

$$1 \quad (1-x^2) \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} - 2x \frac{dy}{dx} + 2y = 0$$

$$(1-x^2) \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} V &= 1-x^2 & U &= y^2 \\ V' &= -2x & U^n &= y^{n+2} \\ V'' &= -2 & U^{n-1} &= y^{n+1} \\ V''' &= 0 & U^{n-2} &= y^n \end{aligned}$$

Using Leibnitz

$$U^n V + n U^{n-1} V' + \frac{n(n-1)}{2!} U^{n-2} V''$$

$$y^{n+2} (1-x^2) + n (y^{n+1}) (-2x) + \frac{n(n-1)}{2} y^n = 0$$

at  $x=0$

$$y^{n+2} + -n(n-1)y^n = y^{n+2} - (n^2+n)y^n + (-n^2+n)y^n$$

$$-2x \frac{dy}{dx}$$

$$\begin{aligned} V &= -2x & U &= y' \\ V' &= -2 & U^n &= y^{n+1} \\ V'' &= 0 & U^{n-1} &= y^n \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (y^{n+1})(-2x) + n(y^n)(-2) \\ \text{at } x=0 \\ -2ny^n \end{aligned}$$

$$2y$$

$$\begin{aligned} V &= 2 & U &= y & & = 2y^n \\ V' &= 0 & U^n &= y^n \end{aligned}$$

$$y^{n+2} + (-n^2 + n)y^n - 2ny^n + 2y^n \text{ — recurrence eqn}$$

$$y^{n+2} + y^n(-n^2 + n - 2n + 2)$$

$$y^{n+2} + y^n(-n^2 - n + 2) = 0$$

$$y^{n+2} = -y^n(n^2 + n - 2)$$

at  $n=0$

$$y^2 = -y^0(-2) = +2y^0$$

$$n=1 \quad y^3 = -y_0'(0) = 0$$

$$n=2 \quad y^4 = -y_0''(4) = -4y^2 \text{ i.e. } -4 \times 2y^0 = -8y^0$$

$$n=3 \quad y^5 = -y_0'''(10) = -10y^3 \text{ i.e. } -10 \times 0 = 0$$

$$n=4 \quad y^6 = -y_0^{(4)}(18) = -18y^4 \text{ i.e. } -18 \times -8y^0 = 144y^0$$

$$n=5 \quad y^7 = -y_0^{(5)}(28) = -28y^5 \text{ i.e. } -28 \times 0 = 0$$

Maclaurin

$$x + xy_0' + \frac{x^2}{2!} y_0'' + \frac{x^3}{3!} y_0''' + \frac{x^4}{4!} y_0^{(4)} + \frac{x^5}{5!} y_0^{(5)}$$

$$= x + \frac{x^2}{2!} - 8y^0 + \frac{x^4}{4!} \cdot 144y^0 \dots$$

$$P.) \quad 3e^{-4t} - 5e^{4t} = \frac{3}{s+4} - \frac{5}{s-4}$$

$$ii \quad \sin 4t + \cos 4t = \frac{4}{s^2+4^2} + \frac{s}{s^2+4^2}$$

$$iv) \quad e^{-2t} \cos 5t$$

$$e^{-2t} = \frac{1}{s+2} \quad \cos 5t = \frac{s}{s^2+5^2} \quad e^{-2t} \cos 5t = \frac{s+2}{(s+2)^2+5^2}$$

$$v) t \sin 3t = \frac{3}{s^2+9}$$

$$-\frac{d}{ds} \left[ \frac{3}{s^2+9} \right]$$

$$u = 3$$

$$v = s^2+9$$

$$\frac{dy}{dv} = 0$$

$$\frac{dv}{du} = 2s$$

$$\frac{v \frac{dy}{dv} - u \frac{dv}{du}}{v^2} = \frac{(s^2+9)(0) - (3)(2s)}{(s^2+9)^2}$$

$$= \frac{-6s}{(s^2+9)^2}$$

$$vi) e^{4t} \cos 2t$$

$$e^{4t} = \frac{1}{s-4}$$

$$\cos 2t = \frac{s}{s^2+2^2}$$

$$e^{4t} \cos 2t = \frac{s-4}{(s-4)^2+2^2}$$

$$viii) t \sin 2t = \frac{2}{s^2+4}$$

$$-\frac{d}{ds} \left[ \frac{2}{s^2+4} \right]$$

$$u = 2$$

$$v = s^2+4$$

$$\frac{dy}{dv} = 0$$

$$\frac{dv}{du} = 2s$$

$$\text{Quotient rule} = \frac{\cancel{(2)}(0) - \cancel{(s^2+4)}(2s)(\cancel{2})}{(s^2+4)^2} = \frac{-4s}{(s^2+4)^2}$$

