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16/ Eng 06/007
ENG 381

$$1. \frac{d^2x}{dt^2} + 5\frac{dx}{dt} + 6 = \text{Cost}$$

$$C.F = m^2 + 5m + 6 = 0$$

$$m^2 + 3m + 2m + 6 = 0$$

$$m(m+3) + 2(m+3)$$

$$(m+3)(m+2)$$

$$\text{Roots } m = -3, \text{ or } m = -2$$

$$x = A e^{-3t} + B e^{-2t}$$

$$P.I: f(x) = \text{cost} \quad P.I: f(x) = \text{cost}$$

$$x = A \text{cost} + B \sin t$$

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = -A \sin t + B \text{cost}$$

$$\frac{d^2x}{dt^2} = -A \text{cost} - B \sin t$$

$$(-A \text{cost} - B \sin t) + 5(-A \sin t + B \text{cost}) + 6(A \text{cost} + B \sin t) = \text{cost}$$

$$(-A \text{cost} - B \sin t) + (-5A \sin t - 5B \text{cost}) + (6A \text{cost} + 6B \sin t) = \text{cost}$$

$$5A \text{cost} + 5B \sin t - 5A \sin t + 5B \text{cost} = \text{cost}$$

Collecting the coefficient of like terms

$$5A + 5B = 1$$

$$\underline{-5A + 5B = 0}$$

$$10B = 1$$

$$B = \frac{1}{10}$$

10

$$5A + 5B = 1$$

$$5A + 5\left(\frac{1}{10}\right) = 1$$

$$5A = 1 - \frac{1}{2}$$

$$5A = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$A = \frac{1}{10}$$

$$P-I = \frac{1}{10} \cos t + \frac{1}{10} \sin t$$

$$P-I = \frac{1}{10} (\cos t + \sin t)$$

$$x = C_F + P_F$$

$$x = Ae^{-3t} + Be^{-2t} + \frac{1}{10} (\cos t + \sin t)$$

~~$$x = \frac{1}{10} e^{-3t}$$~~

$$x = \left(\frac{1}{10}\right) e^{-3t} + \left(\frac{1}{10}\right) e^{-2t} + \frac{1}{10} (\cos t + \sin t)$$

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x =
exp(-3*t)/10 - exp(-2*t) + cos(t) + sin(t)

tn =
0
0.0100
15.0000

xn =
cos(1/100) - exp(-1/50) + exp(-3/100)/10 + sin(1/100)
cos(15) - exp(-30) + exp(-45)/10 + sin(15)

>>

COPMMANDS

commandwindow
clear
clc
close all
syms t
x = 0.1*(exp(-3*t))-exp(-2*t)+cos(t)+sin(t)
tn = [0;0.01;15]
xn = subs(x,tn)
figure (1)
plot(tn,xn)
grid on
grid minor
axis tight
xlabel ('t')
ylabel ('x')

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