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DEPT: ELECTRICAL/ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING

COURSE CODE: ENGL 381

ASSIGNMENT 5

1)  $\frac{dy}{dt} + 3y = 8e^{-2t}$ , given that at  $t=0$ ,  $y=2$

$\Rightarrow y' + 3y = 8e^{-2t}$

$sY(s) - y(0) + 3Y(s) = \frac{1}{s+2}$

$sY(s) - 2 + 3Y(s) = \frac{1}{s+2}$

$sY(s) + 3Y(s) = 2 + \frac{1}{s+2}$

$Y(s)(s+3) = \frac{2(s+2) + 1}{s+2}$

$Y(s)(s+3) = \frac{2s+4+1}{s+2}$

$Y(s) = \frac{2s+5}{(s+2)(s+3)} = \frac{A}{s+2} + \frac{B}{s+3}$

$\frac{2s+5}{(s+2)(s+3)} = \frac{A(s+3) + B(s+2)}{(s+2)(s+3)}$

$2s+5 = A(s+3) + B(s+2)$

when  $s = -2$

$2(-2)+5 = A(-2+3)$

$-4+5 = A(1)$

$A = 1$

when  $s = -3$

$2(-3)+5 = B(-3+2)$

$-6+5 = B(-1)$

$-1 = -B$

$B = 1$

$\therefore Y(s) = \frac{1}{s+2} + \frac{1}{s+3}$

$y(t) = L^{-1}\left\{\frac{1}{s+2}\right\} + L^{-1}\left\{\frac{1}{s+3}\right\}$

$y(t) = e^{-2t} + e^{-3t}$

$$11) \frac{dy}{dt} - 6y = \sin 2t \text{ given that at } t=0, y=1$$

$$\Rightarrow 3y' - 6y = \sin 2t$$

$$3(sy(s) - y(0)) - 6y(s) = \frac{2}{s^2+4}$$

$$3(sy(s) - 1) - 6y(s) = \frac{2}{s^2+4}$$

$$3sy(s) - 3 - 6y(s) = \frac{2}{s^2+4}$$

$$3sy(s) - 6y(s) = 3 + \frac{2}{s^2+4}$$

$$y(s)(3s-6) = \frac{3(s^2+4) + 2}{s^2+4}$$

$$y(s)(3s-6) = \frac{3s^2 + 12 + 2}{s^2+4}$$

$$y(s) = \frac{3s^2 + 14}{(3s-6)(s^2+4)} = \frac{A}{3s-6} + \frac{Bs+C}{s^2+4}$$

$$\frac{3s^2 + 14}{(3s-6)(s^2+4)} = \frac{A(s^2+4) + (Bs+C)(3s-6)}{(3s-6)(s^2+4)}$$

$$3s^2 + 14 = A(s^2+4) + (Bs+C)(3s-6)$$

when  $s=2$ .

$$3(2)^2 + 14 = A[(2)^2 + 4]$$

$$12 + 14 = A(4+4)$$

$$26 = 8A$$

$$A = \frac{26}{8} = \frac{13}{4}$$

Recall:

$$3s^2 + 14 = A(s^2+4) + (Bs+C)(3s-6)$$

$$3s^2 + 14 = As^2 + 4A + 3Bs^2 - 6Bs + 3Cs - 6C$$

Comparing coefficients

Coefficients of  $s^2$

$$3 = A + 3B$$

$$\text{Sub } A = \frac{13}{4}$$

$$3 = \frac{13}{4} + 3B$$

$$3B = \frac{3 - 13}{4} = \frac{12 - 13}{4}$$

$$3B = \frac{-1}{4}$$

$$B = \frac{-1}{4} \times \frac{1}{3} = \frac{-1}{12}$$

Coefficients of  $s$

$$0 = -6B + 3C$$

$$\text{Sub } B = -1/12$$

$$0 = -6 \left( \frac{-1}{12} \right) + 3C$$

$$0 = \frac{1}{2} + 3C$$

$$3C = \frac{-1}{2}$$

$$C = \frac{-1}{2} \times \frac{1}{3} = \frac{-1}{6}$$

$$y(s) = \frac{13/4}{3s-6} - \frac{1/12s - 1/6}{s^2+4}$$

$$y(s) = \frac{13/4}{3s-6} - \frac{1/12s}{s^2+4} - \frac{1/6}{s^2+4} \Rightarrow \frac{13/4}{3(s-2)} - \frac{1/12s}{s^2+4} - \frac{1/6}{s^2+4}$$

$$y(s) = \frac{13}{4} \times \frac{1}{3} \times \frac{1}{s-2} - \frac{1}{12} \times \frac{s}{s^2+4} - \frac{1}{6} \times \frac{2}{s^2+4} \times \frac{1}{2}$$

