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ENR381

Mechanical Engineering

(1) $\frac{dy}{dt} + 3y = e^{-2t}$, given that at $t=0, y=2$

Solution.

$$sY(s) - Y(0) + 3Y(s) = \frac{1}{s+2}$$

when $Y(0) = 2, t=0$

$$sY(s) + 3Y(s) - 2 = \frac{1}{s+2}$$

$$Y(s)(s+3) = \frac{1}{s+2} + 2 = \frac{1+2(s+2)}{s+2} = \frac{1+2s+4}{s+2}$$

$$Y(s)(s+3) = \frac{5+2s}{s+2}$$

$$Y(s) = \frac{5+2s}{(s+2)(s+3)}$$

$$\frac{5+2s}{(s+2)(s+3)} = \frac{A}{s+2} + \frac{B}{s+3}$$

$$5+2s = A(s+3) + B(s+2)$$

$$s = -2$$

$$5-4 = A; A=1$$

$$s = -3$$

$$-1 = -B; B=1$$

$$\frac{5+2s}{(s+2)(s+3)} = \frac{1}{s+2} + \frac{1}{s+3}$$

$$\mathcal{L}^{-1} Y(s) = y(t)$$

$$y(t) = \mathcal{L}^{-1} \frac{1}{s+2} + \mathcal{L}^{-1} \frac{1}{s+3} = e^{-2t} + e^{-3t}$$

② $\int \frac{dy}{dt} - 6y = \sin 2t$ given that $t=0$ $y=1$

Soln $35Y(s) - 3Y(0) - 6Y(s) = \frac{2}{s^2+4}$

$35Y(s) - 6Y(s) = 3Y(0) = \frac{2}{s^2+4}$

$35Y(s) - 6Y(s) - 3(1) = \frac{2}{s^2+4}$

$Y(s) (35-6) = \frac{2}{s^2+4} + 3 = \frac{2+3(s^2+4)}{s^2+4} = \frac{2+3s^2+12}{s^2+4}$

$Y(s) (35-6) = \frac{3s^2+14}{s^2+4}$

$Y(s) = \frac{3s^2+14}{(s^2+4)(35-6)}$

$\frac{3s^2+14}{(s^2+4)(35-6)} = \frac{A}{35-6} + \frac{Bs+C}{(s^2+4)}$

$3s^2+14 = A(s^2+4) + (Bs+C)(35-6)$

at $s=2$

$12+14 = A(8) \Rightarrow$

$8A = 26$

$A = 13/4$

at $s=0$

$14 = 4A - 6C = 4\left(\frac{13}{4}\right) - 6C = 13 - 6C$

$6C = 13 - 14 = -1$

$C = -1/6$

at $s=1$,

$3+14 = 5A + (B+C)(-3) = 5A - 3B - 3C$

$17 = 5\left(\frac{13}{4}\right) - 3(B) - 3\left(-\frac{1}{6}\right) = \frac{65}{4} - 3B + \frac{1}{2}$

$17 - \frac{1}{2} + \frac{65}{4} = 3B$

$B = \frac{1}{12}$

$$\frac{3s^2 + 14}{(s^2+4)(3s-6)} = \frac{13}{4} \left(\frac{1}{3s-6} \right) + \frac{\frac{1}{2}s - \frac{1}{6}}{s^2+4} = \frac{13}{4(s-6)} + \frac{s-2}{12(s^2+4)}$$

$$\mathcal{L}^{-1} y(s) = \mathcal{L}^{-1} y(t)$$

$$y(t) = \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left(\frac{13}{4(3s-6)} \right) + \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left(\frac{\frac{1}{2}s - \frac{1}{6}}{s^2+4} \right) = \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left(\frac{13}{12(s-2)} \right) + \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left(\frac{s-2}{12(s^2+4)} \right)$$

$$= \frac{13}{12} e^{2t} - \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left(\frac{s}{12(s^2+4)} \right) - \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left(\frac{2}{12(s^2+4)} \right)$$

$$= \frac{13}{12} e^{2t} + \frac{1}{2} \cos 2t - \frac{1}{12} \sin 2t = \frac{13}{12} e^{2t} + \frac{1}{12} (\cos 2t - \sin 2t)$$

(3) $\frac{dy}{dt} - 4y = 8$ given that at $t=0$ $y=2$

Solution.

