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## Assignment (2)

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Name:  
Matric:  
Dept:  
Dept:  
Level

OPU1110 · N · GOLDEN  
161ENG071023  
Petroleum Engineering  
300L

## Question (1)

(1)  $f(x) = e^{-0.5x} (4-x) - 2$   
Given initial guess value of  $0.5 = x_0$

Maximum percentage absolute error =  $1E-9$

(i) find the root of the function

Solution  
 $f(x) = (4-x)e^{-0.5x} - 2$

To find the root

when  $x=0$   $f(x) = (4-0)e^{-0.5(0)} - 2 = 2$

when  $x=1$ ,  $f(x) = (4-1)e^{-0.5(1)} - 2 = -0.180408$

To find  $f'(x)$ ;  $f(x) = e^{-0.5x} (4-x) - 2$   
 $= 4e^{-0.5x} - xe^{-0.5x} - 2$

$f'(x) \Rightarrow$  Using Product rule

$$f'(x) \Rightarrow \frac{d}{dx} [e^{-0.5x} (4-x)] - \frac{d}{dx} [2]$$

$$= e^{-0.5x} \frac{d}{dx} (4-x) + (4-x) \cdot \frac{d}{dx} (e^{-0.5x})$$

$$= e^{-0.5x} (-1) + (4-x) \cdot (-0.5e^{-0.5x})$$

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$$= -e^{-0.5x} + (4-x) \cdot -0.5e^{-0.5x}$$

$$= 4(-0.5e^{-0.5x}) + x(0.5e^{-0.5x}) - e^{-0.5x}$$

$$= x \cdot 0.5e^{-0.5x} - 2e^{-0.5x} - e^{-0.5x}$$

$$f'(x) = 0.5xe^{-0.5x} - 3e^{-0.5x}$$

$$f'(x) = e^{-0.5x}(0.5x - 3)$$

Using Newton-Raphson's method

$$x_{n+1} = x_n - \frac{f(x_n)}{f'(x_n)}$$

Recall:

$$\sim \text{Percentage absolute error} = \left[ \frac{x_{n+1} - x_n}{x_{n+1}} \right] \times 100\%$$

For the first iteration;

$$\text{Let } x_n = 0.5 = x_0$$

$$f(x_0) = (4 - 0.5)e^{-0.5(0.5)} - 2$$

$$f(x_0) = 0.7258027407$$

$$f'(x_0) = e^{-0.5(0.5)} [(0.5 \times 0.5) - 3]$$

$$= -2.141702158$$

$$\therefore x_{n+1} = 0.5 - \frac{0.7258027407}{-2.141702158}$$

$$\% \text{ Absolute Error} = \left[ \frac{0.888890606 - 0.5}{0.888890606} \right] \times 100\%$$

$$= 40.39747299\%$$

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for the second iteration

$$\text{Let } x_n = 0.838890606 = x_1$$

$$f(x_1) = (4 - 0.838890606) e^{-0.5(0.838890606)} - 2$$

$$f(x_1) = 0.07814929794$$

$$f'(x_1) = e^{-0.5(0.838890606)} [(0.5 \times 0.838890606) - 3]$$

$$f'(x_1) = -1.696486032$$

$$\therefore x_{n+1} = 0.838890606 - \left[ \frac{0.07814929794}{-1.696486032} \right]$$

$$x_{n+1} = 0.8849560003$$

$$\begin{aligned} \% \text{ absolute error} &= \left[ \frac{0.8849560003 - 0.838890606}{0.8849560003} \right] \times 100\% \\ &= 5.205388094\% \end{aligned}$$

for the 3rd iteration;

$$\text{Let } x_n = 0.8849560003 = x_2$$

$$f(x_2) = (4 - 0.8849560003) e^{-0.5(0.8849560003)} - 2$$

$$f(x_2) = 0.00123657519$$

$$f'(x_2) = e^{(-0.5 \times 0.8849560003)} [(0.5 \times 0.8849560003) - 3]$$

$$f'(x_2) = -1.643060762$$

$$\therefore x_{n+1} = 0.8849560003 - \left[ \frac{0.00123657519}{-1.643060762} \right]$$



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$$x_{n+1} = 0.885708605$$

$$\% \text{ Absolute error} = \left[ \frac{0.885708605 - 0.8849860003}{0.885708605} \right] \times 100\%$$
$$= 0.08497203912\%$$

for the fourth iteration 4;

$$\text{Let } x_n = 0.885708605 = x_3$$

$$f(x_3) = (4 - 0.885708605)e^{-0.5(0.885708605)} - 2$$

$$f(x_3) = 3.23521411 \times 10^{-7}$$

$$f'(x_3) = e^{(-0.5 \times 0.885708605)} [(0.5 \times 0.885708605) - 3]$$

$$f'(x_3) = -1.642200929$$

$$\therefore x_{n+1} = 0.885708605 - \left[ \frac{3.23521411 \times 10^{-7}}{-1.642200929} \right]$$

$$x_{n+1} = 0.885708802$$

$$\% \text{ Absolute error} = \left[ \frac{0.885708802 - 0.885708605}{0.885708802} \right] \times 100\%$$
$$= 2.224261187 \times 10^{-5}\%$$

for the fifth iteration

$$x_n = 0.885708802 = x_4$$

$$f(x_4) = (4 - 0.885708802)e^{-0.5(0.885708802)} - 2$$

$$f(x_4) = 7.851 \times 10^{-12}$$

$$f'(x_4) = e^{(-0.5 \times 0.885708802)} [(-0.5 \times 0.885708802) - 3]$$

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Continuation of the fifth Iteration  
 $f'(x_4) = -1.642200704$

$$x_{n+1} = 0.885708802 - \left[ \frac{2.851 \times 10^{-12}}{-1.642200704} \right]$$

$$x_{k+1} = 0.885708802$$

$$\% \text{ Absolute error} = \left[ \frac{0.885708802 - 0.885708802}{0.885708802} \right] \times 100\%$$

$$\% \text{ Absolute error} = 0\%$$