

ITSM DANIEL SIMON

16/04/2020

18/04/2020

Calc. Diferensial

18/04

ASSIGNMENT 1

$$\textcircled{1} \frac{dy}{dx} - \frac{1}{x}y = 2x$$

$$M^2 - M - 2 = 0$$

$$M(M+1) - 2(M+1) = 0$$

$$(M+1)(M-2) = 0$$

$$CF \Rightarrow y = AC^{-1} + Bx^2$$

Particular

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 2x$$

$$\int dx = 0$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} - \frac{1}{x}y = 2x$$

$$2x = 8$$

$$C = -4$$

$$y = 4$$

$$G.P \Rightarrow CF + P.P$$

$$= AC^{-1} + Bx^2 = 4$$

$$\textcircled{2} \frac{dy}{dx} - 4y = 10e^{5x}$$

$$M^2 - 4 = 0$$

$$M^2 = 4$$

$$M = \pm\sqrt{4} = \pm 2$$

$$CF \Rightarrow y = C \cosh 2x + D \sinh 2x$$

$$y_p = Ce^{5x}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 5Ce^{5x}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 7e^{2x}$$

$$9e^{2x} - 4e^{2x} = 10e^{2x}$$

$$5e^{2x} = 10e^{2x}$$

$$5 = 10$$

$$c = \frac{10}{5} = 2$$

$$CF \Rightarrow y = 2e^{2x}$$

$$GE \Rightarrow C \cos 2x + D \sin 2x + 2e^{2x}$$

$$\textcircled{3} \frac{dy}{dx} + \frac{dy}{dx} + y = e^{-2x}$$

$$m^2 + 2m + 1 = 0$$

$$m(m+1) + 1(m+1) = 0$$

$$m = m_1 = -1$$

$$CF \Rightarrow y = e^{-x}(A + Bx)$$

$$y = Ce^{-2x} \Rightarrow \frac{dy}{dx} = -2Ce^{-2x}, \frac{dy}{dx} = xCe^{-2x}$$

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 2\frac{dy}{dx} + y = e^{-2x}$$

$$2Ce^{-2x} + 2(xCe^{-2x}) + Ce^{-2x} = e^{-2x}$$

$$PE \ y = e^{-2x} \} \quad GE = e^{-x}(A + Bx) + e^{-2x}$$

$$\textcircled{4} \frac{dy}{dx} + 25y = 5x^2 + x$$

$$m^2 + 25 = 0$$

$$m = \pm \sqrt{-25}$$

$$m = \pm 5i$$

$$CF \ y = C \cos 5x + D \sin 5x$$

$$y_0 = Cx^2 + Dx + E$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 2Cx + D$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 2C$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} + 25y = 5x^2 + x$$

$$2C + 25(Cx^2 + Dx + E) = 5x^2 + x$$

$$2C + 25E + 25Cx^2 + 25Dx = 5x^2 + x$$

$$2C + 25E = 0 \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

$$25C = 5 \quad \text{--- (2)}$$

$$\boxed{C = \frac{1}{5}}$$

$$25D = 1 \quad \text{--- (3)}$$

$$\boxed{D = \frac{1}{25}}$$

$$2\left(\frac{1}{5}\right) + 25E = 0$$

$$E = -\frac{2}{125}$$

$$G.E \Rightarrow C \cos 5x + D \sin 5x + \frac{1}{5}x + \frac{1}{25}e^{-x} - \frac{1}{125}$$

$$\textcircled{5} \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - 2\frac{dy}{dx} + y = 4\cos x$$

$$m^2 - 2m + 1 = 0$$

$$(m-1)^2 = 0$$

$$m_1 = 1, m_2 = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow y = e^x (A + Bx)$$

$$y = C \cos x + D \sin x$$

$$y' = -C \sin x + D \cos x$$

$$y'' = -C \cos x - D \sin x$$

$$-C \cos x - D \sin x + (C \sin x + D \cos x) = (C \cos x + D \sin x) + 4 \cos x$$

