

## Assignment

$$1) (1-x^2)y'' - 2xy' + 2y = 0$$

$$\omega_1: u = y^2 \quad v = 1-x^2$$

$$u^n = y^{n+2} \quad v' = -2x$$

$$u^{n-1} = y^{n+1} \quad v'' = -2$$

$$u^{n-2} = y^n$$

$$= (1-x^2)y^{n+2} - n2xy^{n+1} - \frac{n(n-1)}{2}y^n(-2)$$

$$= (1-x^2)y^{n+2} - 2xny^{n+1} - n(n-1)y^n$$

$$\omega_2: u = y' \quad v = 2x$$

$$u^n = y'^{n+1} \quad v' = 2$$

$$u^{n-1} = y'^n$$

$$= 2xy'^{n+1} + 2ny'^n$$

$$\text{ws: } u = y \quad v = 2$$

$$u^n = y^n$$

$$= 2y^n$$

$$(1-x^2)y^{n+2} - 2xny^{n+1} - n(n-1)y^n - 2xy^{n+1} - 2ny^n + 2y^n = 0$$

$$\text{at } (x=0)y^{n+2} \text{ when } x=0$$

$$y^{n+2} - n(n-1)y^n + 2ny^n + 2y^n = 0$$

$$y^{n+2} + y^n (-n^2 + n - 2n + 2) = 0$$

$$y^{n+2} + y^n (2 - n^2 - n) = 0$$

$$y^{n+2} = -y^n (2 - n^2 - n) \text{ - Recurrence Relation}$$

$$n=0 \quad (y^{(2)})_0 = -2(y^{(0)})_0$$

$$n=1 \quad (y^{(3)})_0 = 0$$

$$n=2 \quad (y^{(4)})_0 = 4(y^{(2)})_0 = 4(-2)(y^{(0)})_0$$

$$n=3 \quad (y^{(5)})_0 = 10(y^{(3)})_0 = 0$$

$$n=4 \quad (y^{(6)})_0 = 18(y^{(4)})_0 = 18(4)(-2)(y^{(0)})_0$$

$$n=5 \quad (y^{(7)})_0 = 28(y^{(5)})_0 = 0$$

$$y = (y^{(0)})_0 + x(y^{(1)})_0 + \frac{x^2}{2!}(y^{(2)})_0 + \frac{x^3}{3!}(y^{(3)})_0 + \frac{x^4}{4!}(y^{(4)})_0 + \dots$$

$$y = (y^{(0)})_0 + x(y^{(1)})_0 - \frac{x^2}{2!}(2)(y^{(0)})_0 + \frac{x^3}{3!}(0) + \frac{x^4}{4!}(4)(-2)(y^{(0)})_0 + \frac{x^5}{5!}(0) + \frac{x^6}{6!}(18)(4)(-2)(y^{(0)})_0 + \frac{x^7}{7!}(0) + \dots$$

$$y = (y^{(0)})_0 + x(y^{(1)})_0 - x^2(y^{(0)})_0 - \frac{x^4}{3}(y^{(0)})_0 - \frac{x^6}{5}(y^{(0)})_0 + \dots$$

$$y = (y^{(0)})_0 \left[ 1 - x^2 - \frac{x^4}{3} - \frac{x^6}{5} + \dots \right] + x(y^{(1)})_0 + \dots$$

$$2) i) L[3e^{-4t} - 5e^{7t}]$$

solution

$$\frac{3}{s+4} - \frac{5}{s-4} = \frac{3s-12-5s-20}{(s+4)(s-4)} = \frac{-2s-32}{(s+4)(s-4)}$$

$$ii) L[\sin 4t + \cos 4t]$$

solution

$$\frac{4}{s^2+4^2} + \frac{s}{s^2+4^2} = \frac{4+s}{s^2+16}$$

$$iii) L[t^3 + 2t^2 - t + 4]$$

solution

$$\frac{3!}{s^4} + \frac{2 \cdot 2!}{s^3} - \frac{1}{s^2} + \frac{4}{s} = \frac{6+4s-s^2+4s^3}{s^4}$$

