

Q) $y = e^{x+x^2}$

Using the chain rule/ function of a function

$$\begin{aligned} y &= e^u \\ u &= x+x^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{du}{dx} = 1+2x$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx}$$

$$\frac{dy}{du} \times \frac{du}{dx} = (2x+1)e^u$$

$$\frac{dy}{du} = (2x+1)e^{(x+x^2)}$$

$$\begin{aligned} y' &= (2x+1)(e^{x+x^2}) + 2[e^{x+x^2}] \\ \text{where } e^{x+x^2} &= y \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{and } (2x+1)(e^{x+x^2}) = y'$$

$$\therefore y' = y'(2x+1) + 2(y)$$

$$b) y'' = y'(2x+1) + 2y$$

$$y'' - y'(2x+1) - 2y = 0$$

using leibnitz theorem

$$u_1^n = y^1, \quad U_1 = 1 \quad u_1^0 = y^1$$

$$u_1^1 = 0 \quad u_1^2 = y^2$$

$$w_1^n = ux^n + nu^{n-1}U' + \frac{n(n-1)}{2!} u^{n-2}U'' + \dots$$

$$w_1^n = y^{n+2}(1) + ny^{n+1}(0) + \dots$$

$$w_1^n = y^{n+2}$$

$$\text{expanding } -y'(2x+1)$$

$$w_2^n = -2y^1$$

$$w_2^n = -2xy^1$$

$$v' = -2 \quad u' = y^1$$

$$v'' = 0 \quad u'' = y^2$$

$$w_2^n = u^n v + nu^{n-1}U' + \frac{n(n-1)}{2!} u^{n-2}V'' + \dots$$

$$w_2^n = y^{n+1}(-2x) + ny^n(-2) + \frac{n(n-1)}{2!} y^{n-1}(0)$$

$$w_2^n = -2xy^{n+1} - 2ny^n$$

$$u^0 = y' \quad v = -1 \\ u^1 = y'' \quad v' = 0 \\ u^n = y^{n+1}$$

$$w_3^n = y^{n+1}(-1) + 0 = -y^{n+1}$$

$$w_4^n = -2y \quad u = y, \quad v = -2 \\ u' = y' \quad v' = 0 \\ u^n = y^n$$

$$w_4^n = -2y^n$$

Adding all results

$$w_1^n + w_2^n + w_3^n + w_4^n = y^{n+2} - 2xy^{n+1} - 2y^n(y^{n+1}) \\ - 2y^n = 0$$

$$y^{n+2} - 2xy^{n+1} - 2y^n - y^{n+1} - 2y^n = 0$$

$$y^{n+2} = 2xy^{n+1} + 2y^n + y^{n+1} + 2y^n$$

$$y^{n+2} = (2x+1)y^{n+1} + 2(n+1)y^n$$

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2) $y = xc^3 e^{4x}$

$$y^{(5)} = ?$$

$$u = e^{4x} \quad v = xc^3$$

$$u' = 4e^{4x} \quad v' = 3x^2$$

$$u'' = 16e^{4x} \quad v'' = 6x$$

$$u''' = 64e^{4x} \quad v''' = 6$$

$$v^{(4)} = 0$$

$$y^n = u^n v + n u^{n-1} v' + \frac{n(n-1)}{2!} u^{n-2} v^2 + \frac{n(n-1)(n-2)}{3!} u^{n-3} v^3$$

$$y^n = 4^n e^{4x} x^3 + n 4^{n-1} e^{4x} 3x^2 + \frac{n(n-1) 4^{n-2} e^{4x} 6x}{2!} +$$

$$\frac{n(n-1)(n-2)}{6} \times 4^{n-3} e^{4x} 6$$

$$y^n = 4^n e^{4x} x^3 + n 4^{n-1} e^{4x} 3x^2 + n(n-1) 4^{n-2} 3x + n(n-1)(n-2) 4^{n-3} e^{4x}$$

$$y^n = 4^{n-3} e^{4x} [4^3 x^3 + n 4^{n-2} 3x^2 + n(n-1) 4x 3x + n(n-1)(n-2)]$$

$$y^5 = 4^{5-3} e^{4x} [64x^3 + n 48x^2 + n(n-1) 12x + n(n-1)(n-2)]$$

$$y^5 = 4^{5-3} e^{4x} [64x^3 + 5(118)x^2 + 5(4)12x + 5(4)(3)]$$

$$y^5 = 16e^{4x} [64x^3 + 240x^2 + 240x + 60]$$

$$\therefore y^5 = [1024e^{4x} x^3 + 3840x^2 e^{4x} + 3840x e^{4x} + 960e^{4x}]$$