$$y(s) = \frac{13}{12} \left( \frac{1}{s-2} \right) - \frac{1}{12} \left( \frac{s}{s^2+4} \right) - \frac{1}{12} \left( \frac{2}{s^2+4} \right)$$

$$y(s) = \frac{13}{12} \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left\{ \frac{1}{s-2} \right\} - \frac{1}{12} \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left\{ \frac{s}{s^2+4} \right\} - \frac{1}{12} \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left\{ \frac{2}{s^2+4} \right\}$$

$$y(t) = \frac{13}{12} e^{2t} - \frac{1}{12} \cos 2t - \frac{1}{12} \sin 2t$$

$$11.) \frac{dy}{dt} - 4y = 8 \text{ given that at } t=0, y=2$$

$$\Rightarrow y' - 4y = 8$$

$$sY(s) - y(0) - 4Y(s) = \frac{8}{s}$$

$$sY(s) - 2 - 4Y(s) = \frac{8}{s}$$

$$sY(s) - 4Y(s) = 2 + \frac{8}{s}$$

$$Y(s)(s-4) = \frac{2s+8}{s}$$

$$Y(s) = \frac{2s+8}{s(s-4)} = \frac{A}{s} + \frac{B}{s-4}$$

$$\frac{2s+8}{s(s-4)} = \frac{A(s-4)}{s(s-4)} + \frac{Bs}{s(s-4)}$$

$$2s+8 = A(s-4) + Bs$$

when  $s=0$

$$2(0)+8 = A(0-4)$$

$$8 = -4A$$

$$A = -2$$

when  $s=4$

$$2(4)+8 = B(4)$$

$$8+8 = 4B$$

$$16 = 4B$$

$$B = 4$$

$$\therefore Y(s) = \frac{-2}{s} + \frac{4}{s-4}$$

$$y(t) = -L^{-1} \left\{ \frac{2}{s} \right\} + 4L^{-1} \left\{ \frac{1}{s-4} \right\}$$

$$y(t) = -2 + 4e^{4t}$$

$$y(t) = \underline{\underline{4e^{4t} - 2}}$$

$$11) \frac{d^2y}{dt^2} - 2\frac{dy}{dt} + 5y = 8e^{2t} \text{ given that at } t=0, y=2, y'=1$$

$$\Rightarrow y'' - 2y' + 5y = 8e^{2t}$$

$$s^2y(s) - (sy(0) + y'(0) - 2(sy(s) - y(0))) + 5y(s) = \frac{1}{s-2}$$

$$\text{sub } y(0) = 2 \text{ \& } y'(0) = 1$$

$$s^2y(s) - 2s - 1 - 2(sy(s) - 2) + 5y(s) = \frac{1}{s-2}$$

$$s^2y(s) - 2s - 1 - 2sy(s) + 4 + 5y(s) = \frac{1}{s-2}$$

$$s^2y(s) - 2sy(s) + 5y(s) - 2s + 3 = \frac{1}{s-2}$$

$$y(s)(s^2 - 2s + 5) = 2s - 3 + \frac{1}{s-2}$$

$$y(s)(s^2 - 2s + 5) = \frac{2s(s-2) - 3(s-2) + 1}{s-2}$$

$$y(s)(s^2 - 2s + 5) = \frac{2s^2 - 4s - 3s + 6 + 1}{s-2}$$

$$y(s) = \frac{2s^2 - 7s + 7}{(s-2)(s^2 - 2s + 5)} = \frac{A}{s-2} + \frac{Bs + C}{s^2 - 2s + 5}$$

$$\frac{2s^2 - 7s + 7}{(s-2)(s^2 - 2s + 5)} = \frac{A(s^2 - 2s + 5)}{(s-2)(s^2 - 2s + 5)} + \frac{(Bs + C)(s-2)}{(s-2)(s^2 - 2s + 5)}$$

$$2s^2 - 7s + 7 = A(s^2 - 2s + 5) + (Bs + C)(s-2)$$

when  $s=2$

$$2(2)^2 - 7(2) + 7 = A[(2)^2 - 2(2) + 5]$$

$$8 - 14 + 7 = A(4 - 4 + 5)$$

$$1 = 5A$$

$$A = \frac{1}{5}$$

Recall:

