

MUTU EMMANUELLA TOMBRAPADE

151ENG07/029

PETROLEUM ENGINEERING

ENG 351

$$1 \quad [1-x^2] \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - 2x \frac{dy}{dx} + 2y = 0$$

General equation

$$W^n = u^n v^0 + n u^{n-1} v^1 + \frac{n(n-1) u^{n-2} v^2}{2!} + \frac{n(n-1)(n-2) u^{n-3} v^3}{3!} + \dots$$

$$\text{for } [1-x^2]y'' \text{ let } u = y'', u' = y''', u'' = y^{(4)}, u^n = y^{(n+2)}$$

$$v = v^0 = 1-x^2, v^1 = -2x, v^2 = -2, v^3 = 0$$

for  $xy'$ 

$$u = y', u = y'', u'' = y''', u^n = y^{(n+1)}$$

$$v = v^0 = x, v^1 = 1, v^2 = 0$$

$$W_2^n = x \cdot y^{(n+1)} + n \cdot y^n$$

$$= x y^{(n+1)} + n y^n$$

$$\text{for } y = y^n = W_3^n$$

$$W^n = W_1^n + W_2^n + W_3^n$$

$$W^n = [1-x^2]y^{(n+2)} - 2xny^{(n+1)} - n(n-1)y^n - 2(xy^{(n+1)} + ny^n)$$

$$0 = (1-x^2)y^{(n+2)} - 2xny^{(n+1)} - (n^2-n)y^n - 2xy^{(n+1)} - 2ny^n + 2y^n$$

If  $x=0$ 

$$0 = y^{(n+2)} - (n^2-n)y^n - 2ny^n + 2y^n$$

$$y^{(n+2)} = (n^2-n+2n-2)y^n$$

$$y^{(n+2)} = (n^2+n-2)y^n$$

for  $n=1$ 

$$y^3 = y''' = (1^2-1+2-2)y' = 0$$

for  $n=2$ 

$$y^4 = y^{(4)} = (2^2+2-2)y'' = 4y''$$

for  $n=3$ 

$$y^5 = y^{(5)} = (3^2+3-2)y''' = 10y''' = 0$$

for  $n=4$ 

$$y^6 = y^{(6)} = (4^2+4-2)y^{(4)} = 18y^{(4)} = 18(4y'')$$

for  $n=5$ 

$$y^7 = y^{(7)} = (5^2+5-2)y^{(5)} = 28y^{(5)} = 0$$

for  $n=6$ 

$$y^8 = y^{(8)} = (6^2+6-2)y^{(6)} = 40y^{(6)} = [40 \times 18 \times 4]y''$$

$$y = 1 + f(x) + y'f'(x) + \frac{y''f''(x)}{2!} + \dots$$

$$y = 1 + y^0 + y' + \frac{y''}{2!} + \frac{4y'''}{4!} + \frac{18y''''(4)}{6!} + \frac{40(18 \times 4)y'''''}{8!}$$

$$y = 1 + y^0 + y' + y'' \left( \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{10} + \frac{1}{14} \right)$$

$$2c \quad L(3e^{-4t} - 5e^{4t}) = \frac{3}{s+4} - \frac{5}{s-4}$$

$$ii^o \quad L[\sin 4t + \cos 4t] = \frac{4}{s^2+4^2} + \frac{s}{s^2+4^2} = \frac{4+s}{s^2+16}$$

$$iii \quad L[t^3 + 2t^2 - t + 4] = \frac{3!}{s^{3+1}} + \frac{2(2!)}{s^{2+1}} - \frac{1!}{s^{1+1}} + \frac{4}{s}$$

$$= \frac{1}{s^4} + \frac{4}{s^3} - \frac{1}{s^2} + \frac{4}{s}$$

$$iv \quad L[e^{-2t} \cos 5t] = \frac{s+2}{(s+2)^2 + 5^2} = \frac{s+2}{s^2+4s+29}$$

$$v \quad L(t \sin 3t) = (-1)^n \cdot \frac{dn}{dx} [f(x)] = -1 \frac{d}{dx} \left[ \frac{1 \cdot 3}{s^2+3^2} \right] \frac{du}{dv} = 0$$

$$= \left[ \frac{-6s}{(s^2+9)^2} \right] = \frac{6s}{(s^2+9)^2}$$

$$vi \quad L\left[\frac{e^{-t} - e^{-2t}}{t}\right] = \frac{\left[\frac{1}{s+1} - \frac{1}{s+2}\right]}{\frac{1}{s+1}} = \left[\frac{1}{s+1} - \frac{1}{s+2}\right] \cdot s^2$$

$$= \frac{s^2}{(s+1)(s+2)}$$

$$vii \quad L[e^{4t} \cos 2t] = \frac{s}{(s-4)^2 + 2^2} = \frac{s}{s^2 - 8s + 20}$$

