

$$(1-x^2) \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - 2x \frac{dy}{dx} + 2y = 0$$

Solving for  $(1-x^2)y''$

$u = y, u^n = y^{n+2}$   
 $v = 1-x^2, v' = -2x, v'' = 2$

$$W^n = y^{n+2} \cdot (1-x^2) + n y^{n+1} \cdot (-2x) + n(n-1) y^n \cdot (-1)$$

Solving for  $2xy'$

$u = y, u^n = y^{n+1}$   
 $v = -2x, v' = -2$

$$W^n = -2xy^{n+1} + n y^n \cdot (-2) = -2x y^{n+1} - 2n y^n \quad \text{--- (2)}$$

Solving for  $2y$

$v = 2, v' = 0$   
 $u = y, u^n = 2y^n \quad \text{--- (3)}$

∴ combine the three equations

$$(1-x^2)y^{n+2} - 2nx y^{n+1} - n(n-1)y^n - 2xy^{n+1} - 2ny^n + 2y^n$$

$$(1-x^2)y^{n+2} + (-2nx - 2x)y^{n+1} + (-n^2 + n - 2n + 2)y^n = 0$$

$$(1-x^2)y^{n+2} - (2nx + 2x)y^{n+1} - (n^2 + n - 2)y^n = 0$$

at  $x=0$

$$y(n+2) - 0 - (n^2 + n - 2)y^n = 0$$

$$y(n+2) = (y')_0 (n^2 + n - 2)$$

$n=0$

$$(y^{(2)})_0 = (y')_0 (-2) = -2 (y^{(1)})_0$$

$n=1$

$$(y^{(3)})_0 = (y')_0 (0) = 0$$

$n=2$   
 $(y^{(4)})_0 = (y'')_0 (4) = 4(2)(y'')_0 = 8(y'')_0 = 8(-2)(y^{(1)})_0 = -16(y^{(1)})_0$

$n=3$   
 $(y^{(5)})_0 = (y''')_0 (10)(y'')_0 = 10 \times 0 = 0$

$n=4$   
 $(y^{(6)})_0 = (y^{(4)})_0 (18) = 18(y^{(4)})_0 = 18 \times (-16)(y^{(1)})_0 = -288(y^{(1)})_0$

$n=5$

$$(y^{(7)})_0 = (y^{(5)})_0 (28) = 28 \times 0 = 0$$

$n=6$

$$(y^{(8)})_0 = (y^{(6)})_0 (40) = 40 \times (-288)(y^{(1)})_0 = -11520(y^{(1)})_0$$

$$y = (y)_0 + x(y')_0 + \frac{x^2}{2!} (y'')_0 + \frac{x^3}{3!} (y''')_0 + \frac{x^4}{4!} (y^{(4)})_0 + \dots$$

$$y = (y)_0 + x(y')_0 - \frac{x^2}{2} (y'')_0 + 0 + \frac{x^3}{6} (y''')_0 + 0 - \frac{x^4}{24} (y^{(4)})_0 + \dots$$

$$y = (y)_0 \left[ 1 - x^2 - \frac{x^4}{3} - \frac{x^6}{5} - \frac{x^8}{7} \right] + (y')_0 x$$

Question (2)

(i)  $3e^{-4t} - 5e^{4t}$

$L[f(t)] = F(s)$

$F(s) = L[3e^{-4t}] - L[5e^{4t}]$

$F(s) = \frac{3}{s+4} - \frac{5}{s-4}$

(ii)  $\sin 4t + \cos 4t = f(t)$

$F(s) = L[f(t)]$

$F(s) = L[\sin 4t] + L[\cos 4t]$

$F(s) = \frac{4}{s^2+16} + \frac{s}{s^2+16}$

$$(iii) t^2 + 2e^{-t} + 4 = f(s)$$

$$L(f(t)) = F(s)$$

$$f(s) = L[t^2] + 2L[e^{-t}] - L[t] + L[4]$$

$$F(s) = \frac{2!}{s^3} + 2\left[\frac{2!}{s^3}\right] - \frac{1}{s^2} + \frac{4}{s}$$

