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15/ENG04/003

ELECTRICAL ELECTRONICS

ENG 381

Assignment

1) Question $y = e^{x^2+x}$

Show that $y'' = y'(2x+1) + 2y$ and prove that $y^{(n+2)} = (2x+1)y^{(n+1)} + 2(n+1)y^n$

Solution

$$y = e^{x^2+x} \quad \text{--- 1}$$

$$y' = (2x+1)e^{x^2+x} \quad \text{--- 2}$$

$$y^n = C_1^n e^{nx}$$

$$\text{where } \frac{u dv}{dx} + \frac{v du}{dx} = \frac{dy}{dx}$$

$$u = 2x+1 \quad ; \quad du/dx = 2$$

$$v = e^{x^2+x} \quad ; \quad dv/dx = (2x+1)e^{x^2+x}$$

$$\text{From } y'' = (2x+1)(2x+1)e^{x^2+x} + 2e^{x^2+x}$$

From eqn (1) and (2)

$$y'' = y'(2x+1) + 2y$$

$$\text{let } w_1 = y' \quad w = y'(2x+1)$$

$$u = y^2$$

$$u^n = y^{(2+n)}$$

$$u = y^{(1)}$$

$$v = 2x+1$$

$$u^2 = y^{(1+1)}$$

$$v = 2$$

$$\cancel{u^{n+1} = y^{(n+1)}}$$

$$u^{n+1} = y^n$$

$$w_2 = 2y$$

$$u = y \quad v = 2$$

$$u^n = y^{(n)}$$

$$w_1^{(n)} = w_2^{(n)} + w_3^{(n)}$$

$$y^n = u^{(n)}v + nu^{(n-1)}v''$$

$$y^{(2+n)} = y^{(1+n)} \cdot (2x+1) + n(y^{(n)}) \cdot 2 + y^{(n)2}$$

$$y^{(2+n)} = (2x+1)y^{(1+n)} + 2(n+1)y^{(n)}$$

2.) $y = n^3 e^{4x}$; determine $y^{(5)}$

Solution

$$u = e^{4x}$$

$$u^n = 4^n e^{4x}$$

$$u^{n-1} = 4^{n-1} e^{4x}$$

$$u^{n-2} = 4^{n-2} e^{4x}$$

$$u^{n-3} = 4^{n-3} e^{4x}$$

$$y^{(n)} = u^n v + n u^{(n-1)} v' + \frac{n(n-1)u^{(n-2)}v''}{2!} + \frac{n(n-1)(n-2)u^{(n-3)}v'''}{3!}$$

$$y^{(5)} = 4^5 e^{4x} \cdot x^3 + 5(4^4 e^{4x}) \cdot 3x^2 + 5(4)(4^3 e^{4x}) \cdot 6x +$$

$$+ 5(4)(3)(4^2 e^{4x}) \cdot 6 + \dots$$

$$y^{(5)} = 1024x^3 + 3840x^2 e^{4x} + 3840x e^{4x} + 96e^{4x}$$

$$y^{(5)} = 64e^{4x} [16x^3 + 60x^2 + 60x + 15]$$

11.) $x^2 \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} + x \frac{dy}{dx} + y = 0$

Such that $n^2 y^{(n+2)} + (2n+1)xy^{(n+1)} + (n^2+1)y^n = 0$

Solution

Let $w = x^2 y$

$$u = y', \quad u' = y'', \quad u'' = y''', \quad \dots \quad u^{(n)} = y^{(n+2)}$$

$$v = x^2$$

$$v' = 2x$$

$$v'' = 2$$

$$v''' = 0$$

$$w^{(n)} = u^n v^n + n u^{(n-1)} v' + \frac{n(n-1)u^{(n-2)}v''}{2!} + n(n-1)(n-2)u^{(n-3)}v'''$$

$$w^n = y^{n+2} x^2 + n \cdot y^{n+1} \cdot 2x + \frac{n(n-1)y^n \cdot 2}{2} + 0$$

$$w^n = y^{n+2} \cdot x^2 + n \cdot 2xy^{n+1} + n(n-1)y^n$$

Let $w = xy'$

$u = y'$; $u' = y''$; $u^n = y^{(n+1)}$

$v = x$

$v' = 1$

$v'' = 0$

$$w^{(n)} = \frac{u^n v^{(0)}}{1} + \frac{n u^{n-1} v^{(1)}}{2!} + \frac{n(n-1) u^{n-2} v^{(2)}}{3!} + \dots$$

$$w^{(n)} = y^{n+1} + x + \frac{n y^n \cdot 1}{2!} + \frac{n(n-1) y^{n-1} \cdot 0}{3!} + \dots$$

$$w^{(n)} = y^{n+1} + x + n y^n$$

where $w = y$

$$w^2 = y^n$$

$$\therefore y^{n+2} x^2 + n \cdot y^{n+1} \cdot 2x + n(n-1) y^n + y^{n+1} + n + n y^n + y^n \geq 0$$

$$= y^{n+2} x^2 + [n \cdot 2xy^{n+1} + xy^{n+1}] + [n(n-1)y^n + ny^n + y^n] = 0$$

$$= x^2 y^{n+2} + (2x+1)xy^{n+1} + (n^2 - n + 1 + n) y^n = 0$$

$$= x^2 y^{n+2} + (2x+1)xy^{n+1} + (n^2 + 1) y^n = 0$$