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15/ENAO2 1033

COMPUTER ENGR

1) $y = e^{x^2+x}$

① $y' = (2x+1)e^{x^2+x}$

② $y'' = (2x+1)(2x+1)e^{x^2+x} + 2Ce^{x^2+x}$

$y''' = (2x+1)(2x+1)(e^{x^2+x}) + 2Ce^{x^2+x}$

and $y = e^{x^2+x}$ $y' = (2x+1)e^{x^2+x}$
 $y'' = 2x + 1(y') + 2(y)$

11) $y'' = 2x + 1(y') + 2(y)$
 $y'' - 2x + 1(y') - 2(y) = 0$

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$W_1^{(n)} = y^{(n+2)}$

$W_2^{(n)} = y^{(n+1)}(2x+1) + ny^{(n)}(-2)$

$W_3 = y^{(n)}$
 $= y^{(n+2)} - [y^{(n+1)}(2x+1) + 2ny^{(n)}] - 2y^{(n)} = 0$

$0 = y^{(n+2)} - y^{(n+1)}(2x+1) - 2ny^{(n)} - 2y^{(n)}$

$0 = y^{(n+2)} - y^{(n+1)}(2x+1) - 2y^{(n)}(n+1)$

$y^{(n+2)} = y^{(n+1)}(2x+1) + 2y^{(n)}(n+1)$

$y^{n+2} = 2x+1(y^{n+1}) + 2(n+1)[y^{(n)}]$

2) a) $y = x^3 e^{4x}$

let $u = e^{4x}$ $v = x^3$

Leibnitz theorem

$$y^{(n)} = u^{(n)} v + n u^{(n-1)} v' + \frac{n(n-1)}{2!} u^{(n-2)} v'' + \dots$$

$$+ \frac{n(n-1)(n-2)}{3!} u^{(n-3)} v''' + \dots$$

$$u = e^{4x}$$

$$u' = 4e^{4x}$$

$$u'' = 16e^{4x}$$

$$u''' = 64e^{4x}$$

$$u^{(4)} = 256e^{4x}$$

$$u^{(5)} = 1024e^{4x}$$

$$v = x^3$$

$$v' = 3x^2$$

$$v'' = 6x$$

$$v''' = 6$$

$$v^{(4)} = 0$$

$$v^{(5)} = 0$$

$$y^{(5)} = 1024e^{4x}x^3 + 5 \cdot 256e^{4x} \cdot 3x^2 + \dots + \frac{5(4)64e^{4x}6}{2!}$$

$$+ \frac{5(4)(3)16e^{4x}6}{3!} + \dots + \frac{5(4)(3)(2)4e^{4x}(6)}{4!} +$$

$$\frac{5(4)(3)(2)(1)e^{4x} \cdot 0}{5!}$$

$$y^{(5)} = 1024e^{4x}x^5 + 3840e^{4x}x^2 + 8840e^{4x}x + 960e^{4x}$$

$$11) x^2 \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} + x \frac{dy}{dx} + y = 0$$

$$x^2 y^{(2)} + x \frac{dy}{dx} + y = 0$$

$$w_1 \quad w_2 \quad w_3$$

$$w_1^{(n)} y^n = x^2 y^{(n+2)} + n y^{(n+1)} 2x + \frac{n(n-1)}{2!} y^{(n)} \cdot 2 +$$

$$w_2^{(n)} = x(y^{(n+1)}) + n y^{(n)} +$$

$$W_0^{(n)} = y^{(n)}$$

$$x^2 y^{(n+2)} + n y^{(n+1)} (2x + \frac{n(n-1)}{2!} y^{(n)} + x C y^{(n+1)}) + n y^{(n)}$$

$$+ y^{(n)} = 0$$

$$x^2 y^{(n+2)} + y^{(n+1)} (2xn + n(n-1) y^{(n)} + x C y^{(n+1)}) + n y^{(n)} + y^{(n)} = 0$$

$$x^2 y^{(n+2)} + y^{(n+1)} [2xn + x] + y^{(n)} [n(n-1) + n + 1] = 0$$

$$x^2 y^{(n+2)} + y^{(n+1)} x (2n+1) + y^{(n)} [n^2+1] = 0$$

$$\therefore x^2 y^{(n+2)} + x(2n+1) y^{(n+1)} + y^{(n)} (n^2+1) = 0$$