

AROKOYO TAIYE

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MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

1) If $y = e^{x^2+n}$

Show that $y'' = y(2n+1) + 2y$

$$y' = (2n+1)e^{x^2+n}$$

$$y'' = 2e^{x^2+n} + (2n+1)(2n+1)e^{x^2+n}$$

$$y'' = 2 + (2n+1)y'$$

hence $y'' = y'(2n+1) + 2y$

$$y^{(n+2)} = y^{(n+1)}(2n+1) + (n+1)y^n \cdot 2$$

$$y^{(n+2)} = (2n+1)y^{(n+1)} + 2(n+1)y^n$$

$$y^n = x^2 y^{(n+2)} + 2n y^{(n+1)} + n(n-1)y^n + n y^{(n+1)} + n y^{(n)} + y^{(n)}$$
$$y^n = y^{(n+2)}(x^2) + y^{(n+1)}(2n+1) + y^{(n)}(n(n-1) + n - 1)$$

$$y^n = x^2 y^{n+2} + (2n+1)ny^{n+1} + (n^2-1)y^n$$

$$\therefore x^2 y^{(n+2)} + (2n+1)ny^{(n+1)} + (n^2-1)y^n = 0$$

2) $y = x^3 e^{4x}$

determine y^5

$$y^n = u^n v + nu^{n-1} v' + \frac{n(n-1)}{2!} u^{n-2} v^2$$

$$+ \frac{n(n-1)(n-2)}{3!} v^3 + \dots$$

Let $v = x^3$ and $u = e^{4x}$

$$y^5 = (4)^5 e^{4x} \cdot x^3 + 5(4)^4 e^{4x} \cdot 3x^2 +$$

$$10(4)^3 e^{4x} \cdot 6x + 10(4)^2 e^{4x} \cdot 6 + 0$$

$$y^5 = 1024x^3 e^{4x} + 3840x^2 e^{4x} +$$

$$3840x e^{4x} + 960 e^{4x}$$

$$y^5 = e^{4x} (1024x^3 + 3840x^2 + 3840x + 960)$$

3) $x^2 \frac{dy}{dx} + xy + y = 0$

Show that ~~3f~~

$$x^2 y^{(n+2)} + (2n+1)ny^{(n+1)} + (n^2-1)y^{(n)} = 0$$

$$x^2 y'' + xy' + y = 0$$

$$x^2 y^{(n+2)} + n y^{(n+1)} + y = 0$$

Using Leibnitz theorem

$$y^n = y^{(n+2)} \cdot x^2 + n \cdot 2xy^{(n+1)} +$$

$$\frac{2n(n-1)}{2!} y^n + y^{(n+1)} \cdot n + ny^{n-1} + y^n$$