$$ix) t^2 + 4t^2 + 5 = \frac{L(t^3) + 4L(t^2) + 5}{s^3+1} = \frac{3!}{s^3+1} + 4 \left( \frac{2!}{s^2+1} \right) + \frac{5}{s}$$

$$x \quad e^{3t} (t^2 + 4)$$

$$e^{3t} = \frac{1}{s-3} \quad t^2 + 4 = \frac{2!}{s^2+1} + \frac{4}{s}$$

$$e^{3t} (t^2 + 4) = \frac{2!}{(s-3)^2 + 1} + \frac{4}{s-3}$$

$$X_1) \quad t^2 \cos t$$

$$\cos t = \frac{s}{s^2+1}$$

$$-\frac{d}{ds} \left( \frac{s}{s^2+1} \right)$$

$$u = s$$

$$v = s^2+1$$

$$\frac{du}{dv} = 1$$

$$\frac{dv}{du} = 2s$$

$$-\frac{(s^2+1)(1) - (s)(2s)}{(s^2+1)^2} = \frac{-s^2+1-2s^2}{s^2+1}$$

$$\frac{-2s^2-s^2+1}{(s^2+1)^2}$$

$$u = -2s^2-s^2+1$$

$$v = s^2+1$$

$$\frac{du}{dv} = -4s-2s$$

$$\frac{dv}{du} = 2s$$

$$\frac{(s^2+1)(-4s-2s) + (2s^2-s^2+1)(2s)}{(s^2+1)^2}$$

$$\frac{(s^2+1)(-6s) + (4s^3-2s^3+2s)}{(s^2+1)^2}$$

$$X_{11} j)$$

$$\frac{\sinh 2t}{t} = \frac{2}{s^2-4}$$

$$\text{let } u = s^2-4$$

$$\frac{du}{ds} = 2s$$

$$\mathcal{L} \left[ \frac{\sinh \cdot t}{t} \right] = \int_{s=0}^{\infty} \frac{2}{s^2-4} ds$$

$$ds = \frac{ds}{2s}$$

$$= \int_{\infty=3}^{\infty} \frac{2}{v} \frac{dv}{2s}$$

$$\frac{1}{s} \int_{s=2}^{\infty} \frac{1}{v} dv$$

$$\frac{1}{s} \ln v \Big|_{s=2}^{\infty}$$

$$= \frac{1}{s} \ln(s^2 - 4) \Big|_s^{\infty}$$

3. i 
$$\frac{s-5}{(s-3)(s-4)} = \frac{A}{s-3} + \frac{B}{s-4}$$

$$s-5 = A(s-4) + B(s-3)$$

$$s=4 \quad s=3$$

$$B=-1 \quad A=2$$

$$\frac{s-5}{(s-3)(s-4)} = \frac{2}{s-3} - \frac{1}{s-4}$$

$$= 2e^{3t} - e^{4t}$$

ii 
$$\frac{2s-6}{(s-2)(s-4)} = \frac{A}{s-2} + \frac{B}{s-4}$$

$$2s-6 = A(s-4) + B(s-2)$$

$$s=2 \quad s=4$$

$$A=1 \quad B=1$$

$$\frac{2s-6}{(s-2)(s-4)} = \frac{1}{s-2} + \frac{1}{s-4}$$

$$= e^{2t} + e^{4t}$$

$$\text{iii) } \frac{5s-8}{s(s-4)} = \frac{A}{s} + \frac{B}{s-4}$$

$$\frac{5s-8}{s(s-4)} = \frac{A(s-4) + B(s)}{s(s-4)}$$

$$s=0 \quad s=4$$

$$A=2 \quad B=3$$

$$\frac{5s-8}{s(s-4)} = \frac{2}{s} + \frac{3}{s-4}$$

$$= 2e^t + 3e^{4t}$$

$$\text{iv) } \frac{s^2-3s-4}{(s-3)(s-1)^2} = \frac{A}{s-3} + \frac{B}{s-1} + \frac{C}{(s-1)^2}$$

$$s^2-3s-4 = A(s-1)^2 + B(s-1)(s-3) + C(s-3)$$

$$s=3 \quad s=1$$

$$A=-1 \quad C=4$$

Comparing coefficient

$$1 = A + B$$

$$1 = -1 + B$$

$$B = 1 + 1$$

$$B = 2$$

but  $A = -1$

$$\frac{s^2-3s-4}{(s-3)(s-1)^2} = \frac{-1}{s-3} + \frac{2}{s-1} + \frac{4}{(s-1)^2}$$

$$= -e^{3t} + 2e^t + 4e^t \cos t$$