

$$(1-x^2) \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} - 2x \frac{dy}{dx} + 2y = 0$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow \\ w_1 & - & w_2 & + & w_3 & = & 0 \end{array}$$

for w_1

$$\begin{array}{l} (1-x^2) = v \\ u^n - 2x = v' \\ -2 = v'' \\ 0 = v''' \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} y' = u \\ y^{n+2} = u^n \\ y^{n+1} = u^{n-1} \\ y^n = u^{n-2} \end{array}$$

$$y^n = u^n v + n u^{n-1} v' + n(n-1) u^{n-2} v'' + 0$$

$$= (y^{n+2})(1-x^2) + (-2xy^{n+1}) + \left(\frac{-2y^n}{2}\right)(n^2-n)$$

$$= y^{n+2}(1-x^2) - 2xy^{n+1} - \frac{y^n}{2}(n^2-n)y^n$$

for w_2

$$\begin{array}{l} 2x = v \\ 2 = v' \\ 0 = v'' \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} y' = u \\ y^{n+1} = u^n \\ y^n = u^{n-1} \end{array}$$

$$y^n = u^n v + n u^{n-1} v' + 0$$

$$y^n = 2xy^{n+1} + 2ny^n$$

for w_3

$$\begin{array}{l} 2 = v \\ 0 = v' \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} y = u \\ y^n = u^n \end{array}$$

$$y^n = u^n v$$

$$= 2y^n$$

$$\begin{aligned} & w_1 - w_2 + w_3 \\ & y^{n+2}(1-x^2) - 2xy^{n+1} - (n^2-n)y^n - [2xy^{n+1} + 2ny^n] + 2y^n \\ & = y^{n+2}(1-x^2) - 2xy^{n+1} - 2xy^{n+1} - n^2y^n + ny^n - 2ny^n + 2y^n \\ & = y^{n+2}(1-x^2) - 4xy^{n+1} - n^2y^n - ny^n + 2y^n \\ & = y^{n+2}(1-x^2) - 4xy^{n+1} - ny^n(n^2+n-2) \end{aligned}$$

$$y^{n+2}(1-x^2) - 4xy^{n+1} - y^n(n^2+n-2) = 0$$

when $x=0$

$$y^{n+2} - y^n(n^2+n-2) = 0$$

$$(y^{n+2})_0 = y^n(n^2+n-2)_0$$

$n=1$

~~$$(y^2)_0 = y(1+1-2)$$~~

$$(y^3)_0 = y(1+1-2)$$

$= 0$

$n=2$

$$(y^4)_0 = y^2(4+2-2)$$

$$= (y^2)_0$$

$n=3$

$$(y^5)_0 = y^3(9+3-2)$$

$$= 10(y^3)_0 = 0$$

$n=4$

~~$$(y^6)_0 = (y^4)_0(16+4-2)$$~~

$$(y^6)_0 = 10 \cdot 16(y^4)_0$$

$n=5$

$$(y^7)_0 = (y^5)_0(25+5-2)$$

$$= -28(y^5)_0 = 0$$

$n=6$

$$(y^8)_0 = (y^6)_0(36+6-2)$$

$$= 40(y^6)_0$$

$n=7$

$$(y^9)_0 = (y^7)_0(49+7-2)$$

$$= 54(y^7)_0 = 0$$

$$y = y_0 + x(y_1)_0 + \frac{x^2}{2!}(y_2)_0$$

$$y^n = y_0^n + n y_0^{n-1} x + \frac{n(n-1)}{2!} y_0^{n-2} x^2 + \dots$$

$$y = ($$

all odd y raise to the power of odd no & equals to zero

$$y = (y)_0 + x(y')_0 + \frac{x^2(y'')_0}{2!} + \frac{x^4 4(y'')_0}{4!} + \frac{x^6 (18 \times 4)(y'')_0}{6!} +$$

$$\frac{x^8 40 \times 18 \times 4 (y'')_0}{8!}$$

8!

