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Dept: Computer ENGR

Course: EUG381

1) $y = e^{2x+x^2}$

Using the Chain rule

$$y = e^u, \quad dy/du = e^u$$

$$u = 2x+x^2, \quad \frac{du}{dx} = 1+2x$$

$$\frac{dy}{du} \times \frac{du}{dx} = (2x+1)e^u$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = (2x+1)e^{(2x+x^2)}$$

$$\therefore y' = (2x+1)(e^{(2x+x^2)})$$

$$y'' = \left(\frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} \right) = (2x+1)(2x+1)e^{2x+x^2} + 2(e^{2x+x^2})$$

$$y'' = (2x+1)(2x+1)e^{2x+x^2} + 2(e^{2x+x^2})$$

where

$$e^{2x+x^2} = y$$

and $y'' = y'(2x+1) + 2y$ proven

b) $y'' = y'(2x+1) + 2y$

$$y'' - y'(2x+1) - 2y = 0$$

Using Leibnitz theorem

$$W_1^n = y'', \quad v_1 = 1, \quad u^0 = y''$$

$$v_1 = 2, \quad u^n = y^{n+2}$$

$$W_1^n = u^n v + n u^{n-1} v' + n(n-1) u^{n-2} v'' + \dots$$

2!

$$\therefore W_1^n = y^{n+2}$$

Expanding $-ey^{n+1}$

$$W_2^n = -2xy'$$

$$W_3 = \cancel{2x} - y'$$

$$W_2^n = -2xy'$$

$$V^{(0)} = -2x, \quad U = y'$$

$$V' = -2, \quad U' = y''$$

$$V'' = 0, \quad -U'' = y^{n+1}$$

$$W_2^n = U^n + nU^{n-1}V' + \frac{n(n-1)}{2!}U^{n-2}V'' + \dots$$

$$W_2^n = y^{n+1}(-2x) + \frac{n(n-1)}{2!}y^{n-1}(-2) + \dots$$

$$W_2^n = -2xy^{n+1} - 2ny^n$$

$$W_3^n = -y'$$

$$U^0 = y', \quad V = -1$$

$$U' = y'', \quad V' = 0$$

$$U^n = y^{n+1}$$

$$W_3^n = y^{n+1}(-1) + 0 = -y^{n+1}$$

$$W_4^n = -2y$$

$$U = y, \quad V = -2$$

$$U' = y', \quad V' = 0$$

$$U^n = y^n$$

$$W_4^n = -2y^n$$

Adding

$$W_1^n + W_2^n + W_3^n + W_4^n = y^{n+2} - 2xy^{n+1} - 2xy^n - y^{n+1} - 2y^n = 0$$

$$y^{n+2} + 2xy^{n+1} - 2xy^n - y^{n+1} - 2y^n = 0$$

$$y^{n+2} = 2xy^{n+1} - 2xy^n + y^{n+1} + 2y^n$$

$$y^{n+2} = (2x+1)y^{n+1} + 2(n+1)y^n \Rightarrow \text{Proven}$$

2) Determine $y^{(5)}$ if $y = x^3 e^{4x}$

Solu

$$y = x^3 e^{4x}$$

$$u = x^3 e^{4x}$$

$$v = x^3$$

$$u' = 4x^3 e^{4x}$$

$$v'' = 3 \cdot 2x^2$$

$$u'' = 16x^3 e^{4x}$$

$$v''' = 6x$$

$$u^{(4)} = 4^4 e^{4x}$$

$$v^{(4)} = 0$$

~~$$y = u^n v^2 + n u^{n+1}$$~~

~~$$y = 4^n e^{4x} x^3 + n 4^{n-1} e^{4x} 3x^2 + n(n-1) 4^{n-2} e^{4x} 6x + n(n-1)(n-2) 4^{n-3} e^{4x} 6$$~~

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$$= e^{4x} 6x + \frac{n(n-1)(n-2) \cdot 4^{n-3} e^{4x} \cdot 6}{6}$$

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$$y^5 = 16 e^{4x} (64x^3 + 240x^2 + 240x + 60)$$