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MATRIC NO: 17/EGG02/055

DEPT: COMPUTER ENGINEERING

The hypotenuse of a right angle is denoted as  $c$  and the other two sides are denoted as  $a$  &  $b$ . If I 1.5%, find the max possible error in calculating

- The area of the triangle and,
- The length of the hypotenuse.

Solve

$$a) \quad A = \frac{1}{2} a \cdot b = \frac{a \cdot b}{2}$$

$$\frac{\partial A}{\partial a} = \frac{1}{2}, \quad \frac{\partial A}{\partial b} = \frac{a}{2}$$

$$\delta A = \pm \frac{\partial A}{\partial a} \cdot \delta a + \frac{\partial A}{\partial b} \cdot \delta b$$

$$= \frac{b}{2} (\pm \frac{3\%}{200}) + \frac{a}{2} (\pm \frac{b}{200})$$

$$= \pm \frac{a \cdot b}{2} (\frac{3}{200} + \frac{3}{200}) = \pm A \cdot \frac{3}{100}$$

$\therefore \delta A = 3$  percent of  $A$

$$b) \quad c = \sqrt{a^2 + b^2} = (a^2 + b^2)^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$\frac{\partial c}{\partial a} = \frac{1}{2} (a^2 + b^2)^{-\frac{1}{2}} \quad (2a)$$

$$\frac{\partial c}{\partial a}$$

$$= \frac{a}{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}}$$

$$\frac{\partial c}{\partial b} = \frac{1}{2} (a^2 + b^2)^{-\frac{1}{2}} \quad (2b)$$

$$= \frac{b}{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}}$$

$$\delta a = \pm \frac{3\%}{200}, \quad \delta b = \pm \frac{3\%}{200}$$

$$\therefore \delta c = \frac{\partial c}{\partial a} \cdot \delta a + \frac{\partial c}{\partial b} \cdot \delta b$$



denoted as  
a & b - is  
calculating

$$\delta c = \frac{a}{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}} \left( \frac{+3a}{200} \right) + \frac{b}{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}} \left( \frac{+3b}{200} \right)$$

$$\geq + \frac{3}{200} \cdot \sqrt{a^2 + b^2}$$

$$\geq + \frac{3}{200} \cdot c$$

$$\delta c = 1.5 \text{ percent of } c.$$

b

$$\frac{+b}{200}$$

$$\frac{3}{100}$$