$$viii \quad L(t \sin 2t) = -1 \cdot \frac{d}{dx} \left[ \frac{2}{s^2+2^2} \right] \frac{du}{dv} = 0$$

$$= -1 \left[ \frac{-4s}{(s^2+2^2)^2} \right] \frac{du}{dv} = \frac{4s}{(s^2+4)^2}$$

$$ix \quad t^3 + 4t^2 + 5 = \frac{3!}{s^{3+1}} + \frac{4(2!)}{s^{2+1}} + \frac{5}{s} = \frac{6}{s^4} + \frac{8}{s^3} + \frac{5}{s}$$

$$x \quad e^{3t} [t^2 + 4] = t^2 e^{3t} + 4e^{3t} = \frac{2!}{(s-3)^{2+1}} + \frac{4}{s-3}$$

$$= \frac{2}{(s-3)^2} + \frac{4}{s-3}$$

$$xi \quad t^2 \cos t = (-1)^2 \cdot \frac{d^2}{dx^2} \left[ \frac{s}{s^2+1} \right] = \frac{d}{dx} \left[ \frac{d}{dx} \left( \frac{s}{s^2+1} \right) \right] \begin{matrix} du=1 \\ dv=2s \end{matrix}$$

$$= \frac{d}{dx} \left[ \frac{s^2+1-2s^2}{(s^2+1)^2} \right] = \frac{d}{dx} \left[ \frac{1-s^2}{(s^2+1)^2} \right] \begin{matrix} du=-2s \\ dv=4s^2+4s \end{matrix}$$

$$= \left[ \frac{-2s^5 - 4s^3 - 2s - 4s + 4s^5}{(s^2+1)^2} \right] = \left[ \frac{2s^5 - 4s^3 - 6s}{(s^2+1)^4} \right]$$

$$xii \quad \frac{\sinh 2t}{t} = \frac{1}{2} \ln(s^2-4) - \ln s$$

$$3i \quad \frac{s-5}{(s-3)(s-4)} = \frac{A}{s-3} + \frac{B}{s-4}$$

$$s-5 = A(s-4) + B(s-3)$$

$$\text{at } s=3$$

$$3-5 = A(3-4)$$

$$A=2$$

$$\text{at } s=4 \quad \therefore 4-5 = B(4-3) ; B=-1$$

$$\therefore \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left[ \frac{2}{s-3} - \frac{1}{s-4} \right] = 2e^{3t} - e^{4t}$$

$$ii \quad \frac{2s-6}{(s-2)(s-4)} = \frac{A}{s-2} + \frac{B}{s-4}$$

$$2s-6 = A(s-4) + B(s-2)$$

$$2(2)-6 = A(2-4) \Rightarrow A=1$$

$$2(4)-6 = B(4-2) \Rightarrow B=1$$

$$\mathcal{L}^{-1} \left[ \frac{1}{s-2} + \frac{1}{s-4} \right] = e^{2t} + e^{4t}$$

$$11) \frac{5s-8}{s(s-4)} = \frac{A}{s} + \frac{B}{s-4}$$

$$5s-8 = A(s-4) + Bs$$

$$\text{at } s=0$$

$$5(0)-8 = A(0-4) \Rightarrow A=2$$

$$\text{at } s=4$$

$$5(4)-8 = B(4) \Rightarrow B=3$$

$$L^{-1} \left[ \frac{2}{s} + \frac{3}{s-4} \right] = 2 + 3e^{4t}$$

$$12) \frac{s^2-3s-4}{(s-3)(s-1)^2} = \frac{A}{s-3} + \frac{B}{s-1} + \frac{C}{(s-1)^2}$$

$$s^2-3s-4 = A(s-1)^2 + B(s-1)^2 + C(s-3)$$

$$\text{at } s=3 : 3^2-3(3)-4 = A(3-1)^2 \Rightarrow A=-1$$

$$\text{at } s=1 : 1^2-3(1)-4 = C(1-3) \Rightarrow C=3$$

$$s^2-3s-4 = [s^2-2s+1]A + (s^2-4s+3)B + (s-3)C$$

$$= -2A - 4B + C = -3$$

$$-2(-1) - 4(B) + 3 = -3$$

$$-4B = -3 - 3 - 2 \Rightarrow B=2$$

$$L^{-1} \left[ \frac{-1}{s-3} + \frac{2}{s-1} + \frac{3}{(s-1)^2} \right] = -e^{3t} + 2e^t + 3te^t$$

$$13) \frac{s-5}{s^2+4s+20} = \frac{s-5}{s^2+4s+4+16} = \frac{s-5}{(s+2)^2+4^2}$$

$$\frac{s-5}{(s+2)^2+4^2} = (e^{2t}-7) \cos 4t$$