**Chemistry Assignment**

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**Matric No:** 17/MHS02/015

**College:** Medicine and Health Sciences

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1a.) Suggest possible formulas for a molecular ion (m/z) of 105.

b.) What are the importance of organic compounds

c.) Differentiate between homocyclic and heterocyclic compounds

2a.) If the distance of the solvent front is 12.2cm. 2.4cm, 5.6cm and 8.9cm are distances of the different bands respectively. Calculate the retardation factor of the available bands

b.) Two organic compounds were labelled A and B. A gave a positive test result (dark grey precipitate) to tollens test and B decolourizes Bromine water. Suggest the family to which these organic compounds belong

c.) 2,4-Dinitrophenylhydrazine test is employed for \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

d.) List 7 functional groups of organic compounds giving two examples of each group.

**Solution**

1a.) Ethylbenzene(C8H9), Phenylmethanimine (C7H7N), Phenylmethanone (C7H5O), Pyran-3-Carbonitrile (C6H3NO)

b.) Importance of organic compounds

i.) They are important because all living things contain carbon.

ii.) They are the basis of food.

iii.) They are also important in the metabolism of the body.

iv.) They are important in hydrocarbons and hydrocarbons is the primary source of energy for most civilizations today

v.) They also make up proteins which is important in the human body.

vi.) They also form lipids which aids in storing energy in the human body and acts as a structural component of cell membranes.

vii.) They also form carbohydrates which play an important role in organisms

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| **DIFFERENCES BETWEEN HOMOCYCLIC AND HETEROCYCLIC** | | |
| S/N | **HOMOCYCLIC** | **HETEROCYCLIC** |
| 1. | Homocyclic compounds are compounds that consist only of carbon atoms within the ring | Heterocyclic compunds are compounds that contain at least one non-carbon atom in the ring |
| 2. | Example is Benzene | Example is Heterocyclic amines |

c.)

2a.) Distance of solvent front = 12.2cm

Distance of band A = 2.4 cm

Distance of band B = 5.6 cm

Distance of band C = 8.9 cm

Retardation factor (Rf) of A = 2.4/12.2

= 0.1967

Retardation factor (Rf) of B = 5.6/12.2

=

= 0.4590

Retardation factor (Rf) of C = 8.9/12.2

=

= 0.7295

**b.)** Organic Compound A belongs to Family of Aldehydes

Organic compound B belongs to Family of Alkenes

**c.)** Aldehyde and Ketones

**d.)** **Functional groups of Organic Compounds**

i.) Carboxylic acids (-COOH)

Examples

* Butanoic acid
* Propanoic acid

ii.) Alkanoate (-COOR)

Examples

* Sodium ethanoate
* Sodium propanoate

iii.) Alkanols (-OH)

Examples

* 3–methyl pentan-2-ol
* 1,2,3-propentriol

iv.) Haloalkane (-Cl, - Br)

Examples

* 1- Bromo Butane
* Chloro Ethane

v.) Aldehydes (-CHO)

Examples

* Propanal
* Ethanal

vi.) Alkene (C = C)

Examples

* Pentene
* Butene

vii.) Ethers (-OR)

Examples

* Ethoxyethane
* Methoxyethane