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MATRIC: 15/ENG06/057

DEPT: MECHANICAL

$$1) (1-x^2) \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - 2x \frac{dy}{dx} + 2y = 0$$

$$(1-x^2) y'' - 2x y' + 2y = 0$$

sub 1

$$u = y'' ; u^n = y^{(n+2)}$$

$$v = 1-x^2 ; v' = -2x ; v'' = -2$$

$$y^{(n)} = y^{(n+2)} \cdot (1-x^2 + ny^{(n+1)} \cdot -2x + \frac{n(n-1)}{2} y^n \cdot -2$$

$$y^n = (1-x^2) y^{n+2} - 2nxy^{(n+1)} - n(n-1)y^n$$

sub 2

$$u' = y' ; u^n = y^{n+1}$$

$$v = -2x ; v' = -2$$

$$y^{(n)} = -2xy^{(n+1)} + ny^{(n)} \cdot -2$$

$$y^{(n)} = -2xy^{n+1} - 2ny^n$$

sub 3

$$u = y ; u^n = y^n$$

$$v = 2$$

$$y^n = 2 \cdot y^{(n)} = 2y^n$$

Combine sub 1, 2 and 3

$$(1-x^2)y^{(n+2)} - 2nxy^{(n+1)} - n(n-1)y^n$$

$$- 2xy^{(n+1)} - 2ny^{(n)} + 2y^{(n)} = 0$$

$$(1-x^2)y^{n+2} + (-2nx - 2x)y^{n+1} + (-n^2 + n - 2ny + 2)y^n = 0$$

$$(1-x^2)y^{n+2} - (2nx + 2x)y^{n+1} - (n^2 + n - 2)y^n = 0$$

$$y^n = 0$$

at  $x = 0$

$$y^{(n+2)} - 0 - (n^2 + n - 2)y^n = 0$$

$$y^{(n+2)} = (y^n)_0 (n^2 + n - 2)$$

when  $n = 0$

$$(y^2)_0 = (y^0)_0 (-2) = -2(y^0)_0$$

when  $n = 1$

$$(y^{(3)})_0 = (y^{(1)})_0 (0) = 0$$

when  $n = 2$

$$(y^4)_0 = (y^2)_0 (4) = 4x - 2(y^0)_0 = -8(y^0)_0$$

when  $n = 3$

$$(y^5)_0 = (y^3)_0 (10) = 10(y^{(3)})_0 = 10 \times 0 = 0$$

when  $n = 4$

$$(y^6)_0 = (y^4)_0 (18) = 18(y^{(4)})_0 x - 8(y^0)_0 = -144(y^0)_0$$

when  $n = 5$

$$(y^{(7)})_0 = (y^5)_0 (28) = 28 \times 0 = 0$$

Using Maclaurin

$$y = (y)_0 + x(y')_0 + \frac{x^2}{2!} (y^2)_0 + \frac{x^3}{3!} (y^3)_0$$

$$+ \frac{x^4}{4!} (y^{(4)})_0$$

$$y = (y)_0 + x(y')_0 - x^2(y^{(2)})_0 + 0 + \frac{-x^4}{3} (y^0)_0$$

$$+ 0 - \frac{x^6}{5} (y^{(6)})_0 + 0$$

$$+ 0 - \frac{x^6}{5} (y^{(6)})_0 + 0 - \frac{x^8}{7} (y^{(8)})_0 + \dots$$

$$y = (y)_0 \left[ 1 - x^2 - \frac{x^4}{3} - \frac{x^6}{5} - \frac{x^8}{7} \right] + (y')_0 (x)$$

$$21) L[3e^{-4t} - 5e^{4t}]$$

$$\frac{3}{s+4} - \frac{5}{s-4} = \frac{3(s-4) - 5(s+4)}{(s+4)(s-4)}$$

$$= \frac{3s - 12 - 5s - 20}{s^2 - 16} = \frac{-2s - 32}{s^2 - 16}$$

ii)