$$F(s) = \frac{2}{s^3} + \frac{4}{s^3} - \frac{1}{s^2} + \frac{4}{s}$$

$$(iv) e^{-2t} \cos 5t$$

$$f(s) = L[e^{-2t} \cos 5t]$$

$$L[\cos 5t] = \frac{s}{s^2 + 25}$$

$$\therefore f(s) = \frac{s+2}{(s+2)^2 + 25}$$

$$(v) t \sin 3t$$

$$L[t \sin 3t] = \frac{3}{s^2 + 9}$$

$$-d/ds \frac{3}{s^2 + 9} = \frac{-1(3s+9) - 3(2s)}{(s^2 + 9)^2}$$

$$= \frac{-1[-6s]}{(s^2 + 9)^2}$$

$$F(s) = \frac{6s}{(s^2 + 9)^2}$$

$$(vi) \frac{e^{-t} - e^{-2t}}{t} = \frac{1}{t} (e^{-t} - e^{-2t})$$

$$f(t) = \frac{e^{-t}}{t} - \frac{e^{-2t}}{t}$$

$$f(t) = e^{-1} e^{-t} - e^{-1} e^{-2t}$$

$$F(s) = \frac{-1!}{(s+1)-1+1} + \frac{1!}{(s+2)-1+2}$$

$$F(s) = \frac{-1 + 1}{s+2}$$

$$f(s) = \frac{1-s-2}{(s+2)}$$

$$(vii) e^{4t} \cos 2t$$

$$L[\cos 2t] = \frac{s}{s^2 + 4}$$

$$L[e^{4t} \cos 2t] = \frac{s-4}{(s-4)^2 + 4}$$

$$(viii) t \sin 2t$$

$$L[t \sin 2t] = \frac{2}{s^2 + 4}$$

$$-d/ds \frac{2}{s^2 + 4} = \frac{-2(2s)}{(s^2 + 4)^2}$$

$$= \frac{-4s}{(s^2 + 4)^2}$$

$$(ix) t^3 + 4t^2 + 5 = f(t)$$

$$f(s) = L[f(t)]$$

$$f(s) = L[t^3] + L[4t^2] + L[5]$$

$$f(s) = \frac{3!}{s^4} + 4 \frac{2!}{s^3} + \frac{5}{s}$$

$$f(s) = \frac{6}{s^4} + \frac{8}{s^3} + \frac{5}{s}$$

$$(x) e^{3x} (t^2 + 4)$$

$$L[f(t)] = f(s)$$

$$f(s) = L[e^{3x}] L[t^2] + L[4]$$

$$= \frac{3}{s-3} \frac{2!}{s^3} + \frac{4}{s}$$

$$= \frac{3}{s-3} \left[ \frac{2}{s^3} + \frac{4}{s} \right]$$

$$(xi) t^2 \cos t$$

$$L[\cos t] = \frac{s}{s^2+1} = \frac{s}{s^2+1}$$

$$f'(s) = -\frac{d}{ds} \left[ \frac{s}{s^2+1} \right]$$

$$u = s, \quad du/ds = 1$$

$$v = s^2+1, \quad dv/ds = 2s$$

$$\frac{u \cdot dv/ds - v \cdot du/ds}{v^2}$$

$$-\frac{(s^2+1)(1) - s(2s)}{(s^2+1)^2} = \frac{s^2+1-2s^2}{(s^2+1)^2}$$

$$L^{-1} \left[ \frac{-1}{s^2+1} \right] = \frac{-1}{s^2+1} = \frac{-1 \cdot (s^2+1)}{(s^2+1)^2}$$

$$= \frac{-1}{s^2+1} = \frac{-1}{s^2+1}$$

$$L[t^2 \cos t] = -\frac{d}{ds} \left[ \frac{1}{s^2+1} \right]$$

$$u = 1, \quad du/ds = 0$$

$$v = s^2+1, \quad dv/ds = 2s$$

$$\frac{(s^2+1)(0) - (1)(2s)}{(s^2+1)^2} = \frac{-2s}{(s^2+1)^2}$$

Question (3)

