

OHABUNNA RESORT
 15/01/2027
 CIVIL ENGINEERING

1) If $y = e^{x^2+x}$

let $u = x^2+x$

$\frac{dy}{dx} = 2x+1$

$y = e^4$

$\frac{dy}{du} = e^4$

$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{dy}{du} \times \frac{du}{dx}$

$\frac{dy}{dx} = e^4 \times (2x+1)$

where $u = x^2+x$

$\frac{dy}{dx} = e^{x^2+x} (2x+1) = y'$

If $y' = e^{x^2+x} (2x+1)$

Then

$y'' = e^{x^2+x} (2) + [e^{x^2+x} (2x+1)] (2x+1)$

$y'' = 2 \cdot e^{x^2+x} + e^{x^2+x} (2x+1) (2x+1)$

but $y = e^{x^2+x}$

and $y' = e^{x^2+x} (2x+1)$

$y'' = 2(y) + y'(2x+1)$

Applying Leibnitz theorem

$y^{(n+2)} = 2(n+1)y^{(n)} + y^{(n+1)}(2n+1)$

2) ~~Using~~ $y = x^3 e^{4x}$

Using Leibnitz theorem

$y = u^3 v + 3u^2 v' + 3u v'^2 + 3u^2 v^3 + 3u v^4 + v^5$

When $u = e^{4x}$

$v = x^3 \quad v' = 3x^2 \quad v'' = 6x$

$u' = 4e^{4x}$

$v''' = 6$

$u'' = 16e^{4x}$

$u''' = 64e^{4x}$

$u^{(4)} = 256e^{4x}$

$u^{(5)} = 1024e^{4x}$

$y^{(5)} = 1$
 6)
 y'
 y''
 y'''

let
 for
 $w_1 =$

for w_2
 w_3
 for
 $n y$

$$y^{(5)} = 10240^{4x} (x^3) + 5(256x^{4x})(3x^2) + 10(64x^{4x})(6x) + 10(16x^{4x})(6) + 5(4x^{4x})(6) + (0)^5$$

$$y^{(5)} = 1024x^5 \cdot e^{4x} + 3840x^2 \cdot e^{4x} + 3840x \cdot e^{4x} + 960e^{4x}$$

$$y^{(5)} = e^{4x} (1024x^3 + 3840x^2 + 3840x + 960)$$

ii) $x^2 \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} + x \frac{dy}{dx} + y = 0$, show that $x^2 y^{(n+2)} + (2n+1)xy^{(n+1)} + (n^2+1)y^{(n)} = 0$

solution

$$x^2 y'' + xy' + y = 0$$

let $w_1 = x^2 y''$, ~~$w_2 = xy'$~~

for $w_1 = x^2 y''$

$$w_1 = x^2 y'' \quad w_1' = 2x y'' \quad w_1'' = 2y'' \quad w_1''' = 0$$

$$u = y^{(2)} \quad u^{(n)} = y^{(n+2)} \quad u^{(n-1)} = y^{(n+1)} \quad u^{(n-2)} = y^{(n)}$$

$$w_1 = y^{(n+2)} \cdot x^2 + n y^{(n+1)} \cdot 2x + \frac{n(n-1)}{2!} y^{(n)} \cdot 2 + 0$$

for $w_2 = xy'$

$$w_2 = y^{(n+1)} \cdot x + n y^{(n)} \cdot 1 + 0$$

for $w_3 = y^{(n)}$

$$ny^{(n)} + y^{(n)} = 0 \quad \frac{x^2 y^{(n+2)}}{2} + ny^{(n+1)} \cdot 2x + \frac{n(n-1)}{2} x^2 y^{(n)} + xy' + y^{(n+1)} \cdot 3 +$$

$$x^2 y^{(n+2)} + 2xy^{(n+1)} + y^{(n)}(n(n-1) + n + 1) = 0$$

$$x^2 y^{(n+2)} + (2n+1)xy^{(n+1)} + (n^2 - 0 + 1)y^{(n)} = 0$$

$$x^2 y^{(n+2)} + (2n+1)xy^{(n+1)} + (n^2 + 1)y^{(n)} = 0$$