$$L[\sin 4t + \cos 4t]$$

$$\frac{4}{s^2+4^2} + \frac{9}{s^2+4} = \frac{4+9}{s^2+16}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{iii) } L[t^3 + 2t^2 - t + 4] &= \frac{3!}{s^4} + \frac{2 \cdot 2!}{s^3} - \frac{1}{s^2} + \frac{4}{s} \\ &= \frac{6}{s^4} + \frac{4}{s^3} - \frac{1}{s^2} + \frac{4}{s} \\ &= \frac{6 + 4s - s^2 + 4s^3}{s^4} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{iv) } L[e^{-2t} \cos 5t] \\ \cos 5t = \frac{s}{s^2+5^2} \\ \text{let } s = s+2 \end{aligned}$$

$$L[e^{-2t} \cos 5t] = \frac{s+2}{(s+2)^2+5} = \frac{s+2}{s^2+4s+29}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{v) } L[t \sin 3t] \\ L[\sin 3t] = \frac{3}{s^2+3^2} = \frac{3}{s^2+9} \end{aligned}$$

$$-F'(s) = -\frac{d}{ds} \left[ \frac{3}{s^2+9} \right]$$

$$\begin{aligned} u = 3 \quad \frac{du}{ds} = 0 \\ v = s^2+9 \quad \frac{dv}{ds} = 2s \end{aligned}$$

Using quotient rule

$$\frac{v \frac{du}{ds} - u \frac{dv}{ds}}{v^2}$$

$$= \frac{(s^2+9)(0) - 3(2s)}{(s^2+9)^2} = \frac{0-6s}{(s^2+9)^2}$$

$$= -\frac{6s}{(s^2+9)^2}$$

$$\text{vi) } \frac{e^{-t} - e^{-2t}}{t}$$

differentiating

$$\frac{-e^{-t} + 2e^{-2t}}{1} = e^{-2t}$$

at  $t=0$

$$\Rightarrow = e^{-2(0)} = 1$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{vii) } L[e^{4t} \cos 2t] \\ L[\cos 2t] = \frac{s}{s^2+2^2} = \frac{s}{s^2+4} \end{aligned}$$

let  $s = s-4$

$$L[e^{4t} \cos 2t] = \frac{s-4}{(s-4)^2+4} = \frac{s-4}{s^2-8s-12}$$

$$\text{viii) } L[t \sin 2t]$$

$$L[\sin 2t] = \frac{2}{s^2+2^2} = \frac{2}{s^2+4}$$

$$L[t \sin 2t] = -F'(s) = -\frac{d}{ds} \left[ \frac{2}{s^2+4} \right]$$

$$u = 2 \quad \frac{du}{ds} = 0$$

$$v = s^2+4 \quad \frac{dv}{ds} = 2s$$

$$-\frac{s^2+4(0) - 2(2s)}{(s^2+4)^2} = \frac{4s}{(s^2+4)^2}$$

$$\text{ix) } L[t^3 + 4t^2 + 5]$$

$$= \frac{3!}{s^4} + \frac{4 \cdot 2!}{s^3} + \frac{5}{s}$$

$$= \frac{6}{s^4} + \frac{8}{s^3} + \frac{5}{s} = \frac{6+8s+5s^3}{s^4}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{x) } L[e^{3t}(t^2+4)] \\ L[t^2 e^{3t}] + L[4e^{3t}] \end{aligned}$$