$$(i) \frac{s-5}{(s-3)(s-4)} = \frac{A}{s-3} + \frac{B}{s-4}$$

$$A(s-4)/s=3 = \frac{s-5}{s-4} = \frac{3-5}{3-4} = 2$$

$$B(s-4)/s=4 = \frac{s-5}{s-3} = \frac{4-5}{4-3} = -1$$

$$F(s) = L^{-1}[f(s)] = L^{-1} \left[ \frac{2}{s-3} - \frac{1}{s-4} \right]$$

$$u(t) = 2e^{-3t} - e^{-4t}$$

$$(ii) \frac{2s-6}{(s-2)(s-4)} = \frac{A}{s-2} + \frac{B}{s-4}$$

$$A(s-4)/s=2 = \frac{2s-6}{s-4} = \frac{2(2)-6}{2-4} = 1$$

$$B(s-4)/s=4 = \frac{2s-6}{s-3} = \frac{2(4)-6}{4-2} = 1$$

$$F(s) = L^{-1}[f(s)] = L^{-1} \left[ \frac{1}{s-2} + \frac{1}{s-4} \right]$$

$$u(t) = e^{2t} + e^{4t}$$

$$(iii) \frac{5s-8}{s(s-4)} = \frac{A}{s} + \frac{B}{s-4}$$

$$A(s-4)/s=0 = \frac{5s-8}{s-4} = \frac{5(0)-8}{0-4} = 2$$

$$B(s-4)/s=4 = \frac{5s-8}{s} = \frac{5(4)-8}{4} = 3$$

$$F(s) = L^{-1}[f(s)] = L^{-1} \left[ \frac{2}{s} + \frac{3}{s-4} \right]$$

$$u(t) = 2u(t) + 3e^{4t}$$

$$(iv) \frac{s^2-3s-4}{(s-3)(s-1)^2} = \frac{A}{s-3} + \frac{B}{s-1} + \frac{C}{(s-1)^2}$$

$$A(s-3)/s=3 = \frac{(3)^2-3(3)-4}{(3-1)^2} = -1$$

$$B(s-1)/s=1 \frac{d}{ds} \frac{s^2-3s-4}{(s-3)} = \frac{(s-3)(3s^2-3) - (s^2-3s-4)(3s-3)}{(s-3)^2}$$

$$= \frac{-4(1)}{(3-3)^2}$$

$$= \frac{3s^2-3s-9s^2+9-s^2+3s+4}{(3-3)^2}$$

$$= \frac{2s^2-9s^2+13}{(s-3)^2} = \frac{2(1)^2-9(1)^2+13}{(1-3)^2}$$

$$= \frac{2-9+13}{(-2)^2} = \frac{6}{4} = \frac{3}{2}$$

$$C(s-1)/s=1 \frac{s^2-3s-4}{(s-3)} = \frac{(1)^2-3(1)-4}{(1-3)}$$

$$= \frac{1-3-4}{-2} = \frac{-6}{-2} = 3$$

$$f(s) = -e^{3t} + \frac{3}{2}e^{2t} + 3e^t$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{c) } \frac{s-5}{s^2+4s+20} &= \frac{A}{(s+2+j)} + \frac{B}{(s+2-j)} \\
 &= \frac{s-5}{(s+2-j)(s+2+j)}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 A(s+2-j)(s=-2+j) &= \bullet \\
 = \frac{-(-2+j)-5}{-2+j+2+j} &= \frac{-7+j}{8} \times \frac{j}{j} \\
 = \frac{-7j-4}{-8} &= \frac{7j+4}{8}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 B(s+2+j)(s=-2-j) &= \bullet \\
 = \frac{-2-j-5}{-2-j+2-j} &= \frac{-7-j}{-8j} \times \frac{j}{j} \\
 = \frac{-7j+4}{8}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$f(s) = \frac{7j+4}{8(s+2-j)} - \frac{7j+4}{8(s+2+j)}$$

$$f(t) = \mathcal{L}^{-1}[f(s)]$$

$$f(t) = \frac{7j+4}{8} \left( e^{(-2+j)t} - e^{(-2-j)t} \right)$$