

Arijoba Olufemi

10/ENG07/008

Petroleum Engineering

ENG 381 Assignment 2

1.  $y = e^{x^2+x}$

let  $u = x^2+x$ ,  $y = e^u$   
 $\frac{dy}{du} = e^u$ ,  $\frac{du}{dx} = 2x+1$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{dy}{du} \cdot \frac{du}{dx}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = (2x+1) \cdot e^u$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = (2x+1) \cdot e^{x^2+x}$$

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = \frac{d}{dx} \left[ (2x+1) \cdot e^{x^2+x} \right] \quad y' = (2x+1) e^{x^2+x}$$

using product rule

$$u = 2x+1 \quad v = e^{x^2+x}$$

$$\frac{du}{dx} = 2, \quad \frac{dv}{dx} = (2x+1) \cdot e^{x^2+x}$$

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = v \frac{du}{dx} + u \frac{dv}{dx}$$

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = (2x+1) \cdot (2x+1) \cdot e^{x^2+x} + e^{x^2+x} \cdot 2$$

recall,  $y' = (2x+1) \cdot e^{x^2+x}$ ,  $y = e^{x^2+x}$

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = (2x+1) \cdot (2x+1) \cdot e^{x^2+x} + 2e^{x^2+x}$$

$$y'' = (2x+1) \cdot y' + 2y$$

Hence,  $y'' = y'(2x+1) + 2y$

for  $w_1^{(n)}$   $u = y^{(2)}$   $v = 1$   
 $u^{(n)} = y^{(n+2)}$   $v^{(0)} = 0$

From Leibniz  
for  $w_2^n$

$$u = y(x) \quad v = 2x+1$$

$$u^{(n)} = y^{(n+1)} \quad v^{(1)} = 2$$

$$u^{(n-1)} = y^{(n)} \quad v^{(2)} = 0$$

for  $w_3^n$

$$u = y \quad v = 2$$

$$u^{(n)} = y^{(n)} \quad v^{(1)} = 0$$

$$y^{(n+2)} = y^{(n+1)}(2x+1) + n \cdot 2y^{(n)} + 2y^{(n)}$$

$$y^{(n+2)} = y^{(n+1)}(2x+1) + 2y^{(n)}(n+1)$$

Hence,  $y^{(n+2)} = y^{(n+1)}(2x+1) + 2(n+1)y^{(n)}$

2. Using Leibniz theorem

i,  $y = x^3 e^{4x}$ , determine  $y^{(5)}$

$$u = e^{4x} \quad v = x^3$$

$$u^{(n)} = 4^{(n)} e^{4x} \quad v^{(1)} = 3x^2$$

$$u^{(n-1)} = 4^{(n-1)} e^{4x} \quad v^{(2)} = 6x$$

$$u^{(n-2)} = 4^{(n-2)} e^{4x} \quad v^{(3)} = 6$$

$$u^{(n-3)} = 4^{(n-3)} e^{4x} \quad v^{(4)} = 0$$

$$y^{(n)} = u^{(n)}v + n u^{(n-1)}v^{(1)} + \frac{n(n-1)u^{(n-2)}v^{(2)}}{2!} +$$

$$\frac{n(n-1)(n-2)u^{(n-3)}v^{(3)}}{3!} + \frac{n(n-1)(n-2)(n-3)u^{(n-4)}v^{(4)}}{4!} + \dots$$

$$y^{(5)} = 4^5 e^{4x} \cdot x^3 + 5 \cdot 4^4 e^{4x} \cdot 3x^2 + \frac{5 \cdot 4 \cdot 4^3 e^{4x} \cdot 6x}{2!} +$$

$$+ \frac{5 \cdot 4 \cdot 3 \cdot 4^2 e^{4x} \cdot 6}{3!}$$

$$y^{(5)} = 1024 x^3 e^{4x} + 3840 x^2 e^{4x} + 3840 x e^{4x} + 960 e^{4x}$$

$$y^{(5)} = 64 e^{4x} (16x^3 + 60x^2 + 60x + 15)$$

ii,  $x^2 \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} + x \frac{dy}{dx} + y = 0$

for  $w_1^{(n)}$   
 $x^2 y'' + x y' + y = 0$

$$u = y^{(2)} \quad v = x^2$$

$$u^{(n)} = y^{(n+2)} \quad v^{(1)} = 2x$$

$$u^{(n-1)} = y^{(n+1)} \quad v^{(2)} = 2$$

$$u^{(n-2)} = y^{(n)} \quad v^{(3)} = 0$$

for  $w_2^{(n)}$

$$u = y^{(1)} \quad v = x$$

$$u^{(n)} = y^{(n+1)} \quad v^{(1)} = 1$$

$$u^{(n-1)} = y^{(n)} \quad v^{(2)} = 0$$

for  $w_3^{(n)}$

$$u = y \quad v = 1$$

$$u^{(n)} = y^{(n)} \quad v = 0$$

$$w_1^{(n)} = y^{(n+2)} x^2 + n y^{(n+1)} 2x + \frac{n(n-1)}{2!} y^{(n)}$$

$$w_2^{(n)} = y^{(n+1)} x + n y^{(n)}$$

$$w_3^{(n)} = y^{(n)}$$

$$w_1^{(n)} + w_2^{(n)} + w_3^{(n)} = 0$$

$$0 = y^{(n+2)} x^2 + n y^{(n+1)} 2x + n(n-1) y^{(n)} + y^{(n+1)} x + n y^{(n)}$$

$$0 = y^{(n+2)} x^2 + x y^{(n+1)} (2n+1) + y^{(n)} (n^2 - n + n + 1)$$

$$0 = y^{(n+2)} x^2 + x y^{(n+1)} (2n+1) + y^{(n)} (n^2 + 1)$$