$$y = (y)_0 + x(y')_0 + \frac{x^2(y'')_0}{2!} + \frac{x^4(y'')_0}{6} + \frac{18 \times 4 x^6 (y'')_0}{6 \times 5 \times 4 \times 3 \times 2} + \frac{x^8 (y'')_0}{8!}$$

$$+ \frac{x^8 90 \times 18 \times 4 (y'')_0}{8 \times 7 \times 6 \times 5 \times 4 \times 3 \times 2}$$

$$y = (y)_0 + x(y')_0 + \frac{x^2(y'')_0}{2} + \frac{x^4(y'')_0}{6} + \frac{x^6(y'')_0}{10} + \frac{x^8}{14}$$

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i) $3e^{-4t} - 5e^{4t}$

$$3[L[e^{-4t}]] - 5[L[e^{4t}]]$$

$$3\left[\frac{1}{s+4}\right] - 5\left[\frac{1}{s-4}\right]$$

$$\frac{3(s-4) - 5(s+4)}{(s+4)(s-4)} = \frac{3s - 12 - 5s - 20}{(s+4)(s-4)}$$

$$= \frac{-2s - 32}{(s+4)(s-4)}$$

ii) $\sin 4t + \cos 4t$

$$L[\sin 4t] + L[\cos 4t]$$

$$\frac{4}{s^2+16} + \frac{s}{s^2+16} = \frac{4+s}{s^2+16}$$

iii) $t^3 + 2t^2 - t + 4$

$$L[t^3] + 2L[t^2] - L[t] + L[4]$$

$$\frac{3!}{s^4} + \frac{4}{s^3} - \frac{1}{s^2} + \frac{4}{s}$$

$$\frac{6}{s^4} + \frac{4}{s^3} - \frac{1}{s^2} + \frac{4}{s}$$

$$\frac{6 + 4s - 1s^2 + 4s^3}{s^4}$$

$$w) e^{-2t} \cos 5t$$

$$L\{e^{-2t} \cos 5t\} = \frac{s}{(s+2)^2 + 25}$$

$$x) t \sin 3t$$

$$L\{t \sin 3t\} = B$$

$$L\{\sin 3t\} = \frac{3}{s^2+9}$$

$$L\{t \sin 3t\} = -d/ds \left\{ \frac{3}{s^2+9} \right\}$$

$$= 4 - \frac{9s}{s^2+9}$$

$$-3 \frac{d}{ds} (s^2+9)^{-1}$$

$$u = s^2 + 9 \quad \frac{du}{ds} = 2s \quad y = u^{-1}$$

$$\frac{dy}{du} = -u^{-2}$$

$$= -u^{-2} \times 2s$$

$$\frac{dy}{ds} = \frac{dy}{du} \times \frac{du}{ds} = -\frac{2s}{u^2} = -\frac{2s}{(s^2+9)^2}$$

$$= -3 \left(\frac{-2s}{s^2+9} \right)$$

$$= \frac{6s}{s^2+9}$$

$$w) \frac{e^{-t} - e^{-2t}}{t}$$

$$L[e^{-t}] = L[e^{-2t}]$$

$$\frac{1}{s+1} - \frac{1}{s+2}$$

$$L\left[\frac{e^{-t} - e^{-2t}}{t} \right] = \left[\frac{1}{s+1} - \frac{1}{s+2} \right] = \int_s^\infty \left(\frac{1}{\sigma+1} - \frac{1}{\sigma+2} \right) d\sigma$$

