

10RDEE MCDAVIS SAMUEL

16/ENG07/013

PETROLEUMS ENG -

(A) The ODE of Exponential growth is $y' = ky$

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = ky$$

$$\frac{dy}{y} = k dt$$

$$\int \frac{dy}{y} = \int k dt \quad ; \quad \ln y = kt + c$$

$$y = e^{k(t+c)}$$

$$y = e^{kt} \cdot e^c = e^{kt} (e^c)$$

$\therefore y = e^{kt}$ is the solution to the ODE

The experiment commenced with 20 bacteria

$$y(0) = 20$$

$$20 = e^{k \cdot 0}$$

$$20 = C$$

$$y = 20e^{kt}$$

Since the doubles every 5 hours then, the Model is now

$$40 = 20e^{k \cdot 5} \equiv e^{5k} = 40/20 = e^{5k} = 2$$

$$\ln(e^{5k}) = \ln 2$$

$$5k \ln 2$$

$$\therefore k = \frac{\ln 2}{5} = 0.1386$$

$$y = 20e^{0.1386t}$$

(B) Estimating the Population of the Bacteria in 1 1/2 days

1 day = 24 hrs

$$\therefore y = 20e^{0.1386 \times 36}$$

$$y = 2937.55$$

The Number of Bacteria Varies but not Constantly with time

for the time different initial number of bacteria

\therefore initial bacteria = 10 \therefore Final Bacteria = 639.4351

\therefore initial bacteria = 30 \therefore Final Bacteria = 1918.3051