$$2s^2 - 7s + 7 = A(s^2 - 2s + 5) + (Bs + C)(s-2)$$

$$2s^2 - 7s + 7 = As^2 - 2As + 5s + Bs^2 - 2Bs + Cs - 2C$$

Comparing coefficients

Coefficients of  $s^2$

$$2 = A + B$$

$$\text{Sub } A = \frac{1}{5}$$

$$2 = \frac{1}{5} + B$$

$$B = 2 - \frac{1}{5} = \frac{10-1}{5}$$

$$B = \frac{9}{5}$$

Coefficients of  $s$

$$-7 = -2A - 2B + C$$

$$\text{Sub } A = \frac{1}{5} \text{ \& } B = \frac{9}{5}$$

$$-7 = \frac{-2}{5} - \frac{18}{5} + C$$

$$C = \frac{2}{5} + \frac{18}{5} - 7$$

$$C = \frac{2+18-35}{5} = \frac{-15}{5}$$

$$C = -3$$

$$\therefore y(s) = \frac{1}{5} + \frac{9/5 s - 3}{s^2 - 2s + 5}$$

$$y(s) = \frac{1}{5} + \frac{9/5 s - 3}{(s-1)^2 + 4}$$

$$y(s) = \frac{1}{5} + \frac{9/5 s - 9/5 - 6/5}{(s-1)^2 + 4}$$

$$y(s) = \frac{1}{5} + \frac{9/5(s-1) - 6/5}{(s-1)^2 + 4}$$

$$y(s) = \frac{1}{5} + \frac{9/5(s-1)}{(s-1)^2 + 4} - \frac{6/5}{(s-1)^2 + 4}$$

$$y(s) = \frac{1}{5} + \frac{9}{5} \left( \frac{s-1}{(s-1)^2 + 4} \right) - \frac{6}{5} \times \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{2}{(s-1)^2 + 4}$$

$$y(s) = \frac{1}{5} + \frac{9}{5} \left( \frac{s-1}{(s-1)^2 + 4} \right) - \frac{3}{5} \left( \frac{2}{(s-1)^2 + 4} \right)$$

$$y(t) = \frac{1}{5} \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left\{ \frac{1}{s-2} \right\} + \frac{9}{5} \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left\{ \frac{s-1}{(s-1)^2 + 4} \right\} - \frac{3}{5} \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left\{ \frac{2}{(s-1)^2 + 4} \right\}$$

$$y(t) = \frac{1}{5} e^{2t} + \frac{9}{5} e^t \cos 2t - \frac{3}{5} e^t \sin 2t$$

$$v) \frac{d^2 y}{dt^2} - 6 \frac{dy}{dt} + 8y = 8e^{3t} \text{ given that at } t=0, y=0, y'=2$$

$$\Rightarrow y'' - 6y' + 8y = 8e^{3t}$$

$$s^2 y(s) + sy(0) - y'(0) - 6(sy(s) - y(0)) + 8y(s) = \frac{1}{s-3}$$

$$\text{sub } y(0) = 0 \text{ \& } y'(0) = 2$$

$$s^2 y(s) - 2 - 6sy(s) + 8y(s) = \frac{1}{s-3}$$

$$s^2 y(s) - 6sy(s) + 8y(s) = 2 + \frac{1}{s-3}$$

$$y(s)(s^2 - 6s + 8) = \frac{2(s-3) + 1}{s-3}$$

$$y(s) = \frac{2s - 6 + 1}{(s^2 - 6s + 8)(s-3)}$$

$$y(s) = \frac{2s - 5}{(s-4)(s-2)(s-3)} = \frac{A}{s-4} + \frac{B}{s-2} + \frac{C}{s-3}$$

$$\frac{2s-5}{(s-4)(s-2)(s-3)} = \frac{A(s-2)(s-3) + B(s-4)(s-3) + C(s-4)(s-2)}{(s-4)(s-2)(s-3)}$$

$$2s-5 = A(s-2)(s-3) + B(s-4)(s-3) + C(s-4)(s-2)$$

when  $s=4$

$$2(4) - 5 = A(4-2)(4-3)$$

$$8 - 5 = A(2)(1)$$

$$3 = 2A$$

$$A = \frac{3}{2}$$

when  $s=2$

$$2(2) - 5 = B(2-4)(2-3)$$

$$4 - 5 = B(-2)(-1)$$

$$-1 = 2B$$

$$B = -\frac{1}{2}$$

when  $s=3$

$$2(3) - 5 = C(3-4)(3-2)$$

$$6 - 5 = C(-1)(1)$$

$$1 = -C$$

$$C = -1$$

$$\therefore y(s) = \frac{3/2}{s-4} - \frac{1/2}{s-2} - \frac{1}{s-3}$$

$$y(t) = \frac{3}{2} L^{-1} \left\{ \frac{1}{s-4} \right\} - \frac{1}{2} L^{-1} \left\{ \frac{1}{s-2} \right\} - L^{-1} \left\{ \frac{1}{s-3} \right\}$$

$$y(t) = \frac{3}{2} e^{4t} - \frac{1}{2} e^{2t} - e^{3t}$$