$$sY(s) - y(0) - 4Y(s) = 8/s$$

$$sY(s) - 4Y(s) - y(0) = 8/s$$

$$y = 2 \quad t = 0$$

$$Y(s)(s-4) - 2 = 8/s$$

$$Y(s)(s-4) = 8/s + 2 = \frac{8+2s}{s}$$

$$Y(s) = \frac{8+2s}{s(s-4)}$$

$$\frac{8+2s}{s(s-4)} = \frac{A}{s} + \frac{B}{s-4}$$

$$8+2s = A(s-4) + Bs$$

at $s=0$

$$8 = -4A$$

$$A = -2$$

at $s=4$

$$16 = 4B$$

$$B = 4$$

$$\frac{8+2s}{s(s-4)} = \frac{-2}{s} + \frac{4}{s-4}$$

$$\mathcal{L}^{-1} y(s) = y(t)$$

$$y(t) = \mathcal{L}^{-1} \frac{4}{s-4} - \mathcal{L}^{-1} \frac{2}{s}$$

$$y = 4e^{4t} - 2.$$

$$(7) \frac{d^2y}{dt^2} - 2\frac{dy}{dt} + 5y = e^{2t} \text{ at } t=0, y=2, y'=1$$

solution.

$$s^2 y(s) - s y(0) - y'(0) - 2s y(s) + 2y(0) + 5y(s) = \frac{1}{s-2}$$

$$s^2 y(s) - 2s y(s) + 5y(s) - s y(0) - y'(0) + 2y(0) = \frac{1}{s-2}$$

$$y(s) (s^2 - 2s + 5) - s y(0) - y'(0) + 2y(0) = \frac{1}{s-2}$$

$$\text{at } y=2 \text{ \& } y'=1$$

$$y(s) (s^2 - 2s + 5) - 2s - 1 + 4 = \frac{1}{s-2}$$

$$y(s) (s^2 - 2s + 5) - 2s + 3 = \frac{1}{s-2}$$

$$y(s) (s^2 - 2s + 5) = \frac{1}{s-2} + 2s - 3 = \frac{1 + 2s(s-2) - 3(s-2)}{s-2}$$

$$y(s) (s^2 - 2s + 5) = \frac{1 + 2s^2 - 4s - 3s + 6}{s-2} = \frac{2s^2 + 7 - 7s}{s-2}$$

$$y(s) = \frac{2s^2 - 7s + 7}{(s-2)(s^2 - 2s + 5)} = \frac{2s^2 - 7s + 7}{(s-2)}$$

$$\textcircled{5} \frac{d^2y}{dt^2} - 6\frac{dy}{dt} + 8y = e^{3t} \quad t=0, y=0, y' = 2$$

$$s^2 y(s) - s y(0) - y'(0) - 6s y(s) + 8 y(s) = \frac{1}{s-3}$$

$$s^2 y(s) - 6s y(s) + 8 y(s) - s y(0) - y'(0) - 6 y(0) = \frac{1}{s-3}$$

$$y(s) (s^2 - 6s + 8) - 2 = \frac{1}{s-3}$$

$$y(s) (s^2 - 6s + 8) = \frac{1}{s-3} + 2 = \frac{1 + 2(s-3)}{s-3} = \frac{1 + 2s - 6}{s-3}$$

$$y(s) (s^2 - 6s + 8) = \frac{2s - 5}{s-3}$$

$$y(s) = \frac{2s - 5}{s-3(s^2 - 6s + 8)} = \frac{2s - 5}{(s-3)(s-4)(s-2)}$$

$$\frac{2s - 5}{(s-3)(s-4)(s-2)} = \frac{A}{(s-3)} + \frac{B}{(s-4)} + \frac{C}{(s-2)}$$

$$2s - 5 = A(s-4)(s-2) + B(s-3)(s-2) + C(s-3)(s-4)$$

$$\text{let } s=4$$

$$8 - 5 = 2B$$

$$B = 3/2$$

$$\text{let } s=2$$

$$4 - 5 = 2C$$

$$C = -1/2$$

$$\text{let } s=3$$

$$6 - 5 = -A$$

$$A = -1$$

$$\frac{2s-5}{(s-3)(s-2)e^{s-4}} = \frac{-1}{s-3} + \frac{3}{2(s-4)} + \frac{-4}{2(s-2)}$$

$$\mathcal{L}^{-1} Y(s) = y(t)$$

$$y(t) = \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left[\frac{-1}{s-3} + \frac{3}{2(s-4)} + \frac{-4}{2(s-2)} \right]$$

$$y(t) = -e^{3t} + \frac{3}{2} e^{4t} - \frac{1}{2} e^{2t}$$