let x^2 = s

ds/dx = 2x

u = e^s

du/ds = e^s

du/dx = du/ds ds/dx

= e^s \cdot 2x

du/dx = 2xe^{x^2}

v = e^{2x}

dv/dx = e^{2x}

y' = e^{2x} \cdot 2xe^{x^2} + e^{2x} \cdot e^{x^2}

y' = 2xe^{2x+x^2} + e^{2x+x^2}

y' = e^{2x+x^2} (2x+1)

1. u = e^{2x} + e^{x^2}

y' = 2e^{2x} + 2xe^{x^2}

v = 2e^{2x}

S = 2x

y = e^{2x+x^2} + e^{2x+x^2} + 2e^{2x+x^2}

dy/dx = 2x(2e^{2x+x^2}) + 2e^{2x+x^2}

dy/dx = 4x^2e^{2x+x^2} + 2e^{2x+x^2}

y'' = 4x^2e^{2x+x^2}

= 4x^2e^{2x}e^{x^2} + 4x^2e^{2x} + 4x^2e^{x^2} + 3e^{2x+x^2}

= 4x^2e^{2x+x^2}(x+1)

y' = e^{2x+x^2} (2x+1)

u = e^{2x+x^2} dv/dx = e^{2x+x^2} (2x+1)

v = 2e^{2x+x^2}

2e^{2x+x^2} + (2x+1)e^{2x+x^2}

e^{2x+x^2} (2x+1) = y'

e^{2x+x^2} = y

y'' = 2y + y'(2x+1)

y'' = y'(2x+1) + 2y

y'' = (2x+1)y' + 2y

y'' = (2x+1)y' + 2(2x+1)y

$$y = x^3 e^{4x}$$

$$u = x^3$$

$$v = e^{4x}$$

$$y^n = u^n v + n u^{(n-1)} v' + \frac{n(n-1)}{2!} u^{(n-2)} v'' + \dots$$

~~$$y^5 = (x^3)^5$$~~

$$y^5 = (4^5 e^{4x} x^3 + 5(4)^4 e^{4x} \cdot 3x^2 + 10(4)^3 e^{4x} \cdot 6x + 10(4)^2 e^{4x} \cdot 6 + 0)$$

$$y^5 = 1025 x^3 e^{4x} + 3840 x^2 e^{4x} + 3840 x e^{4x} + 960 e^{4x} + 0$$

$$y^5 = e^{4x} (1025 x^3 + 3840 x^2 + 3840 x + 960)$$

$$ii \quad x^2 \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} + x \frac{dy}{dx} + y = 0$$

$$x^2 y'' + x y' + y = 0$$

using Leibnitz theorem

$$y^n = y^{(n+2)} \cdot x^2 + n \cdot 2x y^{(n+1)} + \frac{2n(n-1)}{2!} y^{(n)} + y^{(n+1)} \cdot x + n y^{(n-1)} + y^n$$

$$y^n = x^2 y^{(n+2)} + 2x y^{(n+1)} \cdot n + n(n-1) y^{(n)} + x y^{(n+1)} + n y^{(n)} + y^n$$

$$y^n = x^2 y^{(n+2)} + (2n+1) x y^{(n+1)} + (n^2-1) y^{(n)}$$

Hence

$$x^2 y^{(n+2)} + (2n+1) x y^{(n+1)} + (n^2-1) y^{(n)} = 0$$