

1. Given that  $f = x^2i + (3x+2)j + \sin xk$  is length of  $f$ .  
find (a)  $\frac{df}{dx}$  (b)  $\frac{d^2f}{dx^2}$  (c)  $\left| \frac{df}{dx} \right|$  at  $x=1$

Solution

$$a) \frac{df}{dx} = 2xi + (3)j + \cos xk$$

$$\therefore \frac{df}{dx} = 2xi + 3j + \cos xk$$

$$b) \frac{d^2f}{dx^2} = 2i - \sin xk$$

$$c) \left| \frac{df}{dx} \right| = \sqrt{(2x)^2 + (3)^2 + (\cos x)^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{4x^2 + 9 + \cos^2 x}$$

$$\text{At } x=1 \Rightarrow \sqrt{4(1)^2 + 9 + \cos^2 1}$$

$$= \sqrt{4+9+0.999}$$

$$= \sqrt{13.999} = 3.74$$

$$d) \frac{d}{dx} (f \cdot f) \Rightarrow (f \cdot f) = [(2x)^2 + (3+2)^2 + \sin^2 x] \cdot$$

$$[2x^2i + (3+2)j + \sin xk]$$

$$= 2^4 + (9x^2 + 6x + 6x + 6x + 6x) + \sin^2$$

$$= 2^4 + 9x^2 + 12x + 4 + \sin^2$$

$$\therefore \frac{d}{dx} (f \cdot f) = 4x^3 + 18x + 12 + 2 \sin x \cos x$$

$$+ 2 \sin x \cos x$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} (f \cdot f) = 4(1)^3 + 18(1) + 12 + 2 \sin(1) \cos(1)$$

$$= 4 + 18 + 12 + 0.035$$

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$$\Rightarrow 34.035$$

2) if  $r = (t^2 + 3t)j - 2\sin 3tj + 3e^{2t}k$ . Determine  $\left| \frac{d^2r}{dt^2} \right|$  at  $t=0$

Solution

a)  $\frac{dr}{dt} = (2t+3)j - 6\cos 3tj + 6e^{2t}k$

b)  $\frac{d^2r}{dt^2} = 2i + 18\sin 3tj + 12e^{2t}k$

c)  $\left| \frac{d^2r}{dt^2} \right|$  at  $t=0$

$$\begin{aligned} \therefore r &= 2i + [18\sin(3)(0)]j + 12e^{2(0)}k \\ &= 2i + 18\sin 0j + 12e^0k \\ &= 2i + 18(0)j + 12(1)k \\ &= 2i + 12k \end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore \left| \frac{d^2r}{dt^2} \right| = \sqrt{(2)^2 + (12)^2}$$

$$\left| \frac{d^2r}{dt^2} \right| = \sqrt{4 + 144} = \sqrt{148} = 12.17$$