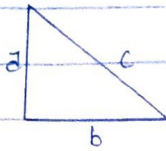


The hypotenuse of a right angled triangle is denoted as c , and the other two sides as a and b . If the possible error of measuring each of a and b is $\pm 1.5\%$, find the maximum possible error in calculating: (a) the area of the triangle (b) the length of the hypotenuse.

Solution



(a) Recall area of a right angled triangle $A = \frac{1}{2}ab$

$$\therefore \delta A = \frac{\partial A}{\partial a} \cdot \delta a + \frac{\partial A}{\partial b} \cdot \delta b$$

$$\frac{\partial A}{\partial a} = \frac{1}{2}b, \quad \frac{\partial A}{\partial b} = \frac{1}{2}a \quad \therefore \delta A = \frac{b}{2} \cdot \delta a + \frac{a}{2} \cdot \delta b$$

Error = $\pm 1.5\%$

$$\therefore \delta a = \pm 1.5 \frac{a}{100}, \quad \delta b = \pm 1.5 \frac{b}{100}$$

$$\therefore \delta A = \frac{b}{2} \cdot \pm 1.5 \frac{a}{100} + \frac{a}{2} \cdot \pm 1.5 \frac{b}{100}$$

$$\delta A = \frac{ab}{2} \left(\frac{1.5}{100} + \frac{1.5}{100} \right)$$

$$\delta A = \frac{ab}{2} \left(\frac{1.5 + 1.5}{100} \right) = \frac{3}{100}$$

$$\therefore \delta A = \frac{ab}{2} \left(\frac{3}{100} \right)$$

Recall; $A = \frac{ab}{2}$ \therefore Replacing it $\therefore \delta A = A \left(\frac{\pm 3}{100} \right)$

\therefore Maximum possible error in calculating A is $\pm 3\%$

(b) Recall hypotenuse $c^2 = a^2 + b^2$

$$\therefore c = \sqrt{a^2 + b^2} \quad \therefore c = (a^2 + b^2)^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$\delta c = \frac{\partial c}{\partial a} \cdot \delta a + \frac{\partial c}{\partial b} \cdot \delta b$$

$$\therefore \text{For } \frac{\partial c}{\partial a} : c = (a^2 + b^2)^{\frac{1}{2}} \quad \therefore \text{Let } a^2 + b^2 = u \quad \therefore c = u^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$\therefore \frac{\partial c}{\partial a} = 2a, \quad \frac{\partial c}{\partial u} = \frac{1}{2}u^{-\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$\therefore \frac{\partial C}{\partial a} = \frac{\partial u}{\partial a} \times \frac{\partial C}{\partial u} \quad \star \quad \frac{1}{2} u^{-\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$\star \quad \frac{a}{\sqrt{u}}$$

Recall $u = a^2 + b^2$

$$\therefore \frac{\partial C}{\partial a} = \frac{a}{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}}$$

For $\frac{\partial C}{\partial b}$ \star Let $u = a^2 + b^2 \therefore C = u^{\frac{1}{2}}$

$$\therefore \frac{\partial C}{\partial u} = \frac{1}{2} u^{-\frac{1}{2}} \quad \therefore \frac{\partial u}{\partial b} = 2b$$

$$\frac{\partial C}{\partial b} = \frac{\partial C}{\partial u} \times \frac{\partial u}{\partial b} \quad \therefore \frac{\partial C}{\partial b} = 2b \cdot \frac{1}{2} u^{-\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{b}{\sqrt{u}}$$

$$\therefore \text{Recall } u = a^2 + b^2 \quad \therefore \frac{\partial C}{\partial b} = \frac{b}{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}}$$

$$\therefore \delta C = \frac{a}{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}} \cdot \delta a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}} \cdot \delta b \quad \therefore \delta a = \pm 1.5a, \quad \delta b = \pm 1.5b$$

$$\therefore \delta C = \frac{a}{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}} \left(\frac{1.5a}{100} \right) + \frac{b}{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}} \left(\frac{1.5b}{100} \right)$$

$$\therefore \delta C = \frac{a^2}{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}} \left(\frac{\pm 3}{200} \right) + \frac{b^2}{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}} \left(\frac{\pm 3}{200} \right)$$

$$\star \pm 3 \left[\frac{a^2}{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}} + \frac{b^2}{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}} \right]$$

$$\pm 3 \left[\frac{a^2 + b^2}{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}} \right]$$

$$\pm 3 \left[\frac{a^2 + b^2}{(a^2 + b^2)^{\frac{1}{2}}} \right]$$

$$\text{Through indices } \therefore \pm 3 \left[(a^2 + b^2)^{-\frac{1}{2}} \right]$$

$$\star \pm 3 \frac{(a^2 + b^2)^{\frac{1}{2}}}{200}$$

Recall $C = (a^2 + b^2)^{\frac{1}{2}}$ or $\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}$

$$\star \pm 3 \text{ or } 1.5\% \text{ of } C$$

\therefore Maximum percentage error = +1.5% of C