$$2C \sin x + 2D \cos x = 4 \cos x$$

$$2C \sin x = 4 \sin x$$

$$C = 2$$

$$2D \cos x = 0$$

$$D = 0$$

$$\text{When } y = 2 \cos x$$

$$G.E \Rightarrow e^x (A + Bx) + 2 \cos x$$

$$\textcircled{6} \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 4\frac{dy}{dx} + 5y = 2e^{-2x}$$

$$\text{where } x=0, y=1 \text{ and } \frac{dy}{dx} = -2$$

$$m^2 + 4m + 5 = 0$$

$$m = \frac{-2 \pm \sqrt{4-20}}{2}$$

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$$= m = -2 \pm 3$$

$$C.F = y = e^{-2x} (A \cos x + B \sin x)$$

$$y_1 = e^{-2x}$$

$$y_2 = -2C e^{-2x}$$

$$y_3 = 4C e^{-2x}$$

$$\frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} + \frac{dy}{dx} + y = 2e^{-2x}$$

$$2C e^{-2x} - C(-e^{-2x}) + C(e^{-2x}) = 2e^{-2x}$$

$$2C e^{-2x} - C e^{-2x} - C e^{-2x} = 2e^{-2x}$$

$$C e^{-2x} = 2e^{-2x}$$

$$C = 2$$

$$P = y = 2e^{-2x}$$

$$C.F = y = e^{-2x} (A \cos x + B \sin x) + 2e^{-2x}$$

Use $y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 1$

$$y = e^{-2x} (A \cos x + B \sin x) + 2e^{-2x}$$

$$A = 2$$

$$B = -2$$

$$C = 1$$

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{x} \quad b) \quad c = -2$$

$$y(x) = -2A e^{-2x} \cos x - 2B e^{-2x} (\cos x - 4e^{-2x})$$

$$-2 = -2A e^{-2(0)} \cos(0) - 2B e^{-2(0)} (\cos(0) - 4e^{-2(0)})$$

$$-2 = -2A - 4$$

$$-2B = 2$$

$$B = -1$$

$$y = e^{-2x} (-\cos x - \sin x) + 2e^{-2x}$$

$$= e^{-2x} (\cos x + \sin x) + 2e^{-2x}$$

15/04/2019

③ $3 \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - 2 \frac{dy}{dx} - y = 2x - 3$

$$3m^2 - 2m - 1 = 0$$

$$3m(m-1) + 1(m-1) = 0$$

$$(3m+1)(m-1) = 0$$

$$m_1 = -1/3, m_2 = 1$$

$$y = Ae^{-1/3x} + Be^{2x}$$

$$y = C(x+D) \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} 3(0) - 2C - (Cx+D) = 2x-3 \\ -2C - (x-D) = 2x-3 \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} 2x-3 \\ -2x-3 \end{array}$$

$$y' = C \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} -2C - (x-D) = 2x-3 \\ -2C - (x-D) = 2x-3 \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} 2x-3 \\ -2x-3 \end{array}$$

$$y'' = 0 \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} -2C - (x-D) = 2x-3 \\ -2C - (x-D) = 2x-3 \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} 2x-3 \\ -2x-3 \end{array}$$

$$D = 7$$

$$P.I. \Rightarrow y = -2x + 7$$

$$G.E. \Rightarrow y = Ae^{2x} + Be^{-1/3x} - 2x + 7$$

④ $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - 6 \frac{dy}{dx} + 8y = 8e^{4x}$

$$m^2 - 6m + 8 = 0$$

$$m = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a} = \frac{6 \pm \sqrt{36 - 32}}{2}$$

$$m_1 = 4, m_2 = 2 \Rightarrow y = Ae^{4x} + Be^{2x}$$

$$y = Cx e^{4x}, y' = 4Cx e^{4x} + C e^{4x}, y'' = 16Cx e^{4x} + 4C e^{4x} + 4C e^{4x}$$

$$16Cx e^{4x} + 4C e^{4x} - 6(4Cx e^{4x} + C e^{4x}) + 8(Cx e^{4x}) = 8e^{4x}$$

$$4C e^{4x} + 4C e^{4x} - 6C e^{4x} = 8e^{4x}$$

$$C(2) = 8$$

$$C = 4$$

$$y = 4x e^{4x}$$

$$G.E. \Rightarrow y = Ae^{4x} + Be^{2x} + 4x e^{4x}$$