

Name : Amburaj Viced

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Dept : mechanical Eng

Matr No : 161E9061011

1 The power P dissipated in a resistor is given by $P = \frac{E^2}{R}$. If $E = 200$ volts and $R = 8$ ohms, find the change in P resulting from a drop of 3 volts in E and an increase of 0.2 ohm in R .

Ans

$$\delta P = \frac{\partial P}{\partial E} \delta E + \frac{\partial P}{\partial R} \delta R$$

$$P = \frac{E^2}{R}$$

$$\frac{\partial P}{\partial E} = 2ER^{-1}$$

$$= 2E/R$$

$$\frac{\partial P}{\partial R} = -\frac{E^2}{R^2}$$

$$R = 8, E = 200, \delta E = -3, \delta R = 0.2$$

$$\delta P = (2) \frac{(200)(-3)}{8} - \frac{(200)^2(0.2)}{8^2}$$

$$= -250 - 125$$

$$= -375 \text{ W}$$

Power decreases by 375 watts

2 The deflection y at the centre of a circular plate suspended at the edge and uniformly loaded is given as

$$y = k \frac{w d^4}{t^3}$$

where w = total load, d = diameter of plate, t = thickness and k is a constant

Calculate the approximate percentage change in y if w is increased by 3 percent, d is increased

by $2\frac{1}{2}$ percent and t is increased by 4 percent.

Ans

$$\Delta y = k \left(\frac{dy}{dw} \Delta w + \frac{dy}{d^2} \Delta d + \frac{dy}{dt} \Delta t \right)$$

$$\frac{dy}{dw} = \frac{d^4}{t^3}, \quad \frac{dy}{d^2} = \frac{4wd^3}{t^3}, \quad \frac{dy}{dt} = \frac{-3wd^4}{t^4}$$

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$$\Delta w = \frac{3w}{100}, \quad \Delta d = \frac{5d}{200}, \quad \Delta t = \frac{4t}{100}$$

$$\Delta y = \left(\frac{k d^4}{t^3} \left(\frac{3w}{100} \right) + \frac{k 4 w d^3}{t^3} \left(\frac{5d}{200} \right) - \frac{k 3 w d^4}{t^4} \left(\frac{4t}{100} \right) \right)$$

$$\Delta y = \frac{3k w d^4}{100 t^3} + \frac{20 w d^4 k}{200 t^3} - \frac{12 k w d^4}{100 t^3}$$

$$\Delta y = \frac{1}{100} \left(\frac{3k w d^4}{t^3} + \frac{10 k w d^4}{t^3} - \frac{12 k w d^4}{t^3} \right)$$

$$\Delta y = \frac{1}{100} (3y + 10y - 12y)$$

$$\Delta y = \frac{1}{100} (1y)$$

$$\Delta y = \frac{1}{100} y$$

y increases by $\frac{1}{100}$ percent