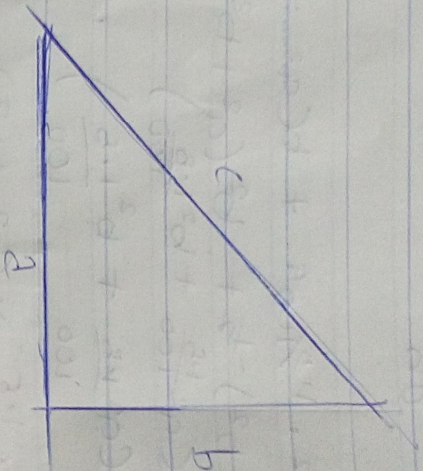


Solution



$$c^2 = a^2 + b^2$$

$$c = (a^2 + b^2)^{1/2}$$

$$A = \frac{1}{2}bh = \frac{1}{2}ab$$

$$\frac{dA}{da} = \frac{1}{2}b, \quad \frac{dA}{db} = \frac{1}{2}a$$

$$dA = \frac{dA}{da} da + \frac{dA}{db} db$$

$$dA = \frac{1}{2}b \cdot \frac{1.5}{100} a + \frac{1}{2}a \cdot \frac{1.5}{100} b$$

$$dA = \frac{1}{2}ab \left( \frac{1.5}{100} + \frac{1.5}{100} \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}ab \left( \frac{3}{100} \right)$$

$$\frac{dA}{A} = \pm 3\% A$$

b)  $c^2 = a^2 + b^2$

$$c = \sqrt{a^2 + b^2}$$

$$c = (a^2 + b^2)^{1/2}$$

$$\frac{dc}{da} = \frac{1}{2} (a^2 + b^2)^{-1/2} \cdot 2a$$

$$\frac{dc}{da} = \frac{1}{2} a (a^2 + b^2)^{-1/2}$$

$$\frac{dc}{db} = \frac{1}{2} (a^2 + b^2)^{-1/2} \cdot 2b$$

$$\frac{dc}{db} = b (a^2 + b^2)^{-1/2}$$

$$\frac{\partial c}{\partial a} = \gamma a + \frac{dc}{db}$$

$$\delta c = a(a^2 + b^2)^{-1/2} \cdot \frac{1.5}{100} a + b(a^2 + b^2)^{-1/2} \cdot \frac{1.5}{100} \cdot b$$

$$\delta c = a^2 \frac{1.5}{100} (a^2 + b^2)^{-1/2} + b^2 (a^2 + b^2)^{-1/2} \cdot \frac{1.5}{100}$$

$$\gamma c = (a^2 + b^2)^{-1/2} \left( a^2 \frac{1.5}{100} + b^2 \frac{1.5}{100} \right)$$

$$\delta c = (a^2 + b^2)^{-1/2} \left( a^2 \frac{1.5}{100} + b^2 \frac{1.5}{100} \right)$$

$$\delta c = (a^2 + b^2)^{-1/2} \times \frac{1.5}{100} \times (a^2 + b^2)$$

$$\delta c = \frac{1.5}{100} \times (a^2 + b^2)^{-1/2} \times (a^2 + b^2)^{1/2}$$

$$\delta c = \frac{1.5}{100} \times (a^2 + b^2)^{1/2 - 1/2}$$

$$\delta c = \frac{1.5}{100} \times (a^2 + b^2)^{1/2}$$

$$\delta c = \pm 1.5\% c$$