**AFE BABALOLA UNIVERSITY,**

**KM. 8.5 AFE BABALOLA WAY,**

**ADO EKITI,**

**EKITI STATE,**

**NIGERIA.**

**FIELD TRIP REPORT**

**ABUJA, NIGERIA.**

**REPORT DONE BY: GOWON FITSININLA MARIETTA**

**16/SMS10/009.**

**SOCIAL AND MANAGEMENT SCIENCES.**

**PEACE AND CONFLICT STUDIES.**

**200 LEVEL.**

**MAY 2ND -MAY 5TH 2017**

 REPORT ON THE PEACE AND CONFLICT STUDENTS FIELD TRIP TO ABUJA.

The students of Peace & conflict studies Afe Babalola University went on a field trip to Abuja. The field trip commenced on the 2nd of may and lasted to the 5th. While in Abuja, we visited a lot of Organizations that taught us more about peace and conflict as a field of study .

 We started our field trip by visiting the National Human Rights Commission (NHRC). The National Human Rights Commission was established by the National Human Rights Commission (NHRC) Act, 1995, as amended by the NHRC Act, 2010, in line with the resolution of the United Nations General Assembly which enjoins all member States to establish national human rights institutions for the promotion and protection of human rights.
The Commission serves as an extra-judicial mechanism for the enhancement of the enjoyment of human rights. Its establishment is aimed at creating an enabling environment for the promotion, protection and enforcement of human rights. It also provides avenues for public enlightenment, research and dialogue in order to raise awareness on human rights issues. The commission has branches in about 23 states in the country. Members of the board are:

\*Mrs Nwakamma; who serves as Head of Human Rights education

\*Mr. Saka Azimazi; Assistant Director Human Rights education and Chief Legal Rights.

\*Uche Okoli; Education Department.

 GLOBAL RIGHTS

The next stop we made was at Global rights. Global Rights is a unique human rights capacity building organization that works side by side local activists to advance justice.

 Global Rights exists to:

* Document and expose violations,
* Conduct community education and mobilization,
* Advocate for legal and policy reform,
* Create platforms for participatory governance
* Use the courts as well as traditional means of dispute resolution on behalf of disadvantaged populations, and
* Engage the international community, including the United Nations and regional bodies in critical human rights issues,
* Shift power imbalances through access to justice

Global Rights programs also address governance failures that exacerbate the disenfranchisement and the violations of the rights of the poor and marginalized, women and victims of discrimination. While the need for action is universal, no one model is uniformly applicable and all programs are customized to local needs and conditions. We had an interactive session that concerns the pressing issues in the society.

 IPCR (Institute for Peace and Conflict Resolution)

Finally we made a pit stop at ICPR.

Director General, Prof. Shita. O. Shita.

Leader of Delegation: Dr. Badmus Isika

The Institute for Peace and Conflict Resolution(IPCR) was established in February, 2000. The Institute is under the Ministry of Foreign Affairs and is primarily a research centre, a think-tank and an agency to strengthen Nigeria’s capacity for the promotion of peace and conflict prevention, management and resolution

 Functions of the Institute.

 \*Promoting peace and security internally within Nigeria and externally in Africa.

 \*Conducting research into the cause, patterns, dynamics, actors and forces behind conflicts and insecurity in Nigeria and Africa;

\*Publishing and disseminating case studies from its researches with a view to offering insights into the success or failure in conflict resolution and peace building;

\*Identifying these Actors, issues, historical phases, capacities and the balance of power of different groups in a conflict situation;

\*Getting practically involved in the task of mediation, conflict management and conflict resolution;

\*Encouraging the establishment of regional affiliates of the Institute in Africa and other parts of the world and fostering collaboration with those affiliates;

\*Designing strategies for funding people centred development programmes to support peace;

\* Providing Government with relevant policy options on fundamental issues required in designing an effective and durable peace process;

\*Initiating, encouraging, organising, hosting, arranging and conducting policy-relevant courses, national or international seminars, symposia, conferences, and workshops, training programmes and other actions that are incidental to peace making and peace building as part of its intensive effort in capacity building

\*Carrying out other relevant activities that may be assigned to it by the President.

**REFERENCES**

NHRC

GLOBAL RIGHTS.

IPCR