$$\left[\ln(\sigma+1) - \ln(\sigma+2) \right]_s^\infty$$

$$0 - \ln \frac{s+1}{s+2}$$

$$\ln \frac{s+2}{s+1}$$

$$vii) e^{4t} \cos 2t$$

$$L[e^{4t} \cos 2t]$$

$$L[\cos 2t] = \frac{s}{s^2 + 4}$$

$$L[e^{4t} \cos 2t] = \frac{s}{(s-4)^2 + 4}$$

$$viii) t \sin 2t$$

$$L[t \sin 2t]$$

$$L[\sin 2t] = \frac{2}{s^2 + 4}$$

$$L[t \sin 2t] = -\frac{d}{ds} \int \frac{2}{s^2 + 4}$$

$$= -2 \frac{d}{ds} (s^2 + 4)^{-1}$$

$$u = s^2 + 4$$

$$dy/ds = 2s$$

$$y = u^{-1}$$

$$dy/du = -u^{-2}$$

$$\frac{dy}{ds} = -2su^{-2}$$

$$= -\frac{2s}{u^2} = -\frac{2s}{(s^2 + 4)^2}$$

$$= \frac{4s}{(s^2 + 4)^2}$$

$$ix) t^3 + 4t^2 + 5$$

$$L[t^3] + 4L[t^2] + 6L[5]$$

$$\frac{3!}{s^4} + \frac{4 \times 2!}{s^3} + \frac{5}{s}$$

$$\frac{6 + 8s + 5s^3}{s^4}$$

$$x) e^{3t} (t^2 + 4)$$

$$L[t^2 + 4]$$

$$L[t^2] + L[4]$$

$$\frac{2}{s^3} + \frac{4}{s} = \frac{2 + 4s^2}{s^3}$$

$$\frac{2+4s^2}{s^3}$$

$$L[e^{3t}(t^2+4)]$$

$$= \frac{2+4s^2}{(s-3)^3}$$

$$\text{ii) } t^2 \cos t$$

$$L[\cos t] = \frac{s}{s^2+1}$$

$$L[t^2 \cos t] =$$

$$= -\frac{d}{ds} \left[\frac{s}{s^2+1} \right]$$

$$\frac{v \frac{du}{ds} - u \frac{dv}{ds}}{v^2}$$

$$u = s$$

$$v = s^2+1$$

$$\frac{du}{ds} = 1 \quad \frac{dv}{ds} = 2s$$

$$\frac{(s^2+1)1 - s(2s)}{(s^2+1)^2} = \frac{s^2+1-2s^2}{(s^2+1)^2}$$
$$= \frac{-s^2+1}{(s^2+1)^2}$$

$$\text{ii) } \frac{\sinh 2t}{t}$$

$$L[\sinh 2t] = \frac{2}{s^2-4}$$

$$L\left[\frac{\sinh 2t}{t}\right] = \int \frac{2}{s^2-4} ds$$
$$= \frac{\tan^{-1}(2)}{s}$$

3) Convert the following functions to time (t) domains

$$i) \frac{s-5}{(s-3)(s-4)} = \frac{A}{s-3} + \frac{B}{s-4}$$

$$s-5 = A(s-4) + B(s-3)$$

$$B = 4$$

$$-1 = B \quad s=3$$

$$-2 = -A$$

$$A = 2$$

$$L^{-1} \left[\frac{s-5}{(s-3)(s-4)} \right] = \frac{2}{s-3} + \frac{1}{s-4}$$

$$2e^{3t} - e^{4t}$$

$$ii) \frac{2s-6}{(s-2)(s-4)} = \frac{A}{s-2} + \frac{B}{s-4}$$

$$2s-6 = A(s-4) + B(s-2)$$

$$s=4$$

$$2 = 2B$$

$$B = 1$$

$$s=2$$

$$-2 = -2A$$

$$A = 1$$

$$\frac{2s-6}{(s-2)(s-4)} = \frac{1}{s-2} + \frac{1}{s-4} \quad e^{2t} + e^{4t}$$

$$iii) \frac{5s-8}{s(s-4)} = \frac{A}{s} + \frac{B}{s-4}$$

$$5s-8 = A(s-4) + B(s)$$

$$s=4$$

$$12 = 4B$$

$$B = 3$$

$$A + B = 5$$

$$A = 2$$

$$= \frac{2}{s} + \frac{3}{s-4} = 2 + e^{3t}$$