

Aron Anthony A

17/ENAO21012

Computer Engineering

1). Define differential equation and give examples

Differential equation is defined as the relation between independent variable and dependent variable and one or more derivative of the dependent variable with respect to the independent variable.

$$- \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} - \sin x = y^2 + 2$$

$$- \sin x \frac{dy}{dx} - 8 = 10y$$

2). An expression has been obtained for an engineering system to be as given in equation (1)

$$y = Ae^{-4x} + Be^{-6x} \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

i) What is the order of the differential equation that can be formed from the expression.

--- Second order differential equation

ii) Give a reason for your answer

--- This is because the expression is a function containing two arbitrary constant.

iii) Form the differential equation

from the expression

$$y = Ae^{-4x} + Be^{-6x} \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

$$dy/dx = -4Ae^{-4x} + 6Be^{-6x} \quad \text{--- (2)}$$

$$d^2y/dx^2 = 16Ae^{-4x} + 36Be^{-6x} \quad \text{--- (3)}$$

From equation (2)

$$-4Ae^{-4x} = dy/dx + 6Be^{-6x}$$

$$4Ae^{-4x} = [dy/dx + 6Be^{-6x}]$$

$$4Ae^{-4x} = -dy/dx - 6Be^{-6x}$$

$$A = \left[\frac{-dy}{dx} - 6Be^{-6x} \right] \cdot \frac{1}{4e^{-4x}} \quad \text{--- (4)}$$

from equation (3) and put A.

$$d^2y/dx^2 = 16Ae^{-4x} + 36Be^{-6x}$$

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = 16 \left[\left(\frac{-dy}{dx} - 6Be^{-6x} \right) \cdot \frac{1}{4e^{-4x}} \right] e^{-4x} + 36Be^{-6x}$$

$$= 4 \left[\frac{-dy}{dx} - 6Be^{-6x} \right] + 36Be^{-6x}$$

$$= -4 \frac{dy}{dx} - 24Be^{-6x} + 36Be^{-6x}$$

$$= -4 \frac{dy}{dx} + 12Be^{-6x}$$

$$\therefore B = \left[\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 4 \frac{dy}{dx} \right] \cdot \frac{1}{12e^{-6x}} \quad \text{--- (5)}$$

Put B in equation (4)

$$A = \left(\frac{-dy}{dx} - 6Be^{-6x} \right) \cdot \frac{1}{4e^{-4x}}$$

$$= \left(\frac{-dy}{dx} - 6 \left[\left(\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 4 \frac{dy}{dx} \right) \cdot \frac{1}{12e^{-6x}} \right] \cdot e^{-6x} \right) \cdot \frac{1}{4e^{-4x}}$$

$$= \left[\frac{-dy}{dx} - \left[\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 4 \frac{dy}{dx} \right] \frac{1}{2} \right] \frac{1}{4e^{-4x}}$$

$$A = \frac{-dy}{dx} - \left[\frac{1}{2} \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 2 \frac{dy}{dx} \right] \cdot \frac{1}{4e^{-4x}}$$

$$= \left[\frac{1}{dx} - \frac{1}{2} \frac{d^2}{dx^2} \right] \cdot \frac{1}{4e^{-4x}}$$

$$= \left[\frac{1}{dx} - \frac{1}{2} \frac{d^2}{dx^2} - \frac{2}{dx} \right] \cdot \frac{1}{4e^{-4x}}$$

$$= \left[-\frac{3}{dx} - \frac{1}{2} \frac{d^2}{dx^2} \right] \cdot \frac{1}{4e^{-4x}} \quad \text{--- (6)}$$

Put equation (6) and (5) in (1)

$$y = Ae^{-4x} + Be^{-6x}$$

$$= \left[\left(-\frac{3}{dx} - \frac{1}{2} \frac{d^2}{dx^2} \right) \cdot \frac{1}{4e^{-4x}} \right] e^{-4x} + \left[\left(\frac{d^2}{dx^2} + \frac{4}{dx} \right) \cdot \frac{1}{12e^{-6x}} \right] e^{-6x}$$

$$= \left(-\frac{3}{4} \frac{dy}{dx} - \frac{1}{4} \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} \right) + \left(\frac{1}{12} \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} + \frac{1}{3} \frac{dy}{dx} \right)$$

$$= \left(-\frac{3}{4} \frac{dy}{dx} + \frac{1}{3} \frac{dy}{dx} \right) - \frac{1}{8} \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} + \frac{1}{12} \frac{dy}{dx}$$

$$= \frac{-5}{12} \frac{dy}{dx} - \frac{1}{24} \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2}$$

$$y = \frac{1}{12} \left[-5 \frac{dy}{dx} - \frac{1}{2} \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} \right]$$