$$L[t^2] = \frac{2!}{s^2+1} = \frac{2}{s^3}$$

$$s = s-3$$

$$L[t^2 e^{3t}] = \frac{2}{(s-3)^3}$$

$$L[e^{3t}(t^2+4)] = \frac{2}{(s-3)^3} + \frac{4}{s-3}$$

$$= \frac{2+4(s-3)^2}{(s-3)^3} = \frac{2+4s^2-24s+36}{(s-3)^3}$$

$$= \frac{4s^2-24s+38}{(s-3)^3}$$

x1)  $L[t^2 \cos t]$

$$L[\cos t] = \frac{s}{s^2+1^2} = \frac{s}{s^2+1}$$

$$-F'(s) = -\frac{d}{ds} \left[ \frac{s}{s^2+1} \right]$$

$$u = s \quad \frac{du}{ds} = 1$$

$$v = s^2+1 \quad \frac{dv}{ds} = 2s$$

$$= \frac{(s^2+1)(1) - s(2s)}{(s^2+1)^2} = \frac{s^2+1-2s^2}{(s^2+1)^2}$$

$$L^{-1} [t \cos t] = \frac{-s^2+1}{(s^2+1)^2} = \frac{-1(s^2+1)}{(s^2+1)^2}$$

$$= \frac{-1}{s^2+1}$$

$$L[t^2 \cos t] = -\frac{d}{ds} \left[ \frac{1}{s^2+1} \right]$$

$$u = 1 \quad \frac{du}{ds} = 0$$

$$v = s^2+1 \quad \frac{dv}{ds} = 2s$$

$$\frac{(s^2+1)(0) - (1)(2s)}{(s^2+1)^2} = \frac{-2s}{(s^2+1)^2}$$

3)  $\frac{s-5}{(s-3)(s-4)} = \frac{A}{s-3} + \frac{B}{s-4}$

$$A(s-4) + B(s-3) = s-5$$

at  $s=4$

$$B(1) = -1$$

$$B = -1$$

at  $s=3$

$$A(-1) = -2$$

$$A = 2$$

$$= \frac{2}{s-3} - \frac{1}{s-4} = 2e^{3t} - e^{4t}$$

b)  $\frac{2s-6}{(s-2)(s-4)} = \frac{A}{s-2} + \frac{B}{s-4}$

$$A(s-4) + B(s-2) = 2s-6$$

at  $s=4$

$$B(2) = 2$$

$$B = 1$$

at  $s=2$

$$A(-2) = -2$$

$$A = 1$$

$$\frac{1}{s-2} + \frac{1}{s-4} = e^{2t} + e^{4t}$$

c)  $\frac{5s-8}{s(s-4)} = \frac{A}{s} + \frac{B}{s-4}$

$$A(s-4) + Bs = 5s-8$$

at  $s=0$

$$A(-4) = -8$$

$$A = 2$$

at  $s=4$

$$4B = 12$$

$$B = 3$$

$$= \frac{2}{s} + \frac{3}{s-4} \Rightarrow 2 + 3e^{4t}$$

$$d) \frac{s^2 - 3s - 4}{(s-3)(s-1)^2} = \frac{A}{s-3} + \frac{B}{s-1} + \frac{C}{(s-1)^2}$$

$$A(s-1)^2 + B(s-3)(s-1) + C(s-3) = s^2 - 3s - 4$$

$$\text{at } s=1$$

$$0 + 0 + C(-2) = 1^2 - 3(1) - 4 = 1 - 7 = -6$$

$$-2C = -6$$

$$C = 3$$

$$\text{at } s=3$$

$$A(2)^2 + 0 + 0 = 3^2 - 3(3) - 4 = 9 - 9 - 4 = -4$$

$$4A = -4$$

$$A = -1$$

$$A + B = 1$$

$$-B = 1 - A = 1 - (-1) = 1 + 1 = 2$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{-1}{s-3} + \frac{2}{s-1} + \frac{3}{(s-1)^2}$$

$$\Rightarrow -e^{3t} + 2e^t + 3e^t$$

$$e) \frac{s-5}{s^2+4s+20} = \frac{s-5}{(s+2)^2+4^2}$$

$$= \frac{A}{s+2} + \frac{B}{(s+2)^2} + \frac{C}{16}$$

$$= A(s+2)(16) + B(16) + C(s+2)^2 = s-5$$

$$= (16s + 32)A + 16B + (s^2 + 4s + 4)C = s - 5$$

Comparing Coefficients

$$C = 0$$

$$16A + 4C = 1$$

$$32A + 16B + 4C = -5$$

$$\therefore C = 0$$

$$16A + 4C = 1$$

$$16A + 4(0) = 1$$

$$A = 1/16$$

$$32A + 16B + 4C = -5$$

$$32\left(\frac{1}{16}\right) + 16B + 4(0) = -5$$

$$2 + 16B = -5$$

$$16B = -5 - 2$$

$$B = \frac{-7}{16}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{16(s+2)} - \frac{7}{16(s+2)^2} + 0$$

$$= \frac{1}{16} e^{-2t} - \frac{7}{16} t e^{-2t}$$