

Himachal Pradesh  
 15/611006/010  
 Mechanical Engineering

d) If  $y = e^{x^2+2x}$

$u = x^2 + 2x$

$\frac{du}{dx} = 2x + 2$

$y = e^u$

$\frac{dy}{du} = e^u$

$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{dy}{du} \cdot \frac{du}{dx}$

$= e^u \cdot (2x + 2)$

$2x + 2 = u = x^2 + 2x$

$\frac{dy}{dx} = 2x + 2 \cdot e^{x^2+2x}$

$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = 2e^{x^2+2x} + u + (2x+2)(2x+2)e^{x^2+2x}$

$= 2e^{x^2+2x} + 4x^2 + 4x + 4e^{x^2+2x}$

$= 2e^{x^2+2x} + 4x^2 + 4x + 4e^{x^2+2x}$

$y = \frac{dy}{dx}, \quad y' = \frac{dy}{dx}, \quad y'' = e^{x^2+2x}$

$y = y(x^2+2x) + 2y$

$y' = 2e^{x^2+2x} + 4x^2 + 4x + 4e^{x^2+2x}$

$y'' = (2x+2) \cdot (2x+2)e^{x^2+2x}$   
 $= 4x^2 + 4x + 4e^{x^2+2x}$

$y'' = 2e^{x^2+2x}$

$y' (2x+2) \cdot y'' = 2e^{x^2+2x} + 4x^2 + 4x + 4e^{x^2+2x}$   
 $= 2e^{x^2+2x} + 4x^2 + 4x + 4e^{x^2+2x}$

$y = y(x^2+2x) + 2y$

$w_1$

$$u = y^r \quad v = 1$$

$$u' = y^{r-1} \quad v' = 0$$
$$= y^{r-1} \cdot 1 + 0$$

$w_2$

$$u = y^r \quad v = 2x+1$$

$$u' = r y^{r-1} \quad v' = 2$$

$$u'' = r(r-1) y^{r-2} \quad v'' = 0$$
$$= y^{r-1} (2x+1) + r(y^{r-1}) \cdot 2 + 0$$
$$= y^{r-1} (2x+1) + 2r(y^{r-1})$$

$w_3$

$$u = y \quad v = 1$$

$$u' = y^0 \quad v' = 0$$

$$= 2(y^{0-1}) + 0$$

$$= 2y^{-1}$$

$$w_4 = w_1 + w_2$$

$$y^{r''} = y^{r-1} (2x+1) + 2r(y^{r-1}) + 2y^{-1}$$
$$= y^{r-1} (2x+1) + 2(r+1)y^r$$

2a) Using Leibnitz theorem gives that  
 $y = x^3 e^{4x}$  determine  $y^{(4)}$

Soln

$$u = e^{4x} \quad v = x^3$$

$$y^{(4)} = \frac{4!}{6} u^{(4)} v + 5u''' v' + 10u'' v'' + 10u' v''' + 5u v^{(4)} + uv^{(5)}$$

$$= 4! e^{4x} \cdot x^3 + 5(4^3 e^{4x} \cdot 3x^2) + 10(4^2 e^{4x} \cdot 6x) + 5(4^1 e^{4x} \cdot 6) + 0$$

$$= 1024 e^{4x} x^3 + 1280 e^{4x} 3x^2 + 640 e^{4x} \cdot 6x + 80 e^{4x} \cdot 6$$

$$= 1024 e^{4x} x^3 + 3840 e^{4x} x^2 + 3840 e^{4x} x + 480 e^{4x}$$

$$b) \quad \frac{x^2 y''}{2!} + \frac{x y'}{1!} + y = 0$$

$$\frac{x^2 y''}{2!} + \frac{x y'}{1!} + y = 0$$

$$\downarrow \qquad \downarrow \qquad \downarrow$$

$$w_1 \qquad w_2 \qquad w_3$$

$$w_1 + w_2 + w_3 = 0$$

for  $w_1$

$$u = y^x \qquad v = x^1$$

$$u' = y^{x+1} \qquad v' = 2x$$

$$u'' = y^{x+2} \qquad v'' = 2$$

$$= y^{(x+2)} (x^2) + n(y^{x+1}) 2x + \frac{n(n-1)y^{x-2}}{2!} = 0$$

$$= x^2 y^{(x+2)} + 2nx(y^{x+1}) + n(n-2)y^x$$

for  $w_2$

$$u = y^x \qquad v = 0$$

$$u' = y^{x+1} \qquad v' = 0$$

$$u'' = y^{x+2} \qquad v'' = 0$$

$$= y^{x+2} \cdot x + 0y^x + 0$$

For  $w_3$

$$u = y \qquad v = 1$$

$$u' = y^0 \qquad v' = 0$$

$$u'' = y^{-1}$$

$$w_1 + w_2 + w_3 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x^2 y^{(x+2)} + 2nx \cdot y^{(x+1)} + (n^2 - n) y^{(x+2)} y^{(x+1)} + n y^{(x+2)} + y^n$$

$$\Rightarrow x y^{(x+2)} + 2nx y^{(x+1)} + x y^{(x+1)} + n^2 y^x \cdot n y^x + n y^x + y^n$$

$$= x^2 y^{(x+2)} + 2n + 1 (x y^{(x+1)}) + (n^2 - n) y^n$$