

Faluta Opeyemi

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Mechanical Engineering

300 level

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 4\frac{dy}{dx} + 5y = 6\sin\theta$$

Solution

$$m^2 + 4m + 5 = 0$$

$$m = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

$$= \frac{-4 \pm \sqrt{4^2 - 4 \times 1 \times 5}}{2 \times 1}$$

$$= \frac{-4 \pm \sqrt{-4}}{2}$$

$$m = -2 \pm j$$

$$y = e^{2\theta} [C \cos\theta + D \sin\theta]$$

Particular Integral

$$y = A \cos\theta + B \sin\theta$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = -A \sin\theta + B \cos\theta$$

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = -A \cos\theta - B \sin\theta$$

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = -A \cos\theta - B \sin\theta$$

$$\therefore [-A \cos\theta - B \sin\theta] + 4[-A \sin\theta + B \cos\theta] + 5[A \cos\theta + B \sin\theta] = 6 \sin\theta$$

$$-A \cos\theta - B \sin\theta - 4A \sin\theta + 4B \cos\theta + 5A \cos\theta + 5B \sin\theta = 6 \sin\theta$$

$$-A \cos\theta + 4B \cos\theta + 5A \cos\theta - B \sin\theta - 4A \sin\theta + 5B \sin\theta = 6 \sin\theta$$

Comparing coefficients

$$-A + 4B + 5A = 0$$

$$4A + 4B = 0 \quad \text{--- (i)}$$

$$-B - 4A + 5B = 6$$

$$-4A + 4B = 6 \quad \text{--- (ii)}$$

add eqn (i) & (ii)

$$8B = 6$$

$$B = \frac{6}{8} = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$4A + 4\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) = 0$$

$$4A = -3$$

$$A = \frac{-3}{4}$$

$$y = \frac{-3}{4} \cos \theta + \frac{3}{4} \sin \theta \quad \text{--- (ii)}$$

$$y = e^{-2\theta} \left( C \cos \theta + D \sin \theta \right) - \frac{3}{4} \cos \theta + \frac{3}{4} \sin \theta$$

ii) at  $\theta = \infty$

$$\frac{dy}{d\theta} = e^{-2\theta} \left[ -C \sin \theta + D \cos \theta \right] + \left[ C \cos \theta + D \sin \theta \right] - 2e^{-2\theta} + \frac{3}{4} \sin \theta + \frac{3}{4} \cos \theta$$

$$\text{at } \theta = \infty \text{ and } \frac{dy}{d\theta} = 0$$

$$0 = \frac{3}{4} \sin \theta + \frac{3}{4} \cos \theta$$

$$-\frac{3}{4} \sin \theta = \frac{3}{4} \cos \theta$$

$$-\cos \theta = \sin \theta$$

Divide both sides by  $-\cos \theta$

$$1 = \frac{\sin \theta}{-\cos \theta}$$

$$-\tan \theta = 1$$

$$\theta = \tan^{-1}(-1)$$

$$\theta = -45^\circ$$

$$2 \quad EI \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} = \frac{w}{2} (L-x)^2$$

Solution

$$EI m^2 = 0$$

$$m^2 = 0$$

$$m = \pm \sqrt{0}$$

$$m = \pm 0$$

$$4A + 4\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) = 0$$

$$4A = -3$$

$$A = \frac{-3}{4}$$

$$y = \frac{-3}{4} \cos \theta + \frac{3}{4} \sin \theta \quad \text{--- (11)}$$

$$y = e^{-2\theta} (C \cos \theta + D \sin \theta) - \frac{3}{4} \cos \theta + \frac{3}{4} \sin \theta$$

ii) at  $\theta = \infty$

$$\frac{dy}{d\theta} = e^{-2\theta} [-C \sin \theta + D \cos \theta] + [C \cos \theta + D \sin \theta] - 2e^{-2\theta} + \frac{3}{4} \sin \theta + \frac{3}{4} \cos \theta$$

$$\text{at } \theta = \infty \text{ and } \frac{dy}{d\theta} = 0$$

$$0 = \frac{3}{4} \sin \theta + \frac{3}{4} \cos \theta$$

$$-\frac{3}{4} \sin \theta = \frac{3}{4} \cos \theta$$

$$-\cos \theta = \sin \theta$$

Divide both sides by  $-\cos \theta$

$$1 = \frac{\sin \theta}{-\cos \theta}$$

$$-\tan \theta = 1$$

$$\theta = \tan^{-1}(-1)$$

$$\theta = -45^\circ$$

$$2 \quad EI \frac{d^3 y}{dx^3} = \frac{w}{2} (L-x)^2$$

Solution

$$EI m^2 = 0$$

$$m^2 = 0$$

$$m = \pm \sqrt{0}$$

$$m = \pm 0$$

$$y = e^{0x} (A+Bx)$$

$$y = A+Bx \quad \text{--- CF (1)}$$

To obtain particular Integral

$$y = Px^2 + Qx^3 + Rx^4$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 2Px + 3Qx^2 + 4Rx^3$$

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = 2P + 6Qx + 12Rx^2$$

$$EI [2P + 6Qx + 12Rx^2] = \frac{w}{2} (L-x)^2$$

$$2PEI + 6QEIx + 12RxEI x^2 = \frac{w}{2} (L^2 - 2Lx + x^2)$$

$$4PEI + 12QEIx + 24RxEI x^2 = w(L^2 - 2Lx + x^2)$$

$$24RxEI = w$$

$$R = \frac{w}{24EI} \quad \text{--- (2)}$$

$$24EI$$

$$12QEIx = -2wL$$

$$Q = \frac{-2wL}{12EI} = \frac{-wL}{6EI} \quad \text{--- (3)}$$

$$4PEI = wL^2$$

$$P = \frac{wL^2}{4EI}$$

$$y = \left[ \frac{wL^2}{4EI} \right] x^2 + \left[ \frac{-wL}{6EI} \right] x^3 + \left[ \frac{w}{24EI} \right] x^4$$

$$= \frac{wL^2 x^2}{4EI} - \frac{wL x^3}{6EI} + \frac{w x^4}{24EI}$$

$$= \frac{6wL^2 x^2 - 4wL x^3 + w x^4}{24EI} \quad \text{--- (4) (PI)}$$

General deflection becomes -

$$y = A + Bx + \frac{w}{24EI} [6L^2x^2 - 4Lx^3 + x^4]$$

$$\text{at } y=0, x=0, \frac{dy}{dx} = 0$$

$$0 = A + B(0) + \frac{w}{24EI} [6L^2(0) - 4L(0)^3 + 0]$$

$$A = 0$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = B + \frac{w}{24EI} [12L^2x - 12Lx^2 + 4x^3]$$

$$0 = B + \frac{w}{24EI} [4(0) - 12(0) + 4(0)]$$

$$B = 0$$

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$$y = \frac{w}{24EI} [6L^2x^2 - 4Lx^3 + x^4]$$

$$\dot{y} = \frac{w \cancel{x}^2}{24EI} [6L^2 - 4Lx + x^2]$$

$$\ddot{y} = \frac{w \cancel{x}^3}{24EI} [2x - 4L + 6L^2]$$

when  $x=L$

$$y = \frac{wL^2}{24EI} [L^2 - 4L^2 + 6L^2] = \frac{wL^2}{24EI} [3L^2]$$

$$y = \frac{wL^4}{8EI}$$