

$$e^{5k} = 2$$

taking \ln of both sides

$$5k = \ln 2$$

$$k = \frac{\ln 2}{5}$$

$$k = 0.1386$$

Therefore the model is

$$y = 20e^{0.1386t}$$

b) Expressing $1\frac{1}{2}$ days in hours

24hrs \rightarrow 1 day

$$\therefore 1\frac{1}{2} \text{ days} = 36 \text{ hrs (i.e. } 24 + 12)$$

therefore inputting the value in the model

$$y = 20e^{0.1386(36)}$$

$$y = 20e^{4.9896}$$

$$y = 20 \times 146.8777$$

$$y = 2937.554$$

at $y = 10, 30$ and 50

at $y = 10$ (Since the same conditions still stand)

$$\text{at } t = 0 \quad y = 10$$

$$10 = Ce^{k(0)}$$

$$10 = Ce^0$$

$$10 = C$$

Also Since y doubles every five hours

$$20 = 10e^{5k}$$

$$2 = e^{5k}$$

$$(0)$$