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Mechanical Engineering.

3006

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ENG 381

$$1.) \frac{d^2x}{dt^2} + 5\frac{dx}{dt} + 6x = \cos t$$

$$\frac{d^2x}{dt^2} + 5\frac{dx}{dt} + 6x = 0$$

$$C.F: m^2 + 5m + 6 = 0$$

$$m^2 + 3m + 2m + 6 = 0$$

$$m(m+3) + 2(m+3) = 0$$

$$(m+3)(m+2) = 0$$

$$m_1 = -3 \text{ and } m_2 = -2$$

$$\therefore A e^{-3t} + B e^{-2t} = C.F$$

$$P.F: f(t) = \cos t$$

$$x = A \cos t + B \sin t$$

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = -A \sin t + B \cos t$$

$$\frac{d^2x}{dt^2} = -A \cos t - B \sin t$$

$$\therefore \frac{d^2x}{dt^2} + 5\frac{dx}{dt} + 6x = \cos t$$

$$[-A \cos t - B \sin t] + [-5A \sin t + 5B \cos t] + [6A \cos t + 6B \sin t] = \cos t$$

$$[-A \cos t + 6A \cos t - B \sin t + 6B \sin t - 5A \sin t + 5B \cos t] = \cos t$$

$$5A \cos t + 5B \sin t - 5A \sin t + 5B \cos t = \cos t$$

Collecting the coefficients of like terms.

$$5A + 5B = 1$$

$$-5A + 5B = 0$$

$$10B = 1$$

$$B = \frac{1}{10}$$

$$\therefore B_A + B_B = 1$$

$$B_A + B \left(\frac{1}{10} \right) = 1$$

$$B_A + \frac{1}{2} = 1$$

$$B_A = 1 - \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$10A = 1$$

$$A = \frac{1}{10}$$

$$P \cdot I = \frac{1}{10} \cos t + \frac{1}{10} \sin t$$

$$P \cdot I = \frac{1}{10} [\cos t + \sin t]$$

$$x = C \cdot f + P \cdot I$$

$$x = A e^{-3t} + B e^{-2t} + \frac{1}{10} [\cos t + \sin t]$$

$$x = \left(\frac{1}{10} \right) e^{-3t} + \left(\frac{1}{10} \right) e^{-2t} + \frac{1}{10} (\cos t + \sin t)$$

1.) Write a mat lab program to plot the relationship between x if for $0 \leq t \leq 15$ unit using a step size of 0.01 unit.

Soln

Command Window

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where

$$k = \sqrt{A^2 + B^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{\left(\frac{1}{10} \right)^2 + \left(\frac{1}{10} \right)^2} = \sqrt{\frac{1+1}{10^2}}$$

$$k = \sqrt{2}/10,$$

$\phi = 0^\circ$ (the same phase).

Recall $x = k \sin(\omega t + \phi)$

$$\sqrt{2}/10 = \sqrt{2}/10 \sin(45t + \phi)$$

$$1 = \sin(45t + \phi)$$

$$45t + \phi = \sin^{-1}(1)$$

$$\phi = 90 - 45 = 45^\circ \approx \frac{\pi}{4}$$

The steady state solution is, $x = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{10} \sin\left(t + \frac{\pi}{4}\right)$