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16/ENG07/011

PETROLEUM ENGINEERING

ENG 282

Assignment - III

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i) Mathematical modelling is the process of setting up a model, solving it mathematically, and interpreting the result in physical or in order terms.

ii) a) Using Balance Law - Law of conservation of mass

b) Forming a differential equation from an existing algebraic equation of the system.

2)

$$r = (t^2 + 3t)i - 2\sin 3tj + 3e^{2t}k$$

$$\nabla \frac{dr}{dt} = (2t + 3)i - 6\cos 3tj + 6e^{2t}k$$

$$ii) \frac{d^2r}{dt^2} = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dr}{dt} \right)$$

$$\frac{d^2r}{dt^2} = 2i + 18\sin 3tj + 12e^{2t}k$$

$$iii) \frac{d^2r}{dt^2} = 2i + 18\sin 3(0)j + 12e^{2(0)}k$$
$$\frac{t=0}{=} = 2i + 12k$$

$$1) \left| \frac{d^2r}{dt^2} \right| = \sqrt{(2l)^2 + (12k)^2}$$

$$l \cdot l = j \cdot j = k \cdot k = 1$$

$$= \sqrt{4 + 144} = \sqrt{148} = 2\sqrt{37}$$

$$\left| \frac{d^2r}{dt^2} \right|_{t=0} = 12.17$$

3) at point  $(1, 2, 1)$

$$A = x^2y i + (xy + yz) j + xz^2 k$$

$$B = yz i - 3xz j + 2xy k$$

$$\phi = 3x^2y + xy^2z - 4y^2z^2 - 3$$

$$\nabla \phi = \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial x} i + \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial y} j + \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial z} k$$

$$\nabla \phi = (6xy + yz) i + (3x^2 + xz - 8yz^2) j + (2xy - 8y^2z) k$$

at point  $(1, 2, 1)$

$$\nabla \phi = (6(1)(2) + (2)(1)) i + ((3(1)^2 + (1)(1) - 8(2)(1)^2) j + ((1)(2) - 8(2)^2(1)) k$$

$$\nabla \phi = 14i - 12j - 30k$$

$$\nabla \phi = 3(14/3i - 4j - 10k)$$

$$ii) \nabla \cdot A = \frac{\partial a_x}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial a_y}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial a_z}{\partial z}$$

$$\nabla \cdot A = 2xy + (x+z) + 2xz$$

$$\nabla \cdot A = 2(1)(2) + (1+1) + 2(1)(1)$$

at (1, 2, 1)

$$\nabla \cdot A = 4 + 2 + 2$$

$$\nabla \cdot A = 8$$

$$(ii) \nabla \times B = \begin{vmatrix} i & j & k \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial x} & \frac{\partial}{\partial y} & \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \\ yz & -3xz & 2xy \end{vmatrix}$$

$$i \begin{vmatrix} \frac{\partial}{\partial y} & \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \\ -3xz & 2xy \end{vmatrix} - j \begin{vmatrix} \frac{\partial}{\partial x} & \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \\ yz & 2xy \end{vmatrix} + k \begin{vmatrix} \frac{\partial}{\partial x} & \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \\ yz & -3xz \end{vmatrix}$$

$$i \left[ \frac{\partial}{\partial y}(2xy) - \frac{\partial}{\partial z}(-3xz) \right] - j \left[ \frac{\partial}{\partial x}(2xy) - \frac{\partial}{\partial z}(yz) \right]$$

$$+ k \left[ \frac{\partial}{\partial x}(-3xz) - \frac{\partial}{\partial y}(yz) \right]$$

$$\nabla \times B = i[2x + 3z] - j[2y - y] + k[-3z - z]$$

$$\nabla \times B = 5x i - y j - 4z k$$

at point (1, 2, 1)

$$\nabla \times B = 5(1) i - (2) j - 4(1) k$$

$$\nabla \times B = 5i - 2j - 4k$$

$$iv) \text{ grad. div } A = \nabla \cdot (\nabla A) = \nabla^2 A$$

$$\text{grad div } A = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \frac{\partial A}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \frac{\partial A}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \frac{\partial A}{\partial z}$$

$$A = x^2 y \mathbf{i} + (xy + yz) \mathbf{j} + xz^2 \mathbf{k}$$

$$\text{div } A = 2xy + (x+z) + 2xz$$

$$\text{grad. div } A = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \frac{\partial A}{\partial x} \mathbf{i} + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \frac{\partial A}{\partial y} \mathbf{j} + \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \frac{\partial A}{\partial z} \mathbf{k}$$

$$\text{grad. div } A = (2y + 1 + 2z) \mathbf{i} + (2x) \mathbf{j} + (1 + 2x) \mathbf{k}$$

$$\text{grad. div } A \text{ at point } (1, 2, 1) = (2(2) + 1 + 2(1)) \mathbf{i} + (2(1)) \mathbf{j} + (1 + 2(1)) \mathbf{k}$$

$$\text{grad. div } A = 7\mathbf{i} + 2\mathbf{j} + 3\mathbf{k}$$

v) curl curl A

$$\text{curl } A = \begin{vmatrix} \mathbf{i} & \mathbf{j} & \mathbf{k} \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial x} & \frac{\partial}{\partial y} & \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \\ x^2 y & (xy + yz) & xz^2 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{i} \begin{vmatrix} \frac{\partial}{\partial y} & \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \\ (xy + yz) & xz^2 \end{vmatrix} - \mathbf{j} \begin{vmatrix} \frac{\partial}{\partial x} & \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \\ x^2 y & xz^2 \end{vmatrix} + \mathbf{k} \begin{vmatrix} \frac{\partial}{\partial x} & \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \\ x^2 y & (xy + yz) \end{vmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{i} \left[ \frac{\partial}{\partial y} (xz^2) - \frac{\partial}{\partial z} (xy + yz) \right] - \mathbf{j} \left[ \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (xz^2) - \frac{\partial}{\partial z} (x^2 y) \right]$$

$$+ \mathbf{k} \left[ \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (xy + yz) - \frac{\partial}{\partial y} (x^2 y) \right]$$

$$\mathbf{i} [0 - y] - \mathbf{j} [z^2 - 0] + \mathbf{k} (y - x^2)$$

$$= -y \mathbf{i} - z^2 \mathbf{j} + (y - x^2) \mathbf{k}$$

$$\text{Curl curl } A = \begin{vmatrix} L & J & K \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial x} & \frac{\partial}{\partial y} & \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \\ -y & -z^2 & (y-x^2) \end{vmatrix}$$

$$L \left[ \frac{\partial}{\partial y} (y-x^2) - \frac{\partial}{\partial z} (-z^2) \right] - J \left[ \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (y-x^2) - \frac{\partial}{\partial z} (-y) \right]$$

$$+ K \left[ \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (-z^2) - \frac{\partial}{\partial y} (-y) \right]$$

$$\text{Curl curl } A = L [1 + 2z] - J [-2x + 0] + K [0 + 1]$$

$$\text{Curl curl } A = (1 + 2z)L + 2xJ + K$$

$$\text{Curl curl } A = (1 + 2(1))L + 2(1)J + K$$

at point (1, 2, 1)

$$\text{Curl curl } A = 3L + 2J + K$$