$$iv) L[e^{-2t} \cos 5t]$$

~~$$\frac{s+2}{(s+2)^2+5^2}$$~~

$$\frac{s+2}{(s+2)^2+25}$$

$$v.) \mathcal{L}[t \sin 3t]$$

$$\mathcal{L}[\sin 3t]$$

$$= \frac{3}{s^2+9}$$

$$\mathcal{L}[t \sin 3t] = \frac{-d}{ds} f(s)$$

$$= \frac{-d}{ds} \left( \frac{3}{s^2+9} \right)$$

$$u = 3 \quad du = 0$$

$$v = s^2+9 \quad dv = 2s$$

$$- \left( \frac{-6s}{(s^2+9)^2} \right)$$

$$= \frac{6s}{(s^2+9)^2}$$

$$vi.) \mathcal{L}\left[\frac{e^{-t} - e^{-2t}}{t}\right]$$

$$\mathcal{L}[e^{-t} - e^{-2t}]$$

$$= \frac{1}{s+1} - \frac{1}{s+2}$$

$$\mathcal{L}\left[\frac{e^{-t} - e^{-2t}}{t}\right] = \int_{\sigma=s}^{\infty} \left( \frac{1}{\sigma+1} - \frac{1}{\sigma+2} \right) d\sigma$$

$$= \int_{\sigma=s}^{\infty} \left( \frac{1}{\sigma+1} - \frac{1}{\sigma+2} \right) d\sigma$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \int_{\sigma=3}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sigma+1} d\sigma - \int_{\sigma=3}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sigma+2} d\sigma \\
&= \left[ \ln \sigma+1 - \ln \sigma+2 \right]_3^{\infty} \\
&= \ln \left[ \frac{\sigma+1}{\sigma+2} \right]_3^{\infty} \\
&= \ln \left[ \frac{\infty+1}{\infty+2} - \frac{3+1}{3+2} \right] \\
&= \ln \left[ 1 - \frac{3+1}{3+2} \right] \\
&= \ln 1 - \ln \frac{3+1}{3+2} \\
&= - \ln \frac{3+1}{3+2} \\
&= \ln \frac{3+2}{3+1}
\end{aligned}$$

vii.)  $L[e^{4t} \cos 2t]$

Soluto

$$\frac{\cancel{s+4}}{\cancel{(s+4)}} \cdot \frac{s-4}{(s-4)^2 + 2^2} = \frac{s-4}{(s-4)^2 + 4}$$

viii.)  $L[t \sin 2t]$

$$L[\sin 2t] = \frac{2}{s^2+4}$$

$$L[t \sin 2t] = -\frac{d}{ds} \left( \frac{2}{s^2+4} \right)$$

$$u=2 \quad du=0$$

$$v=s^2+4 \quad dv=2s$$

$$= (-) \frac{-4s}{(s^2+4)^2}$$

$$= \frac{4s}{(s^2+4)^2}$$

$$\text{ix.) } L[t^3 + 4t^2 + 5]$$

$$\frac{3!}{s^4} + 4 \cdot \frac{2!}{s^3} + \frac{5}{s}$$

$$= \frac{6}{s^4} + \frac{8}{s^3} + \frac{5}{s}$$

$$= \frac{6 + 8s + 5s^3}{s^4}$$

$$\text{x.) } L[e^{3t}(t^2+4)]$$

$$L[t^2+4] = \frac{2}{s^3} + \frac{4}{s}$$

$$L[e^{3t}(t^2+4)] = \frac{2}{(s-3)^3} + \frac{4}{(s-3)}$$

$$x_i) L[t^2 \cos t]$$

$$L[t \cos t] = -\frac{d}{ds} \left( \frac{s}{s^2+1^2} \right)$$

$$u = s \quad du = 0$$

$$v = s^2+1 \quad dv = 2s$$

$$(-1) \frac{-2s^2}{(s^2+1)^2}$$

$$= \frac{2s^2}{(s^2+1)^2}$$

$$L[t^2 \cos t] = -\frac{d}{ds} \left( \frac{2s^2}{(s^2+1)^2} \right)$$

$$u = 2s^2 \quad du = 4s$$

$$v = (s^2+1)^2 \quad dv = 2s \cdot 2(s^2+1) = 4s(s^2+1)$$

$$\cancel{4s(s^2+1)} \quad 4s$$

$$= (-) \frac{4s(s^2+1)^2 - 2s^2 \cdot 4s(s^2+1)}{(s^2+1)^4}$$

$$= (-) \frac{4s(s^2+1)^2 - 8s^3(s^2+1)}{(s^2+1)^4}$$

$$= (-) \frac{(s^2+1) [4s(s^2+1) - 8s^3]}{(s^2+1)^4}$$

$$= (-) \frac{[4s(s^2+1) - 8s^3]}{(s^2+1)^3}$$

$$= (-) \frac{48 [s^2 + 1 - 2s^2]}{(s^2 + 1)^3}$$

$$= \frac{48 (-s^2 - 1 + 2s^2)}{(s^2 + 1)^3}$$

$$= \frac{48 (s^2 - 1)}{(s^2 + 1)^3}$$

xii.)  $L \left[ \frac{\sinh 2t}{t} \right]$

$$L[\sinh 2t] = \frac{2}{s^2 - 4}$$

$$L \left[ \frac{\sinh 2t}{t} \right] = \int_{\sigma=s}^{\infty} \frac{2}{s^2 - 4} dr$$
$$= 2 \int_{\sigma=s}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sigma^2 - 4} dr$$



$$3) i) \frac{s-5}{(s-3)(s-4)} = \frac{A}{s-3} + \frac{B}{s-4}$$

~~$$s-5 = A(s-4) + B(s-3)$$~~

$$A: \frac{s-5}{s-4} \Big|_{s=3} = \frac{3-5}{3-4} = \frac{-2}{-1} = 2$$

$$B: \frac{s-5}{s-3} \Big|_{s=4} = \frac{4-5}{4-3} = \frac{-1}{1} = -1$$

$$\frac{s-5}{(s-3)(s-4)} = \frac{2}{s-3} - \frac{1}{s-4}$$

$$= 2e^{3t} - e^{4t}$$

$$ii) \frac{2s-6}{(s-2)(s-4)} = \frac{A}{s-2} + \frac{B}{s-4}$$

$$A: \frac{2s-6}{s-4} \Big|_{s=2} = \frac{4-6}{2-4} = \frac{-2}{-2} = 1$$

$$B: \frac{2s-6}{s-2} \Big|_{s=4} = \frac{8-6}{4-2} = \frac{2}{2} = 1$$

$$\frac{2s-6}{(s-2)(s-4)} = \frac{1}{s-2} + \frac{1}{s-4}$$

$$= e^{2t} + e^{4t}$$

$$\text{iii.) } \frac{5s-8}{s(s-4)} = \frac{A}{s} + \frac{B}{s-4}$$

$$A: \frac{5s-8}{s-4} \Big|_{s=0} = \frac{0-8}{0-4} = \frac{-8}{-4} = 2$$

$$B: \frac{5s-8}{s} \Big|_{s=4} = \frac{20-8}{4} = \frac{12}{4} = 3$$

$$\frac{5s-8}{s(s-4)} = \frac{2}{s} + \frac{3}{s-4}$$

$$= 2 + 3e^{4t}$$

$$\text{iv.) } \frac{s^2-3s-4}{(s-3)(s-1)^2} = \frac{A}{s-3} + \frac{B}{(s-1)^2} + \frac{C}{s-1}$$

$$A: \frac{s^2-3s-4}{(s-1)^2} \Big|_{s=3} = \frac{3^2-3(3)-4}{(3-1)^2} = \frac{9-9-4}{2^2} = \frac{-4}{4} = -1$$

$$B: \frac{s^2-3s-4}{(s-3)} \Big|_{s=1} = \frac{1-3-4}{1-3} = \frac{-6}{-2} = 3$$

$$C: \frac{s^2-3s-4}{s-3} \Big|_{s=1} = \frac{d}{ds} \left( \frac{s^2-3s-4}{s-3} \right)$$

$$u = s^2-3s-4 \quad du = 2s-3$$

$$v = s-3 \quad dv = 1$$

$$\frac{(s-3)(2s-3) - (s^2 - 3s - 4)}{(s-3)^2}$$

$$\frac{(s-3)(2s-3) - s^2 + 3s + 4}{(s-3)^2}$$

$$\text{at } s=1$$

$$= \frac{(1-3)(2-3) - 1^2 + 3 + 4}{(1-3)^2}$$

$$= \frac{2 - 1 + 7}{2^2}$$

$$= \frac{8}{4} = 2$$

$$\frac{s^2 - 3s - 4}{(s-3)(s-1)^2} = \frac{-1}{(s-3)} + \frac{3}{(s-1)^2} + \frac{2}{(s-1)}$$
$$= -e^{3t} + 3te^t + 2e^t$$

$$v) \frac{s-5}{s^2+4s+20} = \frac{s-5}{s^2+4s+4+16}$$

$$f(s) = \frac{s}{(s+2)^2+16} - \frac{5}{(s+2)^2+16}$$

$$\frac{s+2-2}{(s+2)^2+16} - \frac{5}{(s+2)^2+16} = \frac{s+2}{(s+2)^2+16} - \frac{2}{(s+2)^2+16} - \frac{5}{(s+2)^2+16}$$

$$= \frac{s+2}{(s+2)^2+4^2} - \frac{7 \cdot 4}{(s+2)^2+4^2}$$

$$= \frac{s+2}{(s+2)^2+4^2} - \frac{7 \cdot 4}{4 \cdot (s+2)^2+4^2}$$

$$f(t) = e^{-2t} \cos 4t - \frac{7}{4} e^{-2t} \sin 4t$$

$$= e^{-2t} \left[ \cos 4t - \frac{7}{4} \